# **Genesis history** content by Frank DeRemer, Ph.D.

## creator, maker, cosmos

### **December 17**

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### **Hebrews**

[The letter to the Hebrews was written in Italy (13:24b) to dispersed Jewish through whom also Christians. The author is unknown. although Apollos, Barnabas, Luke, and Prisca-Aquila, are candidates or Paul, but it does not seem to be his style and he was not reluctant to sign and upholding his letters. The high Greek used here is comparable to that used by Luke in his gospel and the Acts, and the reasoning reminds one of Paul, so perhaps sat down  $[\downarrow chain link to occurrences]$ Luke was writing following the many sermons he had heard during his travels with Paul. The date of the letter is having become also unknown, but it was certainly before the destruction of the temple in He has obtained<sup>2</sup> AD 70, as it presupposes that sacrifices were still being offered there (e.g., see 5:1-3, 8:3-5, 9:6-13, 13:10). All OT quotes in this letter are from the Greek **Proof from Scripture** Septuagint (LXX), but the boxed quo- For to which of the angels tations here are of the NKJ, which is from the Masoretic (Hebrew) text.]

[Steve Gregg: Intro. Part 1, 2]

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Hebrews 1 God's Son Seated at God's Side. Greater Than the Angels [Steve Gregg: Heb 1] 1:1¶ God. who at various times and in various ways spoke in time past to the fathers by the prophets, 2 has spoken<sup>1</sup> in these last days to us by *His* Son, whom He has appointed heir of all things, He made the worlds [Gr. aion]; 3 who being the brightness of *His* glory and the express image of His person, all things by the word of His power, when He had by Himself purged our sins, at the right hand of the Majesty on high, 4¶ so much better than the angels, as by inheritance a more excellent name than they. 5 did He ever say: [re the resurrection: Acts 13:33-34]

NKJ: "has in these last days spoken". <sup>2</sup> NKJ: "has by inheritance obtained".

"You are My Son, Today I have begotten You"? **Psalm 2:7 (-9)** I will declare the decree: Yнwн has said to Me, 'You *are <mark>My Son</mark>,* **Today** I have begotten **You**. 8 Ask of Me, and I will give *You* The nations for Your inheritance, And the ends of the lands [earth] for Your possession. 9 You shall break them with a rod of iron: You shall dash them to pieces like a potter's vessel.' And again: "I will be to Him a Father, And He shall be to Me a Son"? 6 2Samuel 7:14a || 1Chronicles 17:13 I will be his Father, and he shall be My son. But when He again brings the firstborn into the world, He says: "Let all the angels of God worship Him." 7 **Deuteronomy 32:43** [LXX adds this to start v43] Rejoice, ye heavens, with him, and Let all the angels of God worship Him. Rejoice, O Gentiles, *with* His people; For He will avenge the blood of His servants, and render vengeance to His adversaries; He will provide atonement for His land and His people."

And of the angels He says:

"Who makes His angels spirits And His ministers a flame of fire." 8 **Psalm 104:4** Who makes His angels spirits, His ministers a flame of fire. But to the Son *He* says: "Your throne, O God, is forever and ever: A scepter of righteousness *is* the scepter of Your Kingdom. 9 You have loved righteousness and hated lawlessness; Therefore God, Your God, has anointed You With the oil of gladness more than Your companions." 10 Psalm 45:6-7 Your throne, O God, is forever and ever: A scepter of righteousness is the scepter of Your kingdom. 7 You love righteousness and hate wickedness; Therefore God, Your God, has anointed You With the oil of gladness more than Your companions. And: "You, YHWH, in the beginning laid the foundation of the land [earth]. And the heavens are the work of Your hands. 11 They will perish, but You remain ; And they will all grow old like a garment; 12 Like a cloak You will fold them up, And they will be changed. But You are the same, And Your years will not fail." 13

Psalm 102:25-27 Of old You laid the foundation of the land [earth]. And the heavens *are* the work of Your hands. 26 They will perish, but You will endure; Yes, they will all grow old like a garment: Like a cloak You will change them, And they will be changed. 27 But You *are* the same, And Your years will have no end. But to which of the angels has He ever said: "Sit at My right hand, Till I make Your enemies Your footstool"? 14 Psalm 110:1 YHWH said to my Lord [Adonai], "Sit at My right hand, Till I make Your enemies Your footstool." Are they not all ministering [servant] spirits sent forth to minister for [serve] those who will inherit salvation? [Steve Gregg: Heb 2] Hebrews 2 Warning against Drifting Away 2:1 Therefore we must give the more earnest heed to the things we have heard, lest we drift away [not UES: unconditional eternal security]. 2 For if the word spoken through angels [messengers] proved steadfast, and every transgression and disobedience received a just reward. 3 how shall we escape if we neglect so great a salvation, which at the first began to be spoken by the Lord, and

was confirmed to us by those who heard *Him* [the apostles, eye-witnesses], 4

God also bearing witness both with signs and wonders with various miracles and gifts of the Holy Spirit. according to His own will? Jesus the Man For He has not put the world to come, of which we speak, in subjection to angels. 6 But one testified in a certain place. saving: "What is man that You are mindful of him, Or the son of man that You take care of him? 7 You have made him a little lower than the angels: You have crowned him with glory and honor, And set him over the works of Your hands. 8 You have put all things in subjection under his feet." **Psalm 8:4-6** What is man that You are mindful of him, and the son of man that You visit him? 5 For You have made him a little lower than the angels, and You have crowned him with glory and honor. 6 You have made him to have dominion over the works of **Your** hands; You have put all *things* under his feet.

5 ¶

For in that He put all in subjection under him. He left nothing *that is* not put under him. But now we do not yet see all things put under him. 9 But we see Jesus, who was made a little lower than the angels, for the suffering of death, crowned with glory and honor, that He. by the grace of God, might taste death for everyone. 10¶ For it was fitting for Him [God], for whom *are* all things and by whom *are* all things, in bringing many sons to glory, to make the captain of their salvation perfect through sufferings. 11 For both He [Jesus] who sanctifies and those who are being sanctified are all of one [body (of Christ)], for which reason He [Jesus] is not ashamed to call them brethren. 12 saving: "I will declare Your name to My brethren: In the midst of the assembly I will sing praise to You." 13 **Psalm 22:22** I will declare Your name to My brethren; In the midst of the assembly praise You I will And again: "I will put My trust in Him." And again: "Here am I and the children [remnant] whom God has given Me."

Isaiah 8:17c-18a, starting at 16 Bind up the testimony. Seal the law among my disciples. 17 And I will wait on YHWH. Who hides His face from the house of Jacob; And I will hope in Him. 18 Here am I and the children [remnant] whom YHWH has given me! We are for signs and wonders in Israel From YHWH of hosts. Who dwells in Mount Zion. 14¶ Inasmuch then as the children [remnant] have partaken of flesh and blood, He Himself likewise shared in the same, that through death He might destroy him [Satan] who had the power of death, that is, the devil, 15 and release those who through fear of death were all their lifetime subject to bondage. 16 For indeed [God:] He does not give aid to angels, but He does give aid to the Seed [seed] of Abraham. 17 Therefore. in all things [Jesus, the Seed:] He had to be made like *His* brethren, that He might be a merciful and faithful High Priest in things *pertaining* to God, to make propitiation [atonement, reconciliation] for the sins of the people. 18

For in that He Himself has suffered, being tempted. He is able to aid those who are tempted.

[Steve Gregg: Heb 3]

#### Hebrews 3

Jesus is Greater Than Moses 3:1 Therefore, holy brethren, partakers of the heavenly calling, consider the Apostle [Sent One] and High Priest of our confession, Christ Jesus, 2 who was faithful to Him who appointed Him, as Moses also was faithful in all His house. 3 For this One has been counted worthy of more glory than Moses. inasmuch as He who built the house has more honor than the house. 4 For every house is built by someone, but He who built all things is God. 5 And Moses indeed was faithful in all <mark>His</mark> house as a servant. for a testimony of those things **that** would be spoken *afterward*, 6 but Christ as a Son over His own house. whose house we are if we hold fast the confidence and the rejoicing

of the hope firm to the end [of our lives]. [*if not*: Not UES; cf. v14]

7¶ Therefore, as the Holy Spirit says: "Today, if you will hear His voice: 8 Do not harden vour hearts as in the rebellion. \_\_\_\_ in the day of trial in the wilderness, 9 Where your fathers tested Me. tried Me, And saw My works forty [40] years, 10 therefore, I was angry with that generation, And said. 'They always go astray in *their* heart\_, And they have not known My ways.' 11 So I swore in My wrath, **Psalm 95:7-11** For He is our God, And we are the people of His pasture, And the sheep of His hand. Today, if you will hear His voice: 8 "Do not harden your hearts, as in the rebellion. As *in* the day of trial in the wilderness, 9 When your fathers tested Me; They tried Me, though they saw My work\_. 10 For forty [40] years, was grieved with *that* generation, And said. 'It *is* a people who go astray in their hearts, And they do not know My ways.' 11

So I swore in My wrath, 'They shall not enter My rest.""

#### Warning against Departing God

Beware, brethren, lest there be in any of you an evil heart of unbelief [result*ing* in departing from the living God [not UES]; 13 but exhort one another any of you be hardened through the deceitfulness of sin. 14 For we have end of Day 6: Ge 1:31-2:11. 4 become partakers of Christ

— if we hold the beginning of our confidence steadfast to the end [*if not*: Not UES: cf. v6], 15 while it is said *[Ps 95:7d-8a]*: "Today, if you will hear His voice: Do not harden your hearts as in the rebellion, ...." 16 For who, having heard, rebelled? 'They shall not enter My rest." 12 Indeed, was it not all who came out of Egypt, *led* by Moses? 17 Now with whom was He angry forty [40] years? Was it not with those who sinned. whose corpses fell in the wilderness? 18 And to whom did He swear that **they would not enter His rest**, but to those who did not obey? 19 So we see that they [who were saved from Egypt] could not enter in because of unbelief.

#### [Steve Gregg: Heb 4]

#### Hebrews 4

Promised **Rest** for God's People

4:1 ¶ Therefore, since a promise remains of entering His rest, let us fear lest any of you seem to have come short of it *[not UES].* 2 For indeed the gospel was preached to us as well as to them; but the word that they heard did not profit them, not being mixed with faith in

those who heard *it*. <sup>3</sup> For we who have believed **do enter that rest**, as He has said [*Ps 95:11*]: "So I swore in My wrath.

**'They shall not enter** My rest'", daily, while it is called "Today", lest although the works were finished from the foundation of the world [as of the For He [God (hence, by implication, the author of the creation account)] has spoken in a certain place of the seventh  $[7^{th}]$  day in this way: "And God rested on the seventh  $7^{th}$  day from all His works"; 5 Genesis 2:2 And on the seventh  $(7^{th})$  day God ended His work that He had done. And He rested on the seventh  $[7^{th}]$  day from all His work that He had done. and again in this *place* [*Ps* 95:11b]:

"They shall not enter My rest." 6

Since therefore it remains that some *must* enter it, and those to whom it was first preached **did not enter** because of disobedience, 7 again He designates a certain day, saying in David, "Today," after such a long time, as it has been said [Ps 95:7d-8a]:

**Today**, if you will hear His voice: Do not harden your hearts" 8 For if Joshua had given them rest, then He would not afterward have spoken of another day. 9

#### [Kev point:]

There remains therefore a rest for the **people of God**. 10 For he *[one]* who has entered His [God's] rest has himself Hebrews 4:14... also ceased from his *[own]* works as God *did* from His *[works]*. *[It is a "done"* Seeing then that we have deal": we entered His rest by faith, so no further works are necessary for salvation. However, works of obedience (vv6,11), "works befitting repentance" let us hold fast our confession. 15 are still required: Acts 26:20. We are For we do not have a High Priest now working to please our master, not working to be saved.]

<sup>11</sup>¶ Let us therefore be diligent to enter that rest, lest anyone [of you] fall according to the same example of disobedience [as the Israelites "saved" from Egypt; not UES]. 12 For the word of God is living and powerful, and sharper than any two-edged sword, piercing even to the division [on the one hand] of soul and spirit, and [on the other hand] of joints and marrow, and is a discerner of the thoughts and intents of the heart. 13 And there is no creature hidden from He can have compassion on those who His sight, but all things *are* naked and open to the eyes of Him to whom we must give account. [In other words, there is no place to hide: one cannot *fake it, for God knows.*<sup>3</sup>]

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### **December 18**

**Christ Our High Priest** a great High Priest [cf. 2:17, 3:1] who has passed through the heavens, Jesus the Son of God. who cannot sympathize with our weaknesses, but [who] was in all points tempted as we are, yet without sin. 16 Let us therefore come boldly to the throne of grace, that we may obtain mercy and find grace to help in time of need. [Steve Gregg: Heb 5] Hebrews 5 5:1 ¶ For every high priest taken from among men is appointed for men in things *pertaining* to God, that he may offer both gifts and sacrifices for sins. 2 are ignorant and going astray, since he himself is also subject to weakness. 3 Because of this he is required, as for the people so also for himself,

to offer sacrifices for sins. 4 And no man takes this honor to himself, but he who is called by God, just as Aaron was. 5 So also Christ did not glorify Himself to become High Priest but *it was* He [God] who said to Him:

"You are My Son, Today I have begotten You." 6 **Psalm 2:7b** [cf. He 1:5] As *He* also says in another *place*: "You *are* a priest forever according to the order of Melchizedek ['king of righteousness']": 7 Psalm 110:4b [Verbatim] who [Jesus], in the days of His flesh. when He had offered up prayers and supplications, with vehement cries and tears to Him who was able to save Him from death, and was heard because of His godly fear, 8 though He was a Son, yet He learned obedience [in weak flesh] by the things **that** He suffered. 9 And having been perfected, He became the author of Eternal salvation to all who obey Him [not to those who only "believe" *in Him:* Ja 2:26], 10 called by God as High Priest "according to the order of Melchizedek", 11

#### A Call to Spiritual Growth

of whom we have much to say, and *[it is]* hard to explain *[difficult to teach voul*, since you have become dull of hearing. 12 For though by this time you ought to be teachers, you need someone to teach you again the first principles of the oracles of God; and you have come to need milk [cf. 1Pe 2:1-3] and

not solid food. 13 For everyone who partakes *only* of milk *is* unskilled in the word of righteousness, for he is a babe. 14 But solid food belongs to those who are of full age, *that is*, those who by reason of use have their senses exercised to discern both good and evil. [Steve Gregg: Heb 6]

#### Hebrews 6

6:1 ¶ Therefore, leaving the discussion of the elementary *principles* of Christ, let us go on to maturity [perfection], not laying again the [6-fold] foundation of repentance from dead works and of faith toward [trusting] God, 2 of the teaching [doctrine] of baptisms, of laying on of hands, of resurrection of the dead, and of Eternal judgment. 3 [cf. Jn 5:21] And this we will do if God permits. 4 For *it is [humanly]* impossible, for those [among you] who were once enlightened, and have tasted the heavenly gift, and have become partakers of the Holy Spirit, 5 and have tasted the good word of God and the powers of the age to come, 6 and have fallen away,  $[NAS^4]$ [cf. Ja 5:19-20; not UES] [for such immature as yourselves: 5:12] to renew them again to repentance, since they crucify again for themselves the Son of God, and put *Him* to an open shame. 7 [But God...]

<sup>4</sup> NKJ: "if they fall away", but the Greek word is *καi* kai: "and", not "if". Highlighting Legend & Latest Notes 5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Still, modern churches seem to be full of such pretending hypocrites, going to church to look good in men's eyes, or thinking it will save them or that that is all that is required of Christians.

#### <u>Mt 19:26c || Mk 10:27c || Lu 18:27b</u>

"... with God all things are possible."

For the land [earth] that drinks in the rain that often comes upon it, and bears herbs useful for those by whom it is cultivated, receives blessing from God; 8 but if it bears thorns and briars, *it is* rejected and near to being cursed, whose end *is* to be burned.

#### John 15:6

If anyone does not abide in Me, he is cast out as a branch [sounds anti-Calvinistic: no longer in Christ the Vine] and is withered; and they gather them and throw them into the fire, and they are burned.

9¶ But, beloved, we are confident of

better things concerning you, yes, things that accompany salvation, though we speak in this manner. 10 For God *is* not unjust to forget your work and labor of love that you have shown toward His name. in that you [have obeyed, are obeying] have ministered to the saints, and do minister. 11 And we desire [two things:] that each one of you show the same diligence to the full assurance of hope until the end [of your life], 12 that you do not become sluggish, but [that you] imitate those who through faith and patience inherit the promises.

Abraham, because He could swear by no one greater, He swore by Himself, 14 saving.  $[ \leftarrow added in the LXX ]$ "Surely, blessing I will bless you, and multiplying I will multiply you." 15 Genesis 22:17 15 **Then the Angel of YHWH called** to Abraham a second time out of heaven, 16 and said: "By Myself I have sworn, says YHWH because you have done this thing, and have not withheld your son, vour only *son* — 17 blessing I will bless you, and multiplying I will multiply your descendants as the stars of the heaven and as the sand **that** is on the seashore; and your descendants shall possess the gate *[representing governance;* cf. Ge 24:60b] of their enemies. 18 In your Seed all the nations of the lands [earth] shall be blessed, because you have obeyed My voice." And so, after he [Abraham] had patiently endured, he obtained [1] the promise. <sup>16</sup> For men indeed swear by the greater *[than themselves]*, and *[2]* an oath for confirmation *is* for them an end of all dispute. 17 Thus God. determining to show more abundantly to the heirs of promise the immutability of His counsel, confirmed *it* by an oath, 18 that, by two [2] immutable things,

God's Promises Bring Hope

13 For when God made a promise to

[*His promise and oath*] in which it *is* impossible for God to lie, we might have strong consolation, who have fled for refuge

to lay hold of [Jesus:]

the hope set before *us.* 19 This *hope* we have as an anchor of the soul, both sure and steadfast, and which *[hope]* enters the *Presence* behind the veil, 20 where *[behind the veil]* the Forerunner has entered for us, *even* Jesus, having become High Priest forever according to the order of Melchizedek.

#### le ofder of Melchizedek

#### [Steve Gregg: Heb 7]

Hebrews 7 Melchizedek Compared to Abraham 7:1¶ For this Melchizedek, [Ge 14:17-20] king of Salem ["peace"], priest of the Most High God, who met Abraham returning from the slaughter of the kings and blessed him, 2 to whom also Abraham gave a tenth part of all, first being translated  $[ \downarrow zedek ]$ "king of righteousness", and then also "king of Salem", meaning "king of peace", 3 without father. without mother. without genealogy, having neither beginning of days nor end of life [no death], but made like *[rendered similar to]* the Son of God. remains a priest continually. 4 [Hence, is, in fact, Christ, *i.e. a Christophany.*]

Now consider how great this man was, to whom even the patriarch Abraham gave a tenth of the spoils. 5 And indeed those who are of the sons of Levi. who receive the priesthood, have a commandment to receive tithes from the people according to the law, that is, from their brethren, though they have come from the loins of Abraham: 6 but he [Melchizedek] whose genealogy is not derived from them received tithes from Abraham and blessed him who had the promises. 7

Now beyond all contradiction the lesser is blessed by the better. 8 Here mortal men receive tithes, but there he [Melchizedek] receives them, of whom it is witnessed that he lives [no death: v3]. 9 Even Levi, who receives tithes, paid tithes through Abraham, so to speak, 10 for he was still in the loins of his father when Melchizedek met him.

11¶ Therefore, if perfection were through the Levitical priesthood (for under it the people received the law), what further need was there that Another Priest should rise according to the order of Melchizedek, and not be called according to the order of Aaron? 12 For the priesthood being changed, of necessity there is also a change of the law. 13 For He [Jesus] of whom these things are spoken belongs to another tribe [Judah], from which no man has officiated at the altar. 14 For *it is* evident that our

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Lord [Jesus] arose from Judah, of which And inasmuch as He was tribe Moses spoke nothing concerning priesthood. 15

#### Christ is Like Melchizedek

And it [the change in law, priesthood] is yet far more evident if, in the likeness of Melchizedek, there arises Another Priest [Christ], 16 who has come, not according to the law of a fleshly commandment, but according to the power of an endless life. 17 For He [God] testifies: "You are a priest forever according to the order of Melchizedek." 18 Psalm 110:4b [Verbatim] For on the one hand there is an annulling of [the Old Covenant:] the former commandment because of its weakness and unprofitableness, 19 for the law made nothing perfect; on the other hand, there is the bringing in of [the New Covenant (v22):] a better hope, through which we draw near to God. 20

not *made priest* without an oath 21 appoints as high priests men (for they [the Levites: v11] have become priests without an oath. but He with an oath by Him who said to Him: "YHWH has sworn and will not relent, 'You *are* a priest forever according to the order of Melchizedek"" Psalm 110:4 [Verbatim] ). 22

by so much more Jesus has become a surety of a better covenant. 23

Also there were many priests, because they were prevented by death from continuing. 24 But He, because He continues forever. has an unchangeable priesthood. 25 Therefore He is also able to save to the uttermost those who come to God through Him, since He always lives to make intercession for them. 26

For such a High Priest was fitting for us, who is holy, harmless, undefiled. separate from sinners, and has become higher than the heavens: 27 who does not need daily. as those high priests, to offer up sacrifices. first for his own sins and then for the people's, for this *[latter]* He did once for all when He offered up Himself. 28

#### For the law

who have weakness,  $[ \downarrow Ps \ 110:4 ]$ but the word of the oath. which came after the law. appoints the Son

who has been perfected forever.

### **December 19**

#### [Steve Gregg: Heb 8]

Hebrews 8 Christ is Our High Priest 8:1¶ Now this is the main point of the things we are saying: We have such a High Priest who is seated at the right hand of the throne of the Majesty in the heavens, 2 a Minister of the sanctuary and of the true tabernacle which the Lord erected. and not man. 3 For every high priest is appointed to offer both gifts and sacrifices. Therefore *it is* necessary that this One also have something to offer. 4 For if He [Jesus] were on land [earth]. He would not be a priest, since there are [already Aaronic] priests who offer the gifts according to the law; 5 For if that first *covenant* had been who serve the copy and shadow of the heavenly things, as Moses was divinely instructed when he was about to make the tabernacle.

For He [YHWH] said, \_\_\_ See \_\_\_\_ *that* you make all things according to the pattern \_\_\_\_\_ shown you on the mountain." **Exodus 25:40** 

And see to it that you make *them* according to the pattern that was shown you on the mountain. **Exodus 26:30** And you shall raise up the tabernacle according to its pattern that you were shown on the mountain.

6¶ But now He [Jesus] has obtained a more excellent ministry, inasmuch as He is also Mediator of a better covenant, which was established on better promises. 7 faultless, then no place would have been sought for a second. 8 Because, finding fault with them, He [YHWH] savs:

"Behold, the days are coming", says YHWH. "<mark>when</mark> I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel and with the house of Judah — 9 not according to the covenant that I made with their fathers in the day when I took them by the hand to lead them out of the land of Egypt; because they did not continue in My covenant, and I disregarded them", says YHWH. 10 "For this *is* the covenant that I will make with the house of Israel after those days [of the old covenant]", savs YHWH: "I will put My laws in their mind and write them on their hearts: and I will be their God, and they shall be My people. 11 None of them shall teach his neighbor, and none his brother, saying, 'Know YHWH', for <u>all shall know Me</u>, from the least of them to the greatest of them. 12 For I will be merciful to their unrighteousness, and their sins and their lawless deeds I will remember no more." 13 In that He says,

#### "A new covenant",

#### He has made the first obsolete.

[2Co 3:11: passing away] Now what is becoming obsolete and growing old *[the "Old Covenant"]* is ready to vanish away [in AD 70] with the even the first covenant had ordinances of the Holy Spirit indicating this: destruction of the crucial centerpiece, the Temple; cf. Da 9:27, Is 35:2d].

Jeremiah 31:31-34 Behold, the days are coming", savs YHWH. "when I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel and with the house of Judah — 32 not according to the covenant that I made with their fathers in the day that I took them by the hand to lead them out of the land of Egypt, My covenant that they broke, though I was a husband to them", says YHWH. 33 "But this *is* the covenant that I will make with the house of Israel after those days [of the old covenant]", savs YHWH: "I will put My law in their minds, and write it on their hearts; and I will be their God, and they shall be My people. 34 No more shall every man teach his neighbor, and every man his brother, saying, 'Know YHWH,' for they all shall know Me, from the least of them to the greatest of them", says YHWH. "For I will forgive their iniquity , and their sin I will remember no more." [Steve Gregg: Heb 9] Hebrews 9 **Old Rules About Worship** 

9:1¶ Then indeed.

divine service and

the earthly sanctuary. 2

we cannot **now** speak in detail.) 6 Now when these things had been thus prepared, the priests always went into the first part [1] of the tabernacle, performing the services. 7 But into the second part [2] the high priest went alone once a vear. not without blood. which he offered for himself and for the people's sins *committed* in ignorance; 8 that the way into the Holiest of All was not yet made manifest while the

For a tabernacle was prepared:

[1] the first *part*, in which *was* 

which is called the sanctuary; 3 and

the golden incense-altar [censer]

overlaid on all sides with gold,

Aaron's rod that budded, and

overshadowing

the mercy seat.

the lampstand,

the table, and

the showbread.

[2] behind the second veil,

which had *[in it]* 

and

the part of the tabernacle

the ark of the covenant

the golden pot

and above it were

(Of these things [cf. Ex 26]

the cherubim of glory

in which were

first tabernacle was still standing [which it did until AD 70]. 9 It was symbolic for the present time [the interim until the Temple's destruction], in which both gifts and sacrifices are offered that cannot make him who performed the service perfect in regard to the conscience — 10 that is called the Holiest of All, 4 [being] concerned only with foods and drinks. various washings, and fleshly ordinances imposed until the time of reformation [AD 30]. 11

Christ is the Perfect Sacrifice that had the manna, But Christ came as High Priest of the good things to come, the tablets of the covenant; 5 with [through, by way of, via] the greater and more perfect tabernacle [Da 9:24f] not made with hands, that is, not of this creation. 12 Not with the blood of goats and calves, but with His own blood He entered the Most Holy Place once, for all, having obtained Eternal redemption. 13 For if the blood of bulls and goats and the ashes of a heifer. sprinkling the unclean, sanctifies for the purifying of the flesh, 14 how much more shall the blood of Christ. who through the Eternal Spirit offered Himself without spot to God, cleanse your conscience from dead works to serve the living God?

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15¶ And for this reason He is the Mediator of the new covenant, by means of [His] death, for the redemption of the transgressions under the first covenant. that those who are called may receive the promise of the Eternal inheritance. 16 For where there is a testament, there must also of necessity be the death of the testator. 17 For a testament is in force after men are dead, since it has no not that He should offer Himself often, power at all while the testator lives. 18 Therefore not even the first *covenant* was dedicated without blood. 19 For -26 He then would have had to suffer when Moses had spoken every precept to all the people according to the law, he took the blood of calves and goats, with water. scarlet wool, and hyssop, and sprinkled both the book itself and all the people, 20 saying, "This is the blood of the covenant that God has commanded you." 21 **Exodus 24:8** And Moses took the blood. sprinkled *it* on the people, and said, "This is the blood of the covenant that YHWH has made with you according to all these words." Then likewise he sprinkled with blood both the tabernacle and all the vessels of the ministry. 22 And according to the law almost all things are purified with blood, and without shedding of blood there is no remission.

23¶ Therefore *it was* necessary that the copies of the things in the heavens should be purified with these, but the heavenly things themselves with better sacrifices than these. 24 For Christ has not entered the holy places made with hands, *which are* copies of the true, but into heaven itself, now to appear [be apparent] in the presence of God for us: 25 as the high priest enters the Most Holy Place every year with blood of another often since the foundation of the world; but now, once at the end of the ages, He has appeared  $[\uparrow the \ last \ age]$ to put away sin [Da 9:24b] by the sacrifice of Himself. 27 And as it is appointed for men to die once. but after this the judgment [trial, result, sentencing; then one serves the sentence], 28 so Christ was offered once to bear the sins of many. To those who eagerly wait for Him, He will appear a second time [hence, the "Second Coming"], apart from sin [for which He died at His "First Coming"], for salvation *[in full, complete]*. [Steve Gregg: Heb 10] Hebrews 10 Christ's Sacrifice Once for All 10:1¶ For the law. having a shadow of the good things to come, and not the very image of the things,

#### can never.

with these same sacrifices, which they offer continually year by year, make those who approach perfect. 2 For then would they not have ceased to be offered? For the worshipers, once purified, would have had no more consciousness of sins. 3 But in those sac*rifices there is a reminder of sins every* year. 4 For *it is* not possible that the blood of bulls and goats could take away sins. 5 Therefore, when He came into the world,

[ + animal]

He said: "Sacrifice and offering You did not desire, But a body You have prepared for Me. 6 In burnt offerings and *sacrifices* for sin You had no pleasure. 7 Then I said, 'Behold, I have come — In the volume of the book it is written of Me — To do Your will, O \_\_ God."" 8

**Psalm 40:6-8** Sacrifice and offering You did not desire; My ears You have opened. Burnt offering and sin offering You did not require. 7 Then I said. "Behold, I \_\_\_\_ come; in the scroll of the book *it is* written of me: 8 I delight to do Your will, O my God, and Your law is within my heart."

First [Previously] saying, "Sacrifice and offering. ... burnt offerings, and *sacrifices*<sup>5</sup> for sin You did not desire. nor had pleasure *in them*" **vv5b-6** [re-ordered, paraphrased] (which are offered according to the law), 9 then He said. "Behold, I have come ... To do Your will. God." 0 **v7** [abbreviated] He takes away the first [covenant] that He may establish the second [covenant]. 10 By that will we have been sanctified through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ once *for all*. 11 And every priest stands ministering daily and offering repeatedly the same sacrifices, which can never take away sins. 12 But this Man, after He had offered one sacrifice for sins forever. sat down at the right hand of God. 13 from that time waiting till His enemies are made His footstool. 14 For by one offering He has perfected forever those who are being sanctified. 15

<sup>5</sup> NKJ: *offerings* ; but it is *sacrifices* in v6. Highlighting Legend & Latest Notes 9 But the Holy Spirit also witnesses to us; let us draw near for after He had said before. 16 " This *is* the covenant that I will make with them after those days [of the old covenant]", says YHWH: I will put My laws into their hearts, and in their minds I will write them", 17 [Apparently the author's own paraphrase of the above LXX quote:] Hebrews 8:10a || Jeremiah 31:33a For this *is* the covenant that I will make with the house of Israel and after those days [of the old...], says YHWH: I will put My laws in \_\_\_\_ their mind and write them on their hearts; [then He adds [Jer 31:34e (above)] "Their sins and their lawless deeds I will remember no more." 18 Hebrews 8:12b [Verbatim]

**Now** where there is remission of these [sins & lawless deeds], there is no longer an [animal: v1] offering for sin.

#### A Call to Persevere

19¶ Therefore, brethren, having boldness

- to enter the Holiest
- by the blood of Jesus, 20
- by a new and living way

that He consecrated for us, through the yeil, that is, His flesh, 21 and

having a High Priest

over the house of God: 22 [the believers in Christ, the body of Christ]

with a true heart in full assurance of faith. having our hearts sprinkled [cleansed] from an evil conscience and our bodies washed with pure water; 23 let us hold fast the confession of our hope without wavering, for He who promised is faithful; 24 let us consider one another in order to stir up love and good works, 25 not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together, as *is* the manner of some. but exhorting one another. and so much the more as you see the Day approaching [AD 70]. 26 For if we sin willfully *[continually]* after we have received the knowledge of the truth, there no longer remains a [animal: v1] sacrifice for sins, 27 but a certain fearful expectation of judgment and fiery indignation that will devour the adversaries. 28 Anyone who has rejected Moses' law dies without mercy "on the testimony of two or three witnesses". 29 **Deuteronomy 17:6 (and 19:15)** Whoever is deserving of death shall be put to death on the testimony of two or three witnesses; he shall not be put to death on the testimony of *[only]* one witness.

Of how much worse punishment, do vou suppose. will he be thought worthy who has trampled the Son of God underfoot. counted the blood of the covenant by which he was sanctified a common thing, and insulted the Spirit of grace? 30 For we know Him who said. **Vengeance** is Mine, I will repay," **Deuteronomy 32:35** Vengeance is Mine, and recompense; Their foot shall slip in *due* time; For the day of their calamity is at hand. And the things to come hasten upon them.' says the Lord [YHWH]. And again, "Yhwh will judge His people." **Deuteronomy 32:36** For YHWH will judge His people And have compassion on His servants, When He sees that *their* power is gone, And no one *remains*, bond or free. 31 It is a fearful thing to fall into the hands of the living God. 32 But recall the former days in which, after you were illuminated, you endured a great struggle with sufferings: 33 partly while you were made a spectacle both by reproaches and tribulations. and partly while you became companions of those who were so treated: 34 for vou [ + sounds like Paul] had compassion on me in my chains, and joyfully accepted the plundering of your goods,

knowing that you have a better and an enduring possession for yourselves in heaven. 35 [The possession is in heaven but we will enjoy it on the new land (earth) in the new heavens] Therefore do not cast away your confidence, which has great reward. 36 For you have need of endurance, so that. after you have done the will of God, you may receive the promise: 37 "For yet a little while, And He who is coming [in judgment] will [surely] come [in AD 70] and will not tarry. 38 **Now** the just shall live by *[his]* faith; But if anyone draws back [not UES], My soul has no pleasure in him." 39 Habakkuk 2:3-4 [quite different] For the vision *is* yet for an appointed time; But at the end it will speak, and it will not lie. Though it tarries, wait for it; Because it will surely come. it will not tarry. 4 Behold the proud, His soul is not upright in him; But the just shall live by his faith. [Cf. <u>Ga 3:11</u>, <u>Ro 1:17</u>]

But we are not of those who draw back *[from salvation]* to perdition *[utter de-struction]*, but of those who believe to the saving of the soul.

### **December 20**

[Steve Gregg: Heb 11]

Hebrews 11 Great Examples of Faith 11:1¶ Now faith is

the substance of things hoped for, the evidence of things not seen. 2 For by it the elders obtained a good testimony. 3

By faith we understand that the worlds were framed by the word of God, so that the things that are seen were not made of things **that** are visible. 4¶

By faith Abel offered to God a more excellent sacrifice than Cain, through which he obtained witness

that he was righteous, [Ge 4:4] God testifying of his gifts; and through it he being dead still speaks. 5 the heirs with him of the same promise;

By faith Enoch was taken away so that he did not see death, "and was not found, because God had taken him";

Genesis	<b>5:24</b>		
And End	och walked	with <mark>God</mark> ;	
and <u>he</u> was not,			
for	God <u>took</u>	him.	

for before he was taken he had this testimony: that he pleased *[walked with]* God. 6

#### But without faith

*it is* impossible to please *Him*, for he who comes to God must believe that He is, and *that* He is a rewarder of those who diligently seek Him. 7

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By faith Noah, being divinely warned of things not yet seen<sup>6</sup>, moved with godly fear, prepared an ark for the saving of his household, by which he condemned the world and became heir of the righteousness **that** is according to faith. 8

By faith Abraham obeyed when he was called [Ge 12:1] to go out to the place that he would receive as an inheritance. And he went out, not knowing where he was going. 9

#### By faith he dwelt

in the land of promise as *in* a foreign country,

dwelling in tents with Isaac and Jacob, [Abe died when J was 15: Ge 25:10b] 10 for he waited for  $[^{\uparrow} Ge \ 12:7a]$ the city that has foundations, whose builder and maker is God. 11 [The New Jerusalem: "city" above chain-links to all references to it.]

By faith Sarah herself also received strength to conceive seed, and she bore a child when she was past the age, because she judged Him faithful who had promised [Ge 18:10b,14b]. 12 Therefore from one man, and him as good as dead, were born *as many* as the stars of the sky in multitude — innumerable as the sand that is by the seashore. 13

<sup>6</sup> Local floods likely had been seen, but not a global flood, as Noah saw.

#### These all died in faith.

not having received the promises, but having seen them afar off, were assured of them. embraced *them*, and confessed that they were strangers and pilgrims on the land [earth]. 14 For those who say such things declare plainly that they seek a homeland. 15 And truly, if they had called to mind

that *land* [*country*] from which they had come out, they would have had opportunity to return. 16 But now they desire a better *[land]*, that is, a heavenly *land* [*country*]. Therefore God is not ashamed to be called their God, for He has prepared a city for them. 17

#### By faith Abraham.

when he was tested, offered up Isaac, and he who had received the promises offered up his only begotten son, 18 of whom it was said. "In Isaac your Seed shall be called," 19 Genesis 21:12 But God said to Abraham, "Do not let it be displeasing in your sight because of the lad or because of your bondwoman. Whatever Sarah has said to you, listen to her voice for in Isaac your Seed shall be called. [Ga 3:16, Ro 9:7b] concluding that God was able

to raise *him* up. even from the dead. from which he also received him [he actually did receive him] in a figurative sense. 20

By faith Isaac blessed Jacob and Esau concerning things to come. 21

IGe 27:18-401

By faith Jacob, when he was dving, blessed each of the sons of Joseph. and worshiped, *leaning* on the top of his staff. 22 [Ge 48:20-22]

By faith Joseph, when he was dying, made mention of the departure of the children of Israel, and gave instructions concerning his bones. 23 [Ge 50:25]

By faith Moses, when he was born, was hidden three [3] months by his parents, because they saw he was a beautiful child; and they were not afraid of the king's command. 24

#### By faith Moses.

when he became of age. refused to be called the son of Pharaoh's daughter, 25 choosing rather to suffer affliction with the people of God than to enjoy the passing pleasures of sin, 26  $[ \downarrow of being a disciple ]$ esteeming the reproach of Christ greater riches than the treasures in Egypt; for he looked [forward] to the reward. 27 By faith he forsook Egypt, not fearing the wrath of the king; for he endured *[persevered]* as seeing [taking heed of] Him who is invisible. 28 By faith he kept the Passover and the sprinkling of blood, lest he who destroyed the firstborn should touch them. 29

By faith they passed through the Red Sea as by dry *land*. whereas the Egyptians, attempting to do so, were drowned. 30

By faith the walls of Jericho fell down after they were encircled for seven [7] days. 31 [Jos 6] [Jos 2:1

By faith the harlot Rahab did not perish with those who did not believe, when she had received the spies with peace.

32¶ And what more shall I say? For the time would fail me to tell of Gideon and Barak and Samson and Jephthah, also of David and Samuel and the prophets: 33 who through faith subdued kingdoms, worked righteousness, obtained promises,  $[ \downarrow Da 6 ]$ stopped the mouths of lions, 34 quenched the violence of fire,  $[\uparrow Da 3]$ 

escaped the edge of the sword, out of weakness were made strong, became valiant in battle. turned to flight the armies of the aliens. 35

Each member of the body of Christ must finish his part of the race for the whole team (body) to be declared as having finished the race.

Women received their dead raised to life again. And others were tortured. not accepting deliverance, that they might obtain a better resurrection. 36 Still others had trial of mockings and scourgings, ves. and of chains and imprisonment. 37 They were stoned, They were sawn in two, were tempted. were slain with the sword. They wandered about in sheepskins and goatskins, being destitute. afflicted. tormented — 38

of whom the world was not worthy. They wandered *in* dens and caves of the land. 39

And all these. having obtained a good testimony through faith, did not receive the promise, 40 God having provided something better for us, that they should not be made perfect [complete] apart from us.

[Steve Gregg: Heb 12:1-12:17] Hebrews 12 A Call to Run with Endurance rounded by so great a cloud of witnesses

*[not observers, but just-listed examples if you are without chastening, if you are without c* of witnesses to **God**'s faithfulness], let us lay aside every weight, and the sin that so easily ensnares, and let us run with endurance the race that is set before us, 2 looking unto Jesus, the author and finisher of our faith, who for the joy that was set before Him endured the cross. despising the shame, and has sat down at the right hand of the throne of God. 3 For consider Him who endured such hostility from sinners against Himself, lest you become weary and discouraged in your souls. 4¶

God's Chastening Yields Fruit You have not yet resisted to [the point of] bloodshed, striving against sin. 5 And in deserts and mountains, [*v* earth] you have forgotten the exhortation that speaks to you as to sons:

> [quoted from the LXX:] "My son, do not despise the chastening of YHWH, Nor be discouraged when you are rebuked by Him; 6 For whom YHWH loves He chastens. And scourges every son whom He receives." 7

If you endure chastening, God deals with you as with sons; 12:1 Therefore we also, since we are sur- for what son is there whom a [good] father does not chasten? 8 But

of which all *[true sons]* have become partakers, then you are illegitimate and not sons. 9 Furthermore. we have had human fathers who corrected us, and we paid *them* respect. Shall we not much more readily be in subjection to the Father of spirits, and *[thereby]* live? 10 For they indeed for a few days chastened us as seemed best to them, but He for *our* profit, that we may be partakers of His holiness. 11

Now no chastening seems to be joyful for the present, but painful: nevertheless, afterward it yields the peaceable fruit of righteousness to those who have been trained by it. 12 Therefore [allusion to Is 35:3] strengthen [among you] the hands that hang down, and the feeble knees. 13 and make straight paths for your feet,

Proverbs 3:11-12 [NKJ] My son, do not despise the chastening of YHWH, Nor detest His correction: 12 For whom YHWH loves He corrects, Just as a father the son *in whom* he delights.

so that what is lame [among you] may not be dislocated, but rather be healed. [i.e., help each other run.]

A Call to Listen to God 14 Pursue *[each and all of you]* peace with all *people*, and holiness. without which no one will see the Lord: 15 looking *[watching, overseeing]* carefully lest anyone fall short of the grace of God; lest any root of bitterness [De 29:18b] springing up cause trouble and by this many become defiled; 16 lest there *be* [among you] any fornicator or profane person like Esau who, for one morsel of food, sold his birthright. 17 For you And know that afterward, when he lever wanted to inherit the blessing. he was rejected, for he found no place for repentance [could not change the consequence of *his prior decision*, though he sought it diligently with tears. [Steve Gregg: Heb 12:18-13:25] ) 22 18¶ For you have not come But to the mountain [*Mt. Sinai*] to M that may be touched to th [i.e., a physical mountain] and that burned with fire, and to ar to blackness and darkness and to th tempest, 19 and the sound of a trumpet and the voice of words, to 🕻 so that those who heard it begged that the word should not be to th spoken to them anymore. 20 (For they could not endure what was

to Je th commanded [quoted from the LXX]: ar

<ul> <li>the mountain, <u>it</u> shall be stoned or shot with an arrow." 21</li> <li><b>Exodus 19:12-13</b> [NKJ]</li> <li>You shall set bounds for the people all around, saying,</li> <li>'Take heed to yourselves that you</li> </ul>	o the betto See Him wl For w Him wl whose whose v yout nov 'Yet or
<ul> <li>the mountain, it shall be stoned or shot with an arrow." 21</li> <li>~ Exodus 19:12-13 [NKJ]</li> <li>You shall set bounds for the people all around, saying,</li> <li>'Take heed to yourselves that you</li> </ul>	betta See Him wl For w Him wl muc if Him wl whose w
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~ Exodus 19:12-13 [NKJ] You shall set bounds for the people all around, saying, 'Take heed to yourselves <i>that</i> you	Him wl For Wim wl muc if Him wl whose w
You shall set bounds for the people all around, saying, 'Take heed to yourselves <i>that</i> you	For W Him wl muc if Him wl whose w out now
all around, saying, 'Take heed to yourselves <i>that</i> you	w Him wl muc it Him wl whose y out nov
'Take heed to yourselves that you	Him wl muc if Him wl whose v out nov
do <i>not</i> go up to the mountain or	muc if Him wl whose v out nov
	it Him wl whose v out nov
touch its base. Whoever touches	Him wl whose v out <mark>nov</mark>
the mountain shall surely be put to	whose v out <mark>nov</mark>
	out <mark>nov</mark>
	<u>'Yet</u> or
When the trumpet sounds long,	the lar
they shall come near the mountain.	Hagga
And so terrifying was the sight <i>that</i>	For th
[even] Moses said,	'Once
"I am exceedingly afraid and	I will
trembling."	the se
<b>Deuteronomy 9:19</b>	I will
For I was afraid of the anger and hot	they
displeasure with which YHWH was	to
angry with you, to destroy you. But	I will
YHWH listened to me at that time also.	says <mark>N</mark>
) 22	Now th
But you have come [ <u>Is 60:14b</u> ]	ind
	hose th
to the <u>city</u> of the living God,	as o hat the
the neavenry Jerusalem,	mat the
to an innumerable [ $\checkmark$ people in the city]	Therefo
company of messengers [angers], 25	sin
to the general assembly and church	ı kingd
	<u>Da 2:4</u>
who are registered in heaven, <i>l</i> to God	let
the Judge of all,	
to the spirits of just men made perfect,24	
to Jesus	
the Mediator of the new covenant,	
and I and	For our
und	

blood of sprinkling that speaks er things than that of Abel. 25

that you do not refuse ho speaks. if they did not escape who refused [↓Mt. Sinai] ho spoke on land [earth], ch more *shall we not escape* f we turn away from [not UES] who *speaks* from heaven, 26 w He has promised, saying, nce more I shake not only nd [earth], but also heaven." 27 ai 2:6 hus says Yhwh of hosts: e more (it *is* a little while) shake heaven and land [earth]. ea and dry ground [land]; 7 and ll shake all nations, and shall come [↓ <mark>Jesus</mark>] o the Desire of All Nations, and ll fill this temple with glory', Yнwн <mark>of hosts</mark>. his, "Yet <mark>once more</mark>", dicates the removal of things that are being shaken, of things that are made, e things **that** cannot be shaken ay remain. 28 ore.

ice we are receiving lom that cannot be shaken. 44; 4:3,32,34; 6:26; 7:14,18,27] us have grace. by which we may serve God acceptably with reverence and godly fear. 29 r God is a consuming fire.

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### **December 21**

Hebrews 13 Concluding Words 13:1¶ Let brotherly love continue. 2

Do not forget to entertain strangers, for by so *doing* some have unwittingly entertained angels [messengers]. 3

voice then shook the land [earth]; Remember the prisoners as if chained with them — those who are mistreated — since you yourselves are in the body [of Christ] also. 4

> Marriage is honorable among all, and the bed undefiled: but

fornicators and adulterers God will judge. 5

Conduct vourselves without covetousness, content with such things as you For He Himself has said have. [through Moses], "I will never leave you nor forsake you." 6 **Deuteronomy 31:7-8** Then Moses called Joshua and said to him in the sight of all Israel, "Be strong and of good courage, for you must go with this people to the land that YHWH has sworn to their fathers to give them, and vou shall cause them to inherit it. 8 And YHWH: He is the one who goes before you. He will be with you. He will not leave you nor forsake you. Do not fear nor be dismayed." [Also, Jos 1:5b: "I will not..."]

So we may boldly say: "YHWH *is* <u>my helper</u>; I will not fear. What can man do to me?" 7 Psalm 118:6

YHWH is on my side; I will not fear. What can man do to me?

Remember those who lead [rule over] you, who have spoken the word of God to you, whose faith follow, considering the outcome of *their* conduct. 8

Jesus Christ is the same yesterday, today, and forever. 9

Do not be carried about with various and strange teachings [doctrines] God is well pleased [apparently about foods]. For it is good that the heart be established Obey those who lead [r

by grace, not

by [with] *[ritual]* foods **that** have not profited those who have been occupied with them. 10

We have an altar from which those who serve the tabernacle *[Temple]* have no right to eat. 11 For the bodies of those animals whose blood is brought into the sanctuary by the high priest for sin are burned <u>outside the camp</u>. 12 *[Ex 29:14; Le 4:12,21, 6:11, 8:17, 9:11, 16:27]* 

Therefore Jesus also, that He might sanctify the people with His own blood, suffered outside the gate. 13 Therefore let us go forth to Him, outside the camp [Judaism], bearing His reproach. 14 For here [in this world, this Judaism] we have no **continuing** city, but we seek the one to come. 15 [The heavenly Jerusalem  $\uparrow$ ] Therefore by Him let us continually offer the sacrifice of praise to God, that is, the fruit of *our* lips, giving thanks to His name. 16 But do not forget to do good and

to share, for with such sacrifices God is well pleased. 17

to you the sooner. 20

Obey those who lead [rule over] you, and be submissive,
for they watch out for your souls, as those who must give account.
Let them do so with joy and not with grief,
for that would be unprofitable for you.
18 Pray for us; for we are confident that we have a good conscience, in all things desiring to live honorably. 19

Now may the God of peace,

who brought up from the dead our Lord Jesus,<sup>7</sup> that great Shepherd of the sheep, through

the blood

of the everlasting covenant, 21 make you complete in every good work to do His will, working in you what is well pleasing in His sight, through Jesus Christ, to whom *be* glory forever and ever. Amen. 22

And I appeal to you, brethren, bear with the word of exhortation, *[that expressed in this letter]* for I have written to you in few words. 23

Know that *our* brother Timothy has been set free [apparently he had been in prison], with whom I shall see you if he comes shortly. 24

Greet

and not with grief, for that would be unprofitable for you. 18 ¶ Pray for us; for we are confident that we have a good conscience, in all all those who lead [rule over] you, and all the saints. Those from Italy greet you. 25 [Hence, apparently written from Italy, perhaps Rome.]

But I especially urge *you* to do this Grace *be* with you all. [*pray; reason:*], that I may be restored Amen.

 <sup>7</sup> NKJ: "who brought up our Lord Jesus from the dead"
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### 1 Peter

[Steve Gregg: Intro. Part 1, 2] [Peter wrote his two letters from Rome (5:13) shortly before his death, which probably occurred in AD 64 during the persecution of Caesar Nero.]

[Steve Gregg: <u>1Pe 1:3-12</u>]

1 Peter 1 Greetings from Peter 1:1¶ Peter. an apostle of Jesus Christ, To the pilgrims of the Dispersion in Pontus. [^ hence, Jews] Galatia, [all 5 in modern Turkey] Cappadocia. Asia, and Bithvnia. 2 elect [hint of the trinity:] according to the foreknowledge of God the Father. in sanctification of the Spirit, for obedience and sprinkling of the blood of Jesus Christ [the Son]: Grace to you and peace be multiplied.

The Hope of Eternal Life <sup>3</sup>¶ Blessed be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who according to His abundant mercy has begotten us again [NET: given us new birth into]

to a living hope through the resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead, 4 to an inheritance incorruptible and undefiled and that does not fade away, reserved in heaven for you, 5 who are kept by the power of God through faith for salvation ready to be revealed in the last time.

6¶

In this you greatly rejoice, though **now** for a little while, if need be. [Ja 1:2-8] you have been grieved by various trials, 7 that the genuineness of your faith, being much more precious than gold that perishes. though it is tested by fire, may be found to praise. honor, and glory at the revelation of Jesus Christ, 8 whom having not seen you love. Though **now** you do not see *Him*. yet believing, you rejoice with joy inexpressible and full of glory, 9 [ *v* ultimate result] receiving the end of your faith the salvation of *your* souls.

10¶ Of this salvation the prophets have inquired and searched carefully, who prophesied of the grace that would come to you, 11 searching what, or what manner of time. the Spirit of Christ [ + 3:19] who was in them [e.g., Noah]

was indicating when He testified beforehand the sufferings of Christ and the glories that would follow. 12 To them it was revealed that. not to themselves but to us. they were ministering the things that now have been reported to you through those who have preached the gospel to you by the Holy Spirit sent from heaven things that angels desire to look into. [Steve Gregg: <u>1Pe 1:13-17</u>] A Call to Holy Living 13¶ Therefore gird up the loins of your mind, be sober, and rest *your* hope fully upon the grace that is to be brought to you at the revelation of Jesus Christ; 14 as obedient children, not conforming yourselves to the former lusts. as in your ignorance; 15 but as He who called you is holy, you also be holy in all your conduct, 16 because it is written, "Be holy, for I am holy." 17 **Leviticus 11:44-45** You shall therefore consecrate yourselves, and [you, my subjects,] you shall be holy. [Reason:] for I [your King] am holy. [Repeat:] Neither shall you defile yourselves with any creeping thing that creeps on the land [earth]. 45 [Reason:]

For I am YHWH *[your King]*, who brings you up out of the land of Egypt, to be your God. You *[my*] *subjects1* shall therefore be holy. [reason:] for I [vour King] am holy. Leviticus 19:1-2 And YHWH spoke to Moses, saying, 2 "Speak to all the congregation of the children of Israel, and say to them: 'You shall be holy, for I YHWH your God [your King] am holy.... Leviticus 20:7 Consecrate yourselves therefore, and be holy, for I *am* YHWH your God [and King]. And if you call on the Father, who without partiality judges according to each one's work. conduct vourselves throughout the time of your stay here in fear; 18 [Steve Gregg: 1Pe 1:18-25] knowing that you were not redeemed with corruptible things, *like* silver or gold, from your aimless conduct received by tradition from your fathers, 19 but with the precious blood of Christ, as of a lamb without blemish and without spot. 20 He indeed was foreordained before the foundation of the world. but was manifest in these last times for you 21 who through Him believe in God, who raised Him from the dead

and gave Him glory,

Since you have purified your souls in obeying the truth through the Spirit in sincere love of the brethren. love one another fervently with a pure heart, 23 having been born again. not of corruptible seed but incorruptible, through the word of God that lives and abides forever, 24¶ because [more like LXX than MT:] "All flesh is as grass, and All the glory of man as the flower of the grass; the grass withers, and its flower falls away, 25 But the word of YHWH endures forever." **Isaiah 40:6-8** The voice said, "Cry out!" "What shall I cry?" And he said, "All flesh is *[like]* grass, and All its loveliness is like the flower of the field: 7 the grass withers, the flower fades , Because the breath of YHWH blows upon it; Surely the people *are* [like] grass: 8 the grass withers. the flower fades But the word of our God stands forever."

**Now** this is the word [message] that by the gospel so that your faith and hope are in God. 22 was preached to you.

### **December 22**

#### [Steve Gregg: <u>1Pe 2:1-10</u>]

1Peter 2 Living Stones for God's House 2:1 Therefore, laying aside all malice. all deceit. hypocrisy, envy, and all evil speaking, 2 as newborn babes, [cf. He 5:11-14] desire the pure milk of the word, that you may grow thereby, 3 if indeed you have tasted that the Lord is gracious. 4 Coming to Him [Jesus] — [as  $to^8$ ] a living stone [viz., cornerstone] rejected indeed by men but chosen by God and precious —, 5 you also, as living stones, are being built up [into] a spiritual house, *[the Church]* a holy priesthood, [believer-doers] to offer up spiritual sacrifices acceptable to God through Jesus Christ. 6

<sup>8</sup> NKJ: *as to*; was added but seems unnecessary with the indentations.

Therefore [quoted much like the LXX] it is also contained in the Scripture: "Behold, I lay in Zion a <u>chief corner</u>stone [Jesus], <u>elect [having been tried]</u>, \_\_precious \_\_\_\_\_,

And he who believes on Him will by no means be put to shame." 7 **Isaiah 28:16** Therefore thus says the Lord YHWH [Adonai YHWH; NKJ: the Lord God]: "Behold, I lay in Zion a stone for a foundation. a tried stone [thus, elected]. a precious cornerstone, a sure foundation: Whoever believes will not act hastily. Therefore. to you who believe, *He is precious*; but to those who are disobedient, "The stone **that** the builders rejected Has become the chief cornerstone," 8 **Psalm 118:22** The stone *that* the builders rejected Has become the chief cornerstone. and "A stone of stumbling and A rock of offense." **Isaiah 8:14** He will be as a sanctuary, but A stone of stumbling and A rock of offense To both the houses of Israel.

As a trap and a snare To the inhabitants of Jerusalem. 15 And many among them shall stumble; They shall fall and be broken, Be snared and taken." They stumble. being disobedient to the word. to which they also were appointed.9 But you [the remnant] are a chosen generation. a royal priesthood, [Je 31:36:] a holy *[set apart]* nation, His own special people, Exodus 19:6 'You have seen what I did to the Egyptians, and *how* I bore you on eagles' wings and brought you to Myself. 5 Now therefore, if you will indeed obey My voice and keep My covenant, then you shall be a special treasure to Me above all people; for all the lands [earth] is Mine. 6 And you shall be to Me [the King] a kingdom of priests and a holy [set apart] nation.' that you may proclaim the praises of Him who called you out of darkness  $\int^{\uparrow}$  "the old man". the body of Adam] into His marvelous Light 10 [ $\uparrow$  "the new man".

 [you, <u>the remnant</u>]
 who once were not a people but now are the people of God,
 who had not obtained mercy but now have obtained mercy. 11

Hosea 1:6 "Call her name Lo-Ruhamah ["no mercy"] For I will no longer have mercy on the house of Israel, But I will utterly take them away. **Hosea 1:9** "Call his name Lo-Ammi ["not My people"] For you *are* not My people, And I will not be your God. **Hosea 2:23** Then I will sow her for Myself in the land [earth], and *Then* I will have mercy on *her who had* not obtained mercy; [*Hebrew: lo ruhamah*] Then I will say to *those* who were not My people, [Hebrew: lo ammi] 'You are My people!' And they shall say, *'You are* my God!'"

[← Many, not all: there was always a remnant who believed]

the body of Christ]

Beloved, *[Steve Gregg:* <u>1Pe 2:11-23</u>] I beg *you* as sojourners and pilgrims, abstain from fleshly lusts [cf. v1], which war against the soul, 12 For what credit *is it* if, having your conduct honorable among the Gentiles, that when they speak against you as [if you were] evildoers, they may, by your good works that they observe, glorify God in the day of visitation. [Ro 13:1-7:] **Respecting People in Authority** 13¶ Therefore submit yourselves to every ordinance of man for the Lord's sake, whether to the king as supreme, 14 or to governors. as to those who are sent by Him for the punishment of evildoers and *for the* praise of those who do good. 15 For this is the will of God: that by doing good you may put to silence the ignorance of foolish men — 16 as free, yet not using liberty as a cloak for vice, but who Himself bore our sins as bondservants of God. 17 Honor all *people*. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honor the king. Instructions to Servants 18 Servants, *be* submissive to *vour* masters with all fear. not only to the good and gentle, but also to the harsh. 19

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For this *is* commendable:

if because of conscience toward God one endures grief. suffering wrongfully. 20 when you are beaten for your faults. you take it patiently? But when you do good and suffer, if you take it patiently, this *is* commendable before God. 21 For to this you were called, because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that you should follow His steps: 22 "Who committed no sin Nor was deceit found in His mouth"; 23 Isaiah 53:9 And they made His grave with the wicked — But with the rich at His death, Because He had done no violence, Nor was any deceit in His mouth. when He was reviled. who. did not revile in return; when He suffered. He did not threaten. but committed *Himself* to Him who judges righteously; 24 in His own body on the tree. - that we. having died to sins, might live for righteousness by whose stripes [cf. Is 53:5d-6a] vou were healed. 25 For you were like sheep going astray, but have **now** returned to the Shepherd and **Overseer** of your [servants'] souls.

Isaiah 53:4-6 Surely He has borne our griefs And carried our sorrows: Yet we esteemed Him stricken, Smitten by God, and afflicted. 5 But He was wounded for our transgressions, *He was* bruised for our iniquities: The chastisement for our peace was upon Him. And by His stripes we are healed. 6 All we like sheep have gone astray; We have turned, every one, to his own way: And YHWH has laid on Him the iniquity of us all. [All through Isaiah, Israel is likened, metaphorically, to a sick man, in need of "healing" for his sins, transgressions, iniquities, etc. Hence, the healing here is of spiritual "disease", not physical.] [← Steve Gregg: 1Pe 2:24-3:7] 1 Peter 3 Instructions to Wives 3:1¶ Wives, likewise, *be* submissive to your own husbands, that even if some do not obey the word, they, without a word, may be won by the conduct of their wives. 2 when they observe your chaste conduct accompanied by fear [respect]. 3 Do not let your adornment be *merely* outward arranging the hair, wearing gold, or

putting on *fine* apparel — 4 rather let it be the hidden person of the heart, with the incorruptible *beauty* of a gentle and quiet spirit, which is very precious in the sight of God. 5 For in this manner, in former times, the holy women who trusted in God also adorned themselves, being submissive to their own husbands. 6 as Sarah obeyed Abraham, calling him lord, [cf. Ge 18:12] whose daughters you are --- if you do good and [or  $\uparrow$  when] are not afraid with any terror. Instructions to Husbands 7 Husbands, likewise, dwell with them

with understanding. giving honor to the wife, as to the weaker vessel, and as *being* heirs together of the grace of life, that your prayers may not be hindered. [Steve Gregg: 1Pe 3:8-22] Instructions to All Christians 8¶ Finally, all of you [ + 1Co 1:10-13] be of one mind ["I am of Christ"], having compassion for one another: love as brothers. *be* tenderhearted. *be* courteous: 9 not returning evil for evil or reviling for reviling, but on the contrary, blessing, knowing that you were called to this, that you may inherit a blessing. 10 [much like the LXX:] For

"He who would love life And see good days, Let him refrain his tongue from evil, And his lips from speaking deceit. 11 Let him turn away from evil and do good; Let him seek peace and pursue it. 12 For the eyes of Yhwh are on the righteous, And His ears *are open* to their prayers; But the face of YHWH is against those who do evil." Psalm 34:12-16 Who is the man who desires life, And loves *many* days, that he may see good? 13 Keep your tongue from evil, And your lips from speaking deceit. 14 Depart from evil and do good; Seek peace and pursue it. 15 The eyes of YHWH are on the righteous. And His ears *are open* to their cry. 16 The face of YHWH is against those who do evil. To cut off the remembrance of them from the land [earth].

#### Suffering for Doing Good

13 And who *is* he who will harm you if you become followers of what is good?
14 But even if you should suffer for righteousness' sake, *you are* blessed.
"<u>And do not</u> be afraid of their threats, Nor be troubled." 15

#### Isaiah 8:11-13

For Ynwn spoke thus to me with a strong hand, and instructed me that I should not walk in the way of this people, saying: 12

"Do not say, 'A conspiracy', Concerning all that this people call a conspiracy,
<u>Nor</u> be afraid of their threats, Nor be troubled. 13
YHWH of hosts, Him you shall hallow; Let Him be your fear, and Let Him be your dread.

#### But sanctify

the Lord God in your hearts, and always be ready to give a defense to everyone who asks you a reason for the hope that is in you, with meekness and fear: 16 having a good conscience, that [ \sqrt{if }] when they defame you as evildoers, those who revile your good conduct in Christ may be ashamed. 17 For *it is* better, if it is the will of God. to suffer for doing good than for doing evil. 18¶ For Christ also suffered once for sins, the just for the unjust, that He might bring us to God, being put to death in the flesh [his flesh, his spirit:] but made alive  $[\downarrow contrast to flesh]$ in [by] the spirit [Spirit], 19 [enlivened spiritually] in [by] whom also He went [had gone] [ ¥ <mark>1:11</mark>] and preached [through Noah] to the spirits [who are now] in prison, 20

who formerly were disobedient, when once the Divine longsuffering waited in the days of Noah. while the ark was being prepared. in which a few. that is, eight [8] souls, were saved through water. 21¶ There is also an antitype that now saves us baptism (not the removal of the filth of the flesh, but the answer of a good conscience toward God [NAS: an [earnest] appeal to God for a good conscience]), through the resurrection of Jesus Christ, 22 who has gone into heaven and is at the right hand of God angels and authorities and powers having been made subject to Him. [Steve Gregg: 1Pe 4:1-11] 1 Peter 4 Living for God 4:1¶ Therefore. since Christ suffered for us in the flesh.

arm yourselves also with the same mind, for he who has suffered in the flesh

has ceased from sin, 2 that he no longer should live

#### the rest of his time

in the flesh for the lusts of men, but for the will of God. 3

For we *have spent* enough of our past lifetime in doing the will of the Gentiles when we walked in lewdness. lusts. drunkenness. revelries. drinking parties, and abominable idolatries. 4¶ In regard to these, they think it strange that vou do not run with them in the same flood of dissipation, speaking evil of *you*. 5 They will give an account to Him who is ready to judge the living and the dead. 6 [audio@17:50] For this reason *[their judgment]* the gospel was preached also to those who are [now] dead, that they might be judged according to men in the flesh,  $[^{\downarrow}$ *like: RSV, ESV*] but liveaccording to God in the spirit. [audio@23:10] The End is Near: Love One Another

7¶ But the end of all things is at hand; therefore be serious and watchful in your prayers. 8 And above all things have fervent love for one another, for love will "cover a multitude of sins". 9

 James 5:19-20
 [Cf. <u>He 6:4-6]</u>

 Brethren, if anyone among you wanders from the truth, and someone turns him back, 20 let him know that he who turns a sinner from the error of his way will save a soul from death and cover a multitude of sins.

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*Be* hospitable to one another without grumbling. 10 As each one has received a gift. minister *[serve]* it to one another. as good stewards of the manifold grace of God: 11 if anyone speaks, *let him speak* as the oracles of God; if anyone ministers [serves], let him do it as with the ability that God supplies; that in all things God may be glorified through Jesus Christ, to whom belong [5:11] the glory and the dominion forever and ever.

Amen.

[Steve Gregg: 1Pe 4:12-5:14] Suffering for Being a Christian 12¶ Beloved. [Ja 1:2-8] do not think it strange concerning the fiery trial that is to try you, as though some strange thing happened to you; 13 but rejoice to the extent that you partake of Christ's sufferings, that when His glory is revealed, you may also be glad with exceeding joy. 14 If you are reproached for the name of Christ, blessed are you, for the Spirit of glory and of God rests upon you.

On their *[your reproachers']* part He is blasphemed, but On your part He is glorified. 15 But let none of you suffer as a murderer. a thief. an evildoer, or as a busybody in other people's matters. 16 Yet if anyone suffers as a Christian, let him not be ashamed, but let him glorify God in this matter. 17 For the time *has come* for judgment to begin at the house of God; [See Revelation 2-3 (Dec 26-27): *the letters to the seven churches*] and if *it begins* with us first, what will *be* the end of those who do not obey the gospel of God? 18 **Now** [quoted from the LXX:] "If the righteous one is scarcely saved. Where will the ungodly and the sinner appear?" 19 Proverbs 11:31 [NKJ] If the righteous will be recompensed on the land [earth], How much more the ungodly and the sinner. Therefore let those who suffer according to the will of God commit their souls

to *Him* in doing good, as

Advice for Elders and Young Men

to a faithful Creator.

1 Peter 5

5:1¶

The elders who are among you I exhort. I who am a fellow elder and a witness of the sufferings of Christ, and also a partaker of the glory that will be revealed: 2 Shepherd the flock of God that is among you, serving as overseers, not by compulsion but willingly, not for dishonest gain but eagerly; 3 nor as being lords [tyrants] over those entrusted to you, but being examples to the flock; 4 and when the Chief Shepherd appears, you will receive the crown of glory that does not fade away. 5¶ Likewise you younger people, submit yourselves to your elders. Yes, all of *vou* be submissive to one another, and be clothed with humility, for *[quoted from the LXX:]* "God resists the proud, But gives grace to the humble." 6 Proverbs 3:34 [NKJ] Surely He scorns the scornful, but gives grace to the humble. Therefore humble yourselves under the mighty hand of God, that He may exalt you in due time, 7 casting all your care upon Him, for He cares for you. 8 ¶ Be sober. be vigilant; [alludes to Is 35:9:] because your adversary the devil

walks about like a roaring lion,

seeking whom he may devour. 9

Resist him. steadfast in the faith. knowing that the same sufferings are experienced by your brotherhood in the world. 10¶ But may the God of all grace, who called us to His Eternal glory by Christ Jesus, after you have suffered a while. perfect. establish, strengthen, and settle *you*. 11 To Him be [4:11b] the glory and the dominion forever and ever. Amen. 12 **Peter's Final Greetings** By Silvanus [i.e., Silas], our faithful brother (as I consider him). I have written to you briefly, exhorting and testifying that this is the true grace of God in which you stand. 13 She who is in **Babylon** [symbolically], elect together with you, [i.e., the church in Rome?] greets you; and so does Mark my son. 14 Greet one another with a kiss of love. Peace to you all who are in Christ Jesus. Amen.

### **December 23**

### 2 Peter

[Steve Gregg: Introduction] [Peter's second letter addresses many of the same issues as the letter of Jude (Dec 24), written about the same time] [Steve Gregg: 2Pe 1:1-15] 2 Peter 1 Greetings from Peter 1:1 ¶ Simon Peter, a bondservant and apostle of Jesus Christ, To those who have obtained like precious faith with us by the righteousness of our God and Savior Jesus Christ: 2 Grace and peace be multiplied to you in the knowledge of God and of Jesus our Lord, 3 as His divine power has given to us all things that *pertain* to life and godliness, through the knowledge of Him who called us by glory and virtue, 4 by which have been given to us exceedingly great and precious promises. that through these [promises] you may be partakers of the divine nature,

having escaped the corruption *that* is in the world through lust.

 $F_{V}$ : to your faith virtue. to virtue knowledge, 6 *K*: *sc:* to knowledge self-control, to self-control perseverance, P: G: to perseverance godliness, 7 *Bk:* to godliness brotherly kindness, and *L:* to brotherly kindness love. 8 For if these things are yours and [you] abound [in them], *you* will be neither barren nor unfruitful in the knowledge of our Lord Jesus Christ. 9 For he who lacks these things is shortsighted. even to blindness, and has forgotten that he was cleansed [thus, by genuine faith] from his old sins. 10 Therefore, brethren, be even more diligent [not UES:] to make your call and election sure, for if you do these things you will never stumble; 11 for so an entrance will be supplied to you abundantly into the Eternal [everlasting] Kingdom of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ. [Da 2:44; 4:3,32,34; 6:26; 7:14,18,27] 12¶

But also for this [v4b] very reason,

[FVKScPGBkL]

giving all diligence,

add

Be Diligent to Grow into the Kingdom For this reason I will not be negligent to remind you always of these things, though you know and are established in the present truth. 13 Yes, I think it is right, as long as I am in this tent [body]. to stir you up by reminding you, 14 knowing that shortly I must put off my tent [i.e., die], just as our Lord Jesus Christ showed me [Jn 21:18]. 15 Moreover I will be careful to ensure that you always have a reminder of these things after my decease. [Steve Gregg: 2Pe 1:16-21] The Apostles Were Evewitnesses 16¶ For we [apostles] did not follow cunningly devised fables when we made known to you the power and  $[1^{st}]$  coming of our Lord Jesus Christ, but were eyewitnesses of His majesty. 17 2 Peter 2 For He received from God the Father honor and glory when such a voice came to Him from the Excellent Glory: "This is My beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased." 18 [Verbatim: Mt; similar: Mk, Lu.] [First at Jesus' baptism] Mt 3:17b || Mk 1:11 || Lu 3:22 [Then at His "transfiguration"] Mt 17:5 || Mk 9:7 || Lu 9:35 And we heard this voice that came from heaven when we were with Him on the holy mountain

#### [at the "transfiguration"]. 19¶

Prophecies of Old from God's Spirit And so we have

the prophetic word confirmed, which you do well to heed as a light that shines in a dark place, the day dawns until [the great and awesome day of YHWH: Joel 2:31] the Morning Star rises and ["your redemption draws near": Lu 21:28] in your hearts; 20 knowing this first, that no prophecy of Scripture is of any private interpretation [the prophet's own imagination], 21 for prophecy never came

by the will of man [human impulse], but holy men of God spoke as they were moved by the Holy Spirit.

#### [Steve Gregg: 2Pe 2:1-17]

The Danger of False Teachers 2:1 ¶ But there were also [Jude 3] false prophets among the people, even as there will be false teachers among you, who will secretly bring in destructive heresies. even denving the Lord who bought them, and bring on themselves swift destruction. 2 And many will follow their destructive ways. because of whom [both teachers & followers] the way of truth will be blasphemed.

5¶

By covetousness they will exploit you with deceptive words. For a long time their judgment has not been idle, and their destruction does not slumber. 4

#### For if God

did not spare the angels who sinned. but cast them down to Tartarus<sup>9</sup> [hell] and delivered *them* into chains of darkness to be reserved for judgment [day]; 5 and did not spare the ancient world, but saved Noah. one of eight people, a preacher of righteousness, bringing in the flood on the world of the ungodly; 6 and.  $[\uparrow Greek: kosmos]$ turning into ashes the cities of Sodom and Gomorrah. condemned *them* to destruction. making *them* an example to those who afterward would live ungodly; 7¶ and delivered righteous Lot, who was oppressed by the filthy conduct of the wicked 8

<sup>9</sup> Tartarus: the name of the subterranean region, doleful and dark, regarded by the [3] will receive the wages of ancient Greeks as the deepest abyss of Hades and the abode of the wicked dead, where they suffer punishment for their evil deeds. Some think it answers to Gehenna of the Jews, but Peter is a Jew writing to Jews, as well as Gentiles (1:1b), so one wonders why he would not have used Gehenna (as Jesus often did) if they are the same. Home; TitlePage; Hebrews-Revelation ToC: page 57

(for that righteous man, dwelling among them, tormented *his* righteous soul from day to day by seeing and hearing *their* lawless deeds) — 9 *then* the Lord knows how to deliver the godly out of temptations and to reserve the unjust under punishment for the day of judgment, 10¶ and especially those who walk according to the flesh in the lust of uncleanness and despise authority: Presumptuous, self-willed, they are not afraid to speak evil of dignitaries, 11 whereas angels, who are greater in power and might, do not bring a reviling accusation against them before the Lord. 12 But these, like natural brute beasts made to be caught and destroyed, [1] speak evil of the things they do not understand, and [2] will utterly perish in their own corruption, 13 and unrighteousness, as those who count it pleasure to carouse in the daytime.

They are spots and blemishes. Carousing in their own deceptions while they feast with you, 14 having eyes full of adultery and that cannot cease from sin, enticing unstable souls, they have a heart trained in covetous practices, and are accursed children. 15 They have

forsaken the right way and gone astray. following the way of Balaam the son of Beor [Nu 22-24; 31:8,16; De 23:4-5; Jos 13:22; 24:9-10; Ne 13:2; *Mic* 6:5; *Jude* 11; *Re* 2:14],

who loved the wages of unrighteousness; 16 but he was rebuked for his iniquity: a dumb donkey speaking with a man's voice restrained the madness of the prophet. 17 These are

wells without water, clouds carried by a tempest, for whom is reserved

> the blackness of darkness [cf. v4] forever. 18 [Jude 12-13]

[Steve Gregg: 2Pe 2:18-3:9] For when they speak great swelling words of emptiness, they allure

through the lusts of the flesh, through lewdness, [+Not UES] the ones who have actually escaped from those who live in error. 19 While they promise them liberty, they of the commandment themselves are slaves of corruption; for by whom a person is overcome, by him also he is brought into bondage.

20 For if.

after they have escaped the pollutions of the world through the knowledge of the Lord and Savior Jesus Christ, they are again  $[\downarrow the pollutions]$ entangled in them and overcome, [Not UES] the latter end is worse for them than the beginning. 21 For it would have been better for them not to have known the way of righteousness, than, having known *it*, to turn from the holy commandment delivered to them. 22 But it has happened to them according to the true proverb:

"A dog returns to his own vomit,"

Proverbs 26:11

As a dog returns to his own vomit, So a fool repeats his folly.

and,

"A sow, having washed, to her wallowing in the mire."

Not in the OT, but common in the Rabbinical writings, and is found in the Greek classics.

#### 2 Peter 3

The Day of the Lord is Coming 3:1¶ Beloved, [letter ↓] I now write to you this second epistle (in both of which I stir up your pure minds by way of reminder), 2 that you may be mindful of the words **that** were spoken before by the holy prophets (OT), and of us, the apostles [New Testam't] of the Lord and Savior, 3¶ knowing this **first**: 21

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[*4 Jude 18-19*] [*V*Ac 2:17] that scoffers will come in the last days walking according to their own lusts, 4 and saving.

"Where is the promise of His coming? For since the fathers fell asleep, all things continue as they were

from the beginning<sup>10</sup> of creation." 5 For this they willfully forget: that by the word of God,

[from Genesis 1: day 2 then 3] the heavens were [existed] of old, and [as well as] the land [earth] [day 3] standing out of water and in the water, 6 [from Genesis 6-9:] by which *[word* & water, also] the world *that* then existed [later, in Noah's time] perished, being flooded with water. 7 But the heavens and the land [earth] *that* are **now** preserved by the same word, are reserved for fire until [Jude 14-15] the day of judgment and perdition of ungodly men. [destruction  $\uparrow$ ] 8 ¶ But, beloved, do not forget this one thing, that with the Lord one day is as a thousand [1,000] years, and a thousand [1,000] years as one day. 9¶

<sup>10</sup> At least they believed the creation had a beginning (some modern "scholars" do not, thinking it is eternal). And perhaps they believed there was a Creator who made the creation (which evolutionists do not). Finally, Peter, no doubt, means Jews, as they were familiar with "the fathers". Home; TitlePage; Hebrews-Revelation ToC: page 57

[Steve Gregg: 2Pe 3:10-18] [That is, the Lord's perspective on time is much different than ours, so:] The Lord is not slack concerning *His* promise, as some count slackness, [who think God should do some things in one day that He is taking Therefore, beloved, a thousand years (a long time) to accomplish (such as the full redemp- be diligent to be found by Him tion of mankind), and think God took thousands (even billions) of years to accomplish what He actually consider that did in six days (the creation)] but is longsuffering toward us, not willing that any should perish but [willing] that all should come to repentance. 10 But the day of the Lord will come as a thief in the night. [cf. Mt 24:43-44 || Lu 12:39-40] [\*~ Re 16:15 Oct 27] in which the heavens will pass away with a great noise, and the elements with fervent heat; both will melt the land [earth] and the works that are in it will be burned up. 11¶ Therefore, since all these things will be dissolved, what manner of persons ought you to be in holy conduct and godliness, 12

looking for and hastening the coming of the day of God, because of which the heavens will be dissolved, being on fire, and the elements will melt with fervent heat? 13

Nevertheless we.

according to His promise, look for [cf. Is 65:17, 66:22; Re 21:1] new heavens and [Ps 102:26] a new land [earth] in which righteousness dwells. 14 looking forward to these things, in peace,

without spot and blameless; 15 and

the longsuffering of our Lord is [accomplishes] salvation

as also our beloved brother Paul. according to the wisdom given to him, has written to you. 16 as also in all his letters [epistles]. speaking in them of these things, in which are some things [that are] difficult [hard] to understand (which untaught and unstable people twist to their own destruction, as *they do* also the rest of the Scriptures). 17

#### Peter's Final Words

You therefore, beloved. since you know this beforehand, beware lest you also fall from your own steadfastness, being led away [not UES] with the error of the wicked: 18 but

grow in the grace and knowledge of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ.

To Him *be* the glory both now and forever. [Jude 25] Amen.

### **December 24**

### Jude

[Jude's letter addresses some of the same issues as Peter's second letter. which suggests that the two were written at about the same time and *perhaps to the same churches.*]

[Steve Gregg: Introduction] 1 ¶ Greetings from Jude Jude. a bondservant of Jesus Christ, and brother of James. To those who are called. sanctified by God the Father, and preserved in Jesus Christ: 2 Mercy, peace, and love be multiplied to you. [Steve Gregg: Full Book] The Danger of False Teachers <sup>3</sup>¶ Beloved, [2Pe 2] while I was very diligent to write to you concerning our common salvation, I found it necessary to write to you exhorting you to contend earnestly for the faith that was once for all delivered to the saints. 4 For certain men have crept in unnoticed, who long ago were marked out for this condemnation. ungodly men, who turn the grace of our God into lewdness and deny the only Lord God and our Lord Jesus Christ. 5 Highlighting Legend & Latest Notes 22

But I want to remind you. though you once knew this. that the Lord, having saved the people out of the land of Egypt, afterward destroyed those who did not believe. 6 And the angels who did not keep their proper domain, but left their own abode, He has reserved  $[\downarrow enduring]$ in everlasting [aidiov aidios] chains under darkness for the judgment of the great day; 7 even as Sodom and Gomorrah. and the cities around them. in a similar manner to these, having given themselves over to sexual immorality and gone after strange flesh, are set forth as an example, suffering the vengeance of Eternal fire [God's judgment: not still burning]. 8¶ Likewise also these dreamers defile the flesh. reject authority, and speak evil of dignitaries. 9 Yet Michael the archangel, in contending with the devil, when he disputed about the body of Moses, dared not bring against him a reviling accusation,

but said. "The Lord rebuke you!" 10 Zec 3:2 [Contains this wording, but in the mouth of  $\frac{Y}{HWH}$  and in a different context. The quotation probably *comes from the Apocrypha: the book* of Enoch.] But these speak evil of whatever they do not know; and whatever they know naturally, like brute beasts. in these things they corrupt themselves. 11 Woe to them! For they have gone in the way of Cain, have run greedily in the error of **Balaam** for profit, and perished in the rebellion of Korah. 12 These are spots in your love feasts, while they feast with you without fear. serving only themselves; they are clouds without water, carried about by the winds; late autumn trees without fruit, twice dead [not UES]. pulled up by the roots; 13 raging waves of the sea. foaming up their own shame; wandering stars for whom is reserved the blackness of darkness [2Pe 2:17] forever. 14

#### Now Enoch [<u>Ge 5:21-24</u>],

the seventh  $[7^{th}]$  from Adam, prophesied about these men also, saying,

[the quotation comes from the Apocrypha: <u>Enoch</u> 1:9.]

"Behold,

the Lord comes [2Pe 3:7b] with ten thousands of His saints. [10,000s] 15 to execute judgment on all, to convict all who are ungodly among them of all their ungodly deeds that they have committed in an ungodly way, and of all the harsh things that ungodly sinners have spoken against Him." 16 Isaiah 26:21b [similar thought:] For behold. Yhwh comes out of His place To punish the inhabitants of the land [earth] for their iniquity; These are grumblers.

complainers, walking according to their own lusts; and they mouth great swelling *words*, flattering people to gain advantage. 17

But you, beloved, remember the words that were spoken before by the apostles of our Lord Jesus Christ: 18 how they told you that there would be mockers in the last time [2Pe 3:3] who would walk according to their own ungodly lusts; 19 these are sensual persons, who cause divisions, not having the Spirit. 20

#### A Call to Remain Faithful But you, beloved,

building yourselves up on your most holy faith, praying in the Holy Spirit, 21 keep yourselves in the love of God, looking for the mercy of our Lord Jesus Christ unto Eternal life. 22 And on some have compassion, making a distinction; 23 but others save with fear, [cf. Ja 5:19] pulling them out of the fire, hating even the garment defiled by the flesh. 24

### A Prayer of Praise

To Him who is able to keep you from stumbling, and to present *you* faultless before the presence of His glory with exceeding joy — 25
To God our Savior, Who alone is wise,
Be glory and majesty, dominion and power,
Both now and forever. [2Pe 3:18b] Amen.

### 1 John

[Steve Gregg: Notes, Introduction] [John probably wrote his three letters sometime in the mid-to-late 60s AD, as he twice says, "it is the last hour": 2:18. 6x"<sup>By</sup> this we know".] [Steve Gregg: 1Jn 1]

#### 1 John 1

Introduction 1:1¶ That [Word of Eternal Life] that was from the beginning, that we have heard. that we have seen with our eyes, that we have looked upon, and our hands have handled, concerning the Word of life — 2 the life was manifested, and we have seen, and bear witness, and declare to you, that Eternal life that was with the Father and was manifested to us -3that

that we have seen and heard we declare to you, [why:]

that you also may have fellowship [something  $\uparrow$  shared with us: in common  $\downarrow$ ] and truly our fellowship is with the Father and with His Son Jesus Christ. 4

And these things we write to you that your joy may be full. [Ps 16:11 "In Your presence is fullness of joy."] Home; TitlePage; Hebrews-Revelation ToC: page 57

Living in the Light

<sup>5</sup>¶ This is the message **that** we have heard from Him and declare to you: that God is light and in Him is no darkness at all. 6

If we say that we have

fellowship with Him, and *[vet]* walk in darkness. we lie and do not practice the truth. 7 But if we walk in the light as He is in the light, [God &] we have fellowship with one another, and the blood of Jesus Christ His Son cleanses us from all sin. 8 ¶

If we say that we have no sin. we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not in us. 9

> If we confess our sins. He is faithful and just [re Jesus] to forgive us *our* sins and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness. 10

If we say that we have not sinned. we make Him a liar, and His word is not in us.

**1 John 2** [Steve Gregg: 1Jn 2.1-2.17] 2:1 ¶ My little children, these things I write to you, so that you may not sin. And if anyone sins [does sin], we have an Advocate [Gr: paracletos] with the Father, [defense^atty] Jesus Christ the righteous. 2 And He Himself is the propitiation [atonement, reconciliation] for our sins, *[reconciling^sacrifice]* and not for ours only but also for the whole world.

**Keeping God's Commandments** 3¶ Now by this we know that we know Him: if we keep His commandments. 4 He who says, "I know Him", and [yet] does not keep His commandments. is a liar, and  $[ \downarrow^{\uparrow} Jo 8:31 ]$ the truth is not in him. 5 But whoever keeps His word, truly the love of God is perfected in him. I write to you, little children, By this we know that we are in Him. [<u>Ja 2:22</u> ^ perfect] 6 He who says he abides in Him ought himself also to walk just as He walked. 7¶ Brethren. I write no new commandment to vou. but an old commandment that you have had from the beginning. The old commandment is the word that you heard from the beginning. 8 [cf. Jo 3:19-21] Again, a new commandment I write to you, which thing is true in Him and in you, because the darkness is passing away, and the true light is already shining. 9 He who says he is in the light, and *[vet]* hates his brother, is [actually] in darkness until now. 10 He who loves his brother abides in the light. and there is no cause for stumbling in him. 11 But he who hates his brother is [still] in darkness and walks in darkness, and does not know where he is going, because the darkness has blinded his eyes.

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12¶ Words of Reassurance I write to you, little children, Because your sins are forgiven you for His name's sake. 13 I write to you, fathers, Because you have known Him [who is] from the beginning. I write to you, young men, Because you have overcome the wicked one Because you have known the Father. 14 I have written to you, fathers, Because you have known Him [*who is*] from the beginning. I have written to you, young men, Because vou are strong, and the word of God abides in you. And you have overcome the wicked one. 15 Do not love

the world or the things in the world. If anyone loves the world, [Ja 4:4] the love of the Father is not in him. 16 For all that *is* in the world -[Cf. Ge 3:6 & Jesus' 3 temptations: *Mt* 4:1-11 // *Mk* 1:12-13 // *Lu* 4:1-13 the lust of the flesh [uncontrolled], the lust of the eyes [greed], and the pride of life [>others] is not of the Father but is of the world. 17 And the world is passing away, and the lust of it: but he who does the will of God abides forever.

[Is 55:2 ... does not satisfy]

[Steve Gregg: 1Jn 2.18-2.29] The Last Hour: Antichrist(s) 18¶ Little children, [Olivet Discourse] it is the last hour: [near AD 70] and as you have heard that the Antichrist is coming, even now many antichrists have come, by which we know that it is the last hour. 19 [The antichrists:] They went out from us [apostles], but they were not of us *[apostles]*; for if *[these false teachers:]* they had been of us [apostles], they would have continued with us; but *they went out* that they might be made manifest, that none of them were of us. 20¶ But you have an anointing from the Holy One, and you know all things. 21 I have not written to you because you do not know the truth, but because you  $\int do \int know \frac{it}{2}$ , and that no lie is of the truth. 22 Who is a liar but he who denies that Jesus is the Christ? He is antichrist who denies the Father and the Son. 23 Whoever denies the Son does not have the Father either; he who acknowledges the Son has the Father also. 24 Therefore let that [Word of Eternal Life]

abide in you that you heard from the beginning. If what you heard from the beginning abides in you, you also will abide in the Son and in the Father. 25 And this is the promise that He has promised us — Eternal life. 26 These things I have written to you concerning those who try to deceive you. 27 But the [v20] anointing that you have received from Him abides in you, and you do not need that anyone [cf. <u>Je 31:34</u>] teach you; but as the same [v20] anointing teaches you concerning all things, and is true, and is not a lie. and just as has taught you, you will abide in Him. 28¶ And now, little children, abide in Him. that when He appears, we [apostles] may have confidence and not be ashamed before Him at His coming. 29 If you know that He is righteous, you know that everyone who practices righteousness is born of Him.

### **December 25**

### [Steve Gregg: 1Jn 3]

1 John 3 *Living as Children of God*3:1 Behold what manner of love the Father has bestowed on us, that we should be called children [born] of God!
Therefore the world does not know us, because it did not know Him. 2

Beloved, now we are children of God; and it has not yet been revealed what we shall be, but we know that [cf. <u>Ps 17:15]</u> when He is revealed, we shall be like Him. for we shall see Him as He is. 3 And [^ cf. 1Co 13:12] everyone who has this hope in Him purifies himself. just as He is pure. [+ practices: cf. 2:29] 4¶ Whoever commits sin also commits lawlessness, and sin is lawlessness. 5 And you know that He was manifested to take away our sins, and in Him there is no sin. 6 Whoever abides in Him does not sin. Whoever [practices (v7)] sins has neither seen Him nor known Him. 7

Little children, let no one deceive you. He who practices righteousness is righteous, just as He is righteous. 8

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For this purpose the Son of God was manifested: that He might destroy *[untie, undo]* the works of the devil. 9 Whoever has been born of God does not *[practice]* sin, for His Seed [Christ] remains in him: and he cannot [practice] sin, because he has been born of God. 10 In this the children of God and the children of the devil are manifest *[by their "marks"*]: Whoever does not practice righteousness is not of God. nor is he who

He who sins [abides in sin, practices]

for the devil has sinned

from the beginning.

is of the devil,

11 ¶ Love One Another For this is the message that you heard from the beginning: that we should love one another, 12 not as Cain who was of the wicked one and murdered his brother. And why did he murder him? Because his works were evil and his brother's righteous, 13

does not love his brother.

Do not marvel, my brethren, if the world hates you.

14¶ We know that we have passed from that we should death to life, because we love the brethren. He who does not love *his* brother abides in death. 15 Whoever hates his brother is a murderer, and you know that no murderer has Eternal life abiding in him. 16

#### By this we know love.

[we recognize real love] because He laid down His life for us. And we also ought to lay down our lives for the brethren. 17 But whoever has this world's goods, and sees his brother in need, and shuts up his heart from him, how does the love of God abide in him? My little children, let us not love [only] in word or in tongue [but also]. in deed and but in truth. 19 And by *[doing]* this we know that we are of the truth, and shall assure our hearts before Him, 20 for if our heart condemns us, God is greater than our heart, and knows all things. 21 Beloved, if our heart does not condemn us. we have confidence toward God. 22 And whatever we ask we receive from Him, because we keep His commandments and do those things that are pleasing in His sight. 23 And this is His commandment:

believe on [trust in] the name of His Son Jesus Christ and love one another. as He gave us commandment. 24 Now he who keeps His commandments everyone who loves abides in Him, and He in him. And by this we know that He abides in us,

by the Spirit whom He has given us. He who does not love [Steve Gregg: 1Jn 4]

#### 1 John 4

**Discerning False Prophets** 4:1¶ Beloved, [prophetic↓utterance] do not believe every spirit, but test the spirits, whether they are of God; [cp. Ja 2:15-16] 18 because many false prophets have gone out into the world. 2 By this you know the Spirit of God: Every spirit that confesses that Jesus Christ has come in the flesh is of God, 3 and every spirit that does not confess that Jesus Christ has come in the flesh is not of God. And this is the *spirit* of the Antichrist that you have heard was coming, and is now already in the world. <sup>4</sup>¶ You are of God, little children, and

have overcome them [false prophets], because He who is in you is greater than he who is in the world. 5 They [false prophets] are of the world. Therefore they speak as of the world, and the world hears them. 6 We *[apostles]* are of God: he who knows God hears us; he who is not of God does not hear us. By this we know the spirit of truth and the spirit of error

Loving One Another 7 ¶ Beloved. let us love one another. for love is of God: and is born of God and knows God. 8 does not know God. for God is love. 9 In this the love of God was manifested toward us: that God has sent His only begotten Son into the world. that we might live through Him. 10 In this is love: not that we loved God, but that He loved us and sent His Son to be the propitiation for our sins. 11 [^ atonement, reconciliation] Beloved, if God so loved us, we also ought to love one another. 12 No one has seen God at any time. If we love one another. God abides in us, and His love has been perfected in us. 13 By this we know that we abide in Him, and He in us: because He has given us of His Spirit. 14¶ And we have seen and testify that the Father has sent the Son as Savior of the world. [ $\uparrow$  only other use: John 4:42] 15 Whoever confesses that Jesus is the Son of God. God abides in him, and he in God. 16

And we have known and believed the love that God has for us. God is love, and he who abides in love abides in God, and God in him. 17¶ Love has been perfected among us in this: that we may have boldness in the day of judgment; because as He is. so are we in this world. 18 There is no fear in love: but perfect love casts out fear, because fear involves punishment. But he who fears has not been made perfect in love. 19 We love Him because He first loved us. 20 If someone says, "I love God", and hates his brother, he is a liar; for he who does not love his brother whom he has seen, how can he love God whom he has not seen? [cf. v12a] 21 And this commandment we have from Him: that he who loves God *must* love his brother also. [Steve Gregg: 1Jn 5] 1 John 5 Faith in the Son of God 5:1¶ Whoever believes that Jesus is the Christ is born of God. and everyone who loves Him who begot also loves him who is begotten of Him. 2 By this we know that we love the children of God: when we love God and keep His commandments. 3

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For this is the love of God: that we keep His commandments. And His commandments are not burdensome. 4 For whatever is born of God  $[\uparrow$  the divine nature: 2Pe 1:4] overcomes the world. overcome the world our faith. 5 Who is he who overcomes the world, but he who believes that Jesus is the Son of God?

6 ¶

This is He who came by water and blood — Jesus Christ; not only by water, but by water and blood. And it is the Spirit who bears witness, because the Spirit is truth. 7 For there are three that bear witness in heaven: the Father.

the Word, and the Holy Spirit; and these three are one. 8

And there are three that bear witness on land [earth]<sup>11</sup>:

the Spirit, the water, and the blood;

and these three agree as one. 9¶

11 NU-Text and M-Text omit the words from in heaven (5:7) through on earth (5:8). Only four or five very late manuscripts contain these words in Greek.

If we receive the witness of men. the witness of God is greater; for this is the witness of God: that He has testified of His Son. 10 He who believes in the Son of God has the witness in himself; he who does not believe God has made Him a liar, because And this is the victory that has he has not believed the testimony that God has given of His Son. 11 And this is the testimony: that God has given us Eternal life, and this life is in His Son. 12 He who has the Son has *[Eternal]* life; he who does not have the Son of God does not have *[Eternal]* life. 13 Conclusion These things I have written to you who believe [trust] in the name of the Son of God, that you may know that you have Eternal life, and that you may *continue* to believe in the name of the Son of  $God^{12}$ . 14 ¶

Now this is the confidence that we have in Him. that if we ask anything according to His will, He hears us. 15 And if we know that He hears us, whatever we ask, we know that we have the petitions that we have asked of Him. 16

<sup>12</sup> NU-Text omits the last clause of 5:13.

If anyone sees his brother sinning a sin *Notes: that does* not *lead* to death, he will ask. and He will give him life for those who commit sin not *leading* to death. There is sin *leading* to death. I do not say that he should pray about that. 17 All unrighteousness is sin, and there is sin not *leading* to death.

[A more likely rendering:] If anyone sees his brother sinning a sin not to [his] death, he will ask, and He will give him life for those who commit sin not to [their] death. There is sin to *[one's]* death. I do not say that he should pray about that. 17 All unrighteousness is sin, and there is sin not to *[one's]* death.

#### 18¶

We know that whoever is born of God does not *[practice]* sin; but He who has been born of God [<sup>™</sup> Jesus] keeps him[self], and the wicked one does not touch him. 19 We know that we are of God, and the whole world lies *under the* sway of the wicked one. 20 And we know that the Son of God has come and has given us an understanding. that we may know Him who is true; and we are in Him who is true. in His Son Jesus Christ. This is the true God and Eternal life. 21

Little children, keep yourselves from idols. Amen.

### **December 26**

### 2 John

[S. Gregg: Notes, 2Jn - Full Book] Greetings 1:1 ¶ THE ELDER, [ $\lor$  church  $\checkmark$  members] To the elect lady and her children, whom I love in truth, and not only I, but also all those who have known the truth. 2 because of the truth that abides in us and will be with us forever: 3 Grace, mercy, and peace will be with you from God the Father and from the Lord Jesus Christ, the Son of the Father. in truth and love. 4

#### Live in the Truth

I rejoiced greatly that I have found *some* of your children walking in truth, as we received commandment from the Father.

[the whole  $\checkmark$  church] 5¶ And **now** I plead with you, lady, not as though I wrote a new commandment to you, but that **that** we have had

from the beginning:

that we love one another. 6 This is love:

that we walk [conduct ourselves] according to His commandments. This is the commandment: that, as you have heard from the beginning, you should walk in it.

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#### 7¶

For many deceivers have gone out into the world who do not confess Jesus Christ as coming in the flesh. This is a deceiver and an antichrist. 8 Look to yourselves, that we [apostles] do not lose those things we worked for, To the beloved Gaius ["lord"]. but that we may receive a full reward. 9 [Hence, not unconditional eternal *salvation: once saved, always...]* 

Whoever transgresses and does not abide in the teaching<sup>13</sup> of Christ does not have God. He who abides in the teaching<sup>13</sup> of Christ has both the Father and the Son. 10¶

If anyone comes to you and does not bring this teaching<sup>13</sup>, do not receive him into your house [the local church] I have no greater joy than to hear that nor greet him; 11 for he who greets him shares in his evil deeds

#### 12¶

#### Conclusion

Having many things to write to you, I did not wish to do so with paper and ink; but I hope to come to you and speak face to face, that our joy may be full. 13

The children [members] of your elect sister [church] greet you.

Amen.

<sup>13</sup> NKJ: doctrine

### **3 John**

[S. Gregg: Notes, 3Jn - Full Book]

#### Greetings

1:1¶ THE ELDER, [John: ~55-60 yrs old] whom I love in truth: 2

#### Beloved.

I pray that you may prosper in all things and be in health. just as your soul prospers. 3¶ For I rejoiced greatly when brethren came and testified of the truth *that is* in you, just as you walk in the truth. 4 my children walk in (the) truth. 5

#### Caring for the Lord's Workers Beloved.

you do faithfully whatever you do for the brethren and for strangers, 6 who have borne witness of your love before the church. If you send them forward on their journey in a manner worthy of God. you will do well, 7 because they went forth for His name's sake, taking nothing from the Gentiles. 8 We therefore ought to receive such, that we may become fellow workers for the truth.

9 ¶

I wrote to the church [2John?], but Diotrephes ["nourished by Jove"], who loves to have the preeminence among them, does not receive us. 10 Therefore. if I come. I will call to mind his deeds **that** he does. prating against us with malicious words. And not content with that, he himself does not receive the brethren, and forbids those who wish to, putting *them* out of the church. 11 [Cult-like lording over them: Mt 20:25-27 // Mk 10:42-45] Beloved, do not imitate what is evil. but what is good; he who does good is of God, but he who does evil has not seen God. 12¶

**Demetrius** ["belonging to Ceres"] has a *good* testimony from all. and from the truth itself: and we also bear witness. and you know that our testimony is true. 13

#### Conclusion

I had many things to write, but I do not wish to write to you with pen and ink; 14 but I hope to see you shortly, and we shall speak face to face. Peace to you. Our friends greet you. Greet the friends by name.

### **Revelation**

[Paul Humber: Overview<sup>14</sup>]

[S. G.: Notes, Layout, Intro.-1, 2, 3]

[John wrote Revelation (not plural: 1:1) while on the island of Patmos, where he was exiled for preaching And He sent, the word of God and testifying about Jesus (1:9). This most likely occurred His angel [messenger] during the mid- to late 60s AD, during the persecution by Caesar Nero, thus before the destruction of the Temple in AD 70, which still seems to have been standing at this writing (11:1).<sup>15</sup>]

<sup>14</sup> Humber differs from Gregg, seeing the fall of Rome in the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of Revelation.

<sup>15</sup> The more popular opinion as of AD 2009 is that John wrote Revelation during the reign of Caesar Domitian in the 90s, but that opinion, though popular, is largely based on an ambiguous statement of Irenaeas in about AD 180 in which he refers to "that" in Domitian's time, where "that" could mean either John or Revelation. See Before Jerusalem Fell, by Kenneth Gentry, for a thorough analysis. The date plays a critical role in regard to how one understands the content of Revelation. Home; TitlePage; Hebrews-Revelation ToC: page 57

[Steve Gregg: Rev 1] **Revelation 1** Prologue [added by Ephesian elders?] 1:1¶ The Revelation of Jesus Christ that God gave Him [Jesus] to show His servants things [*revealed*] that must shortly *Itacov tachos: soon! take place.* and signified *it [them]* by. to His servant John. 2 who [John] bore witness to the word of God, and [even] to the testimony of Jesus Christ, to all things that he saw. 3  $[\uparrow and to]$ Behold. **Blessed** is he who reads and those who hear the words of this prophecy, and [those who] keep those things that are written in it; for the time *is* near [to John's time]. Greetings to the Seven Churches John. To the seven [7] churches "I am that are in Asia: Grace to you and peace from Him [the Father]  $[1^{st} of 4]$  " who is and who was and who is to come, and from the seven [7] Spirits [Holy Sp.?] who are before His throne, 5 and

9¶ from Jesus Christ. the faithful witness. the firstborn from the dead, and the ruler [with all authority] over the kings of the lands [earth] — to Him [Jesus] who loved us and [freed:] washed us from our sins in His own blood, 6 and has made us [cf. Ex 19:6] kings and [a kingdom of] priests to His God and Father. to Him be glory and dominion forever and ever. Amen. 7 [↓meta meta] He is coming with clouds, and [cf. Mt 24:30b || Mk 13:26 | Lu 21:27, Da 7:13; Oct 27] every eye will see Him, even they who pierced Him [*i.e.*, Jews of that generation], and all the tribes of the land [earth] [Israel] will mourn because of Him. Even so, Amen: 8 Icf. 22:131 the Alpha and the Omega the Beginning and the End", says the Lord [*the Father*: v4], **"** 12  $[2^{nd} of 4]$ who is and who was and who is to come, the Almighty."

#### [His Son] Vision of the Son of Man I, John, both your brother and companion in the [now on-going] tribulation and kingdom and patience of Jesus Christ, was on the island that is called Patmos [for my witness:] for the word of God and [even] for the testimony of Jesus Christ. 10 I was in the Spirit on the Lord's Day, and I heard behind me a loud voice. as of a trumpet, 11 saving. "I am [cf. 22:13] the Alpha and the Omega, the First and the Last", and, "What you see, write in a book and send *it* to the seven [7] churches that are in Asia [then, not now]: to **Ephesus** ["permitted"], to Smyrna ["myrrh"], to **Pergamos** ["height/elevation"], to Thyatira ["odor of affliction"], to Sardis ["red ones"], to Philadelphia ["bro'lv love"], and to Laodicea ["justice of the people"].

Then I turned to see the voice that spoke with me. And having turned [I saw – Ho 12:10 vision, symbols] I saw seven [7] golden lampstands, 13 and in the midst of the seven [7] lampstands: One like the Son of Man, [cf. Da 10:5] clothed with a garment down to the feet and girded about the chest with a golden band. 14 His head and hair were white like wool, as white as snow, and His eves like a flame of fire. 15 His feet *were* like fine brass, as if refined in a furnace, and His voice as the sound of many waters. 16 He had in His right hand seven [7] stars, out of His mouth went [the word of God (He 4:12):] a sharp two-edged sword, and His countenance was like the sun shining in its strength. 17

And when I saw Him. I fell at His feet as dead. But He laid His right hand on me, saving to me. "Do not be afraid: [cf. 22:13] I am the First and the Last. 18 I *am* He who lives, and was dead, and behold, I am alive forevermore. Amen. And I have the keys of The Grave [Hades] [Sheol] and of Death. 19  $[\downarrow all Rev'n]$ Write the things that you have seen, and the things **that** are *[Ch.2-3]*, and the things that will take place after this [vision; cf. <u>4:1d]</u>. 20 The mystery of the seven [7] stars that you saw in My right hand, and the seven [7] golden lampstands: the seven [7] stars [4 messengers] are *[represent]* the angels of the seven [7] churches, and the seven [7] lampstands **that** you saw

are [represent]

the seven [7] churches.

**The things that are** [now, in John's time]

#### [Steve Gregg: Rev 2]

**Revelation 2** Letters to the Seven Churches in ... 1. Ephesus To the angel [messenger] of 2:1¶ the church of Ephesus write, 'These things says He [cf. 1:16:] who holds the seven [7] stars in His right hand,  $\int msgrs f$ who walks in the midst of the seven [7] golden lampstands: 2 "I know  $[\uparrow churches]$ your works. your labor, your patience, and that you cannot bear those who are evil. And you have tested those who say they are apostles and are not, and have found them liars; 3 and you have persevered and have patience, and have labored for My name's sake and have not become weary. 4

Nevertheless I have *this* against you: that you have left your first love. 5 **Remember** therefore from where you have fallen; repent and do the first works, or else I will come to you quickly [tacu tachu without delay] and remove your lampstand from its place — unless you repent. 6 But this you have, that you hate the deeds of the Nicolaitans which I also hate. 7 He who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches. [i.e., all readers should take heed]

I will give to eat from [22:2,14:]

the midst of the Paradise of God."

To him who overcomes

the tree of life [Myself].

which is in

#### 2. Smyrna

8¶ And to the angel *[messenger]* of the church in Smyrna write, 'These things says the First and the Last, who was dead, and came to life: 9 "I know your [now on-going] works. tribulation, and poverty (but you are rich), and the blasphemy of those who say they are Jews and are not. but *are* a synagogue of Satan. 10 Do not fear any of those things that vou are about to suffer. Indeed. the devil is about to throw *some* of you into prison, that you may be tested, and you will have tribulation ten [10] days. Be faithful until death, and

I will give you the crown of life. 11 He who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches. He who overcomes shall not be hurt by the second death [cf. 20:14 for the definition, and 20:6b].""

#### 3. Pergamos

12¶ And to the angel *[messenger]* of the church in Pergamos write. 'These things says He who has the sharp two-edged sword: 13 "I know  $[\uparrow the word of God (He 4:12)]$ your works, and where you dwell, where Satan's throne is, and [that] you hold fast to My name, and did not deny My faith even in the days in which Antipas *was* [witness  $\downarrow$ ] My faithful martyr, who was killed among you, where Satan dwells. 14

But I have a few things against you, because you have there those who hold the teaching<sup>13</sup> of <u>Balaam</u>, who taught Balak: to put a stumbling block before the children of Israel, to eat things sacrificed to idols, and [cf. <u>Ac 15:29</u>, <u>21:25b</u>] to commit sexual immorality. 15 Thus you also have those who hold the teaching<sup>13</sup> of the <u>Nicolaitans</u>, which thing I hate. 16 Repent, or else I will **come** to you quickly [tacu tachu without delay] and will fight against them with the sword of My mouth.17 He who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches. To him who overcomes I will give some of the hidden manna [Myself] to eat. And I will give him a white stone, and on the stone a new name [is] written **that** no one knows except him who receives it."

#### <u>Notes:</u>

4. Thvatira 18¶ And to the angel *[messenger]* of the church in Thyatira write. 'These things says the Son of God. who has eyes like a flame of fire, and His feet like fine brass: 19 "I know your works. love. service. faith, and your patience; and *as* for your works, the last *are* more than the first. 20 Nevertheless I have a few things against you, because you allow that woman Jezebel. who calls herself a prophetess, to teach and seduce My servants to commit sexual immorality and eat things sacrificed to idols. 21 And I gave her time to repent of her sexual immorality, and she did not repent. 22 Indeed I will cast her into a sickbed, and those who commit adultery with her into great tribulation, unless they repent of their deeds. 23 I will kill her children with death, and all the churches shall know that I am He who searches the minds and hearts. And I will give to each one of you according to your works. 24

**Now** to you *[messenger: v18]* I say, and to the rest in Thyatira. as many as do not have this teaching<sup>13</sup> who have not known the depths of Satan, as they say, I will put on you no other burden, 25 but [to] hold fast what you have till I come. 26 And he who overcomes, and keeps My works until the end, to him I will give  $[\uparrow of his life]$ power over the nations — 27 Daniel 7:27 [cp. Da 7:14] Then the kingdom and dominion, and the greatness of the kingdoms under the whole heaven. shall be given to the people, the saints of the Most High, and all dominions shall serve and obey Him. His kingdom is an everlasting kingdom.""

'He shall rule them [LXX quote] [Greek:  $\uparrow$  shepherd them] with a rod of iron: They shall be dashed to pieces like the potter's vessels.' **Psalm 2:7-9** "I will declare the decree: Yhwh has said to Me. 'You are My Son, [Q'd He 1:5] **Today** I have begotten **You**. 8 Ask of Me, and I will give You The nations for Your inheritance, And the ends of the lands [earth] for Your possession. 9 You shall break them with a rod of iron: You shall dash them to pieces like a potter's vessel ."" as I also have received from My Father; 28 and I will give him the morning star. 29 He who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches."

### **December 27**

[Steve Gregg: Rev 3]

**Revelation 3** 5. Sardis 3:1¶ And to the angel *[messenger]* of the church in Sardis write, 'These things says He who has the seven [7] Spirits of God and the seven [7] stars [messengers]: "I know your works. that you have a name [reputation] that you are alive. but you are dead. 2 Be watchful, and strengthen the things that remain. that are ready to die, for I have not found your works [to be] perfect before God. 3 Remember therefore how you have received and heard; hold fast and repent. Therefore if you will not watch, I will **come** upon you as a thief, and you will not know what hour I will come upon you. 4 [*i.e.*,  $\uparrow$  soon] You have a few names even in Sardis who have not defiled their garments; and they shall walk with Me in white, for they are worthy. 5 He who overcomes shall be clothed in white garments, and I will not blot out his name from the Book of Life [1<sup>st</sup> of 7]; but I will confess his name before My Father and before His angels [messengers]. 6 He who has an ear. let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches.""

#### 6. Philadelphia

7¶ And to the angel [messenger] of the church in Philadelphia write, 'These things says He who is holy. He who is true. He who has the key of David, He who opens and no one shuts, and shuts and no one opens: 8 **Isaiah 22:22** The key of the house of David I will lay on his shoulder; So he shall open, and no one shall shut: And he shall shut, and no one shall open. "I know your works. See, I have set before you an open door, and no one can shut it: for you have a little strength. have kept My word, and have not denied My name. 9 Indeed I will make *those* of the synagogue of Satan, who say they are Jews and are not, but lie indeed I will make them come and worship before your feet, and to know that I have loved you. 10

Because you have kept My command to persevere, I also will keep you from the hour of trial that shall come upon the whole [Roman] world, [oikoumenh oikoumene <sup>↑</sup>] to test those who dwell on the land [earth]. 11 Behold, I am coming quickly [tacu tachu ^ without delay] Hold fast what you have, that no one may take your crown.12 He who overcomes. I will make him a pillar [+ the Church] in the temple of My God, and he shall go out no more, and I will write on him the name of My God and the name of the city of My God, the New Jerusalem, [21:2] which comes down out of heaven from My God and I will write on him My new name. 13 He who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches."

#### 7. Laodicea

14¶ And to the angel [messenger] of the church of the Laodiceans write, 'These things says the Amen,  $[ \downarrow 1^{st} of 4 ]$ the Faithful and True Witness, the Beginning of [or He who began] the creation of God: 15 "I know your works, that you are neither cold nor hot. I could wish you were cold or hot. 16 So then. because you are lukewarm, and neither cold nor hot, I will vomit you out of My mouth. 17 [Laodicea got its water from a km or more away via conduit: hot at source but lukewarm when it got there.] Because you say, 'I am rich. have become wealthy, and have need of nothing'. and do not know that you are wretched. miserable. poor, blind, and naked, 18

I counsel vou to buy from Me: gold refined in the fire. that you may be rich; and white garments, that you may be clothed, *that* the shame of your nakedness may not be revealed: and anoint your eyes with eye salve, that you may see. 19 As many as I love, I rebuke and chasten. Therefore be zealous and repent. 20 Behold, [  $\checkmark$  of the church] I stand at the door and knock. If anyone hears My voice and opens the door. I will come in to him and dine with him, and he with Me. 21 To him who overcomes I will grant to sit with Me on My throne, as Lalso overcame and sat down with My Father on His throne. 22 He who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit says to the churches.""

### Things that will take place after this to Jerusalem [<u>1:7b</u>]

### [vision: <u>1:19d</u>]

[Steve Gregg: Rev 4-5]

#### **Revelation 4**

The Setting in Heaven After these things [the letters] 4:1¶ I looked, and behold, [Ho 12:10] a door *standing* open in heaven. And the first voice that I heard was like a trumpet [cf. 1:10b] speaking with me, saying, "Come up here, and I will show you things **that** must take place after this [vision; cf. 1:19c]." 2 Immediately I was in the Spirit; and behold, a throne set in heaven, and *One* sat on the throne. 3 And He who sat there was like a jasper and a sardius stone in appearance; and there was a rainbow around the throne, in appearance like an emerald. 4 Around the throne *were* twenty-four [24] thrones, and on the thrones I saw twenty-four [24] elders sitting, clothed in white robes; and they had crowns of gold on their heads. 5 And from the throne proceeded lightnings, thunderings, and voices.

Seven [7] lamps of fire were burning before the throne, which are *[represent]* the seven [7] Spirits of God. 6 Before the throne *there was* a sea of glass, like crystal. And in the midst of the throne, and around the throne. were four [4] living creatures full of eyes in front and in back. 7 [suggesting omniscience] The first living creature was like a lion. the second living creature like a calf. the third living creature had a face like a man, and the fourth living creature was like a flying eagle. [representing all creatures: wild beasts, domesticated animals, men, & birds]

[Cf. Eze 1:10, 10:14] 8 ¶ The four [4] living creatures,  $[ \downarrow Is 6]$ each having six [6] wings, were full of eyes around and within. And they do not rest day or night, saying: "Holy, holy, holy, [triune] Lord God Almighty, Who was and is and is to come!" 9 Whenever the living creatures give glory and honor and thanks to Him who sits on the throne. who lives forever and ever. 10 the twenty-four [24] elders fall down before Him who sits on the throne and worship Him who lives forever and ever, and cast their crowns before the throne. saying: 11 "You are worthy, O Lord, To receive glory and honor and power; For You created all things, And by Your will they exist and were created."

Notes:

**Revelation 5** The Lamb Takes the Scroll 5:1 ¶ And I saw in the right *hand* of Him who sat on the throne a scroll written inside and on the back. sealed with seven [7] seals. 2 Then I saw a strong angel [messenger] proclaiming with a loud voice, "Who is worthy to open the scroll and to loose its seals?" 3 And no one in heaven or on the land [earth] or under the land [earth] [in graves] was able to open the scroll, or *[even]* to look at it. 4 So I wept much, because no one was found worthy to open and read the scroll, or to look at it. 5 But one of the elders said to me. "Do not weep. Behold, [Jesus:] the Lion of the tribe of Judah, the Root of David. has prevailed [overcome] to open the scroll and to loose its seven [7] seals."

6¶ And I looked. and behold, in the midst of the throne and of the four [4] living creatures. and in the midst of the [24] elders, stood <mark>a Lamb</mark> as though it had been slain, having [omni-power, -vision:] seven [7] horns and seven [7] eyes, which [two 7s] are [represent] the seven [7] Spirits of God sent out into all the land [earth]. 7 Then He came and took the scroll out of the right hand of Him who sat on the throne. 8

Now when He had taken the scroll. Then I looked, and I heard the voice of the four [4] living creatures and the many angels around twenty-four [24] elders fell down bethe throne. fore the Lamb, each [of the 24] having the living creatures, and a harp and the elders: golden bowls full of incense, and the number of them was which are *[represent]* ten thousand times ten thousand the prayers of the saints. 9 [lit., 100,000,000], and And they sang a new song, saying: thousands of thousands "You are worthy to take the scroll, [i.e., more 1.000,000s] And to open its seals; [symbolic of a huge number], 12 For You were slain. saying with a loud voice: "Worthy is the Lamb who was slain And have redeemed us to God To receive [seven things (cf. 7:12):] by Your blood power and Out of every [note: no "races"] riches and [thanksgiving] tribe and wisdom, And tongue and strength and people and honor and nation. 10 glory and And have made us kings and priests blessing!" 13 [or a kingdom of priests: Ex 19:6] And every creature that is to our God; in heaven and And we [the Church] shall reign on the land [earth] and on the land [earth]." 11 under the land [earth] [in graves] and such as are in the sea, [those entombed there] and all that are in them, I heard saying: "Blessing and honor and glory and power *Be* to Him who sits on the throne. And to the Lamb, forever and ever!" 14 Then the four [4] living creatures said, "Amen!" And the twenty-four [24] elders fell down and worshiped

Him who lives forever and ever.

#### [Steve Gregg: Rev 6]

#### **Revelation 6**

The Lamb Breaks Seal 1 6:1 Now I saw when the Lamb opened voice like thunder. "Come [not in Alex. text:] and see." 2 And I looked, and behold, a white horse; he who sat on it had a bow: and a crown was given to him. and he went out conquering and to conquer. 3

The Lamb Breaks Seal 2

When He opened the second  $[2^{nd}]$  seal. I heard the second  $(2^{nd})$  living creature saying [to the rider (Alex.) or John], "Come [not in Alex. text:] and see." 4 Another horse, fiery red, went out. So I looked, and behold, And it was granted to the one who sat on it  $[\downarrow Israel]$ to take peace from the land [earth], and that *people* should kill one another;

and there was given to him a great sword. 5

The Lamb Breaks Seal 3

When He opened the third  $(3^{rd})$  seal. one of the seals; and I heard one of the I heard the third  $(3^{rd})$  living creature four [4] living creatures saying with a say [to the rider (Alex. text) or John]. "Come [not in Alex. text:] and see." So I looked, and behold,

a black horse, and he who sat on it

had a pair of scales in his hand. 6 And I heard a voice in the midst of the four [4] living creatures saying, "A quart of wheat for a denarius, and three quarts of barley for a denarius; and do not harm the oil and the wine."7

#### The Lamb Breaks Seal 4

When He opened the fourth  $[4^{th}]$  seal. I heard the voice of the fourth  $[4^{th}]$ living creature saying. "Come [not in Alex. text:] and see." 8 a pale horse. And the name of him who sat on it was Death. and The Grave [Hades] [Heb. Sheol] followed with him. And power was given to them over a fourth  $[1/4^{th}]$  of the land [earth], to kill with sword,  $[\uparrow Israel]$ with hunger [famine], with death [disease, pestilence], and by the beasts of the land [earth]. 9 [Same 4 judgments on Jerusalem in *Eze* 5:17 and *Eze* 14:21; here again they are on Jerusalem.]

When He opened the fifth  $(5^{th})$  seal. I saw under the altar the souls of those I looked, and behold. who had been slain [cf. 1:21 for the word of God and for the testimony that they held. 10 And they cried with a loud voice, saying, [cf. Lu 18:6-8] "How long, O Lord, holy and true, until You judge and avenge our blood on those who dwell on the land [earth]?"  $[\uparrow Israel]$ 11 Then a white robe was given to each they should rest a little while longer, *[until AD 70: Mt 21:21 || Mk 11:23]* until both the number of their fellow [remnant] servants and their brethren, who would be killed as they were, was completed. 12

The Lamb Breaks Seal 5

The Lamb Breaks Seal 6 When He opened the sixth  $(6^{th})$  seal, [cf. Mt 24:29 || Mk 13:24-25 || Lu 21:25-26 // Joel 2:30-32; Oct 27] there was a great earthquake; and the sun became black [Joel 2:31] as sackcloth of hair. and the moon became like blood. 13 And the stars of heaven fell to the land [earth], as a fig tree drops its late figs when it is shaken by a mighty wind. 14 [Ps 102:26] Then of them; and it was said to them that the sky receded as a scroll [Is 34:4b] when it is rolled up, and every mountain and island was moved out of its place. 15 And the kings of the land [earth], the great men,  $\int \uparrow Israel$ the rich men. the commanders [generals], the mighty men, every slave and every free man, hid themselves in the caves and in the rocks of the mountains, 16 and said to the mountains and rocks, "Fall on us and [cf. Ho 10:8] hide us from the face of Him who sits on the throne and from [cp. Lu 21:22-23; Oct 26] the wrath of the Lamb! 17 [Eze 5:8-17 similar  $\rightarrow$ ] For the great day of His wrath has come. [now!]

and who is able to stand?"

[Answer given in chapter 7.  $\rightarrow$ *cf. Mal* 4:5-6; *Mt* 11:11-14; Mt 17:10-13; Mal 3:2]

# **December 28**

Review for Perspective: Outline of the Vision So Far:

- + ← chapter of Revelation
   ↓ Summary Things to happen soon, to Jerusalem
- 4 Setting in heaven
- 5 The Lamb takes the sealed scroll
- 6 Seals broken, Vision on land:
  - 1. Conquering warrior [<sup>↑</sup> Israel]
  - 2. Peace gone; killing each other
  - 3. A day's wage buys little food
  - 4. Death sends  $\frac{1}{4}$  to the Grave
  - 5. Status in heaven: martyrs there must wait a little while longer for more martyrs to be slain, then judgment & vengeance
  - 6. Disasters on land: the Great Day = the wrath of the Lamb, now

[See <u>This Outline in Parallel</u>.]

From <u>Ge 35:</u>	<u>23-26</u> :		
Israel's Sons in Birth Order:			
Reuben	1-L1		
Simeon	2-L2		
Levi	3-L3		
Judah	4-L4		
Dan	5-B1		
Naphtali	6-B2		
Gad	7-Z1		
Asher	8-Z2		
Issachar	9-L5		
Zebulun	10-L6		
(Dinah	D-L7)		
Joseph	11-R1		
Benjamin	12-R2		
End of List			

[Steve Gregg: <u>Rev 7-8</u>]

**Revelation 7** God Preserves a Remnant of 144,000 Jews on Land 7:1¶ After these things I saw four [4] angels standing at the four [4] corners of the land [earth], holding the  $[\downarrow^{\uparrow} Israel]$ four [4] winds of the land [earth], that the wind should not blow on the land [earth]. on the sea, or on any tree. 2 **Then** I saw another  $(5^{th})$  angel ascending from the east, having the seal of the living God. And he cried with a loud voice to the four [4] angels to whom it was granted to harm the land [earth] and the sea. 3

# saying,

"Do not harm the land [earth], the sea, or the trees
till we have sealed [cf. <u>14:1-5]</u> the servants of our God on their foreheads." 4 And I heard the number of those who were sealed:

One hundred and forty-four thousand [144.000] of all the tribes [v the land] of the children of Israel were sealed: 5 of the tribe of Judah [4-Leah: 4] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; of the tribe of Reuben [1-Leah: 1] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; of the tribe of Gad [7-Zilpah: 1] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; 6 standing of the tribe of Asher [8-Zilpah: 2] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; of the tribe of Naphtali [6-Bilhah: 2] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; of the tribe of Manasseh [...not Dan:] [Joseph's  $1^{st}$  son  $\uparrow$ ] [5-Bilhah: 1] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; 7 of the tribe of Simeon [2-Leah: 2] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed: of the tribe of Levi [3-Leah: 3] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; of the tribe of Issachar [9-Leah: 5] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; 8 of the tribe of Zebulun [10-Leah: 6] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; of the tribe of Joseph [11-Rachel: 1] 12 saying: twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed; of the tribe of Benjamin [12-Rachel: 2] twelve thousand [12,000] were sealed. 9

[Why is Manasseh substituted for Dan? May or may not be significant. Several guesses have been proffered.] A Great Multitude Praises in Heaven After these things

I looked, and behold.

a great multitude that no one could number. of all [cp. 5:9b] [note: no "races"] nations. tribes. peoples, and tongues, before the throne and before the Lamb. clothed with white robes, with palm branches in their hands. 10 and crying out with a loud voice, saving. "Salvation *belongs* to our God who sits on the throne, and to the Lamb!" 11 All the angels stood around the throne and the elders [24] and the four [4] living creatures, and fell on their faces before the throne and worshiped God. "Amen! [cf. 5:12] **Blessing** and glory and wisdom. Thanksgiving and [riches] honor and power and strength [might], *Be* to our God forever and ever.

13¶ Then one of the elders answered, saying to me,

"Who are these arrayed in white robes, and where did they come from?" 14 And I said to him. "Sir, you know." [Eze 37:3] So he said to me. "These are the ones who  $[ \neq Mt 24:21 ]$  the seven [7] angels [messengers] come out of the great tribulation, and washed their robes and made them white in the blood of the Lamb. 15 Therefore they are before the throne of God, and serve Him day and night in His temple [body of Christ]. And He who sits on the throne will

dwell among [epi epi: on, in] them. 16 They shall neither hunger anymore nor thirst anymore; the sun shall not strike them, nor any heat; 17 for the Lamb

who is in the midst of the throne will shepherd them and lead them to living fountains of waters. And God will wipe away every tear from their eyes."

**Revelation 8** 

The Lamb Breaks the 7<sup>th</sup> Seal 8:1 ¶ When He opened the seventh  $(7^{th})$  seal, there was silence [suspense] in heaven for about half  $\left[ \sim \frac{1}{2} \right]$  an hour. 2 And I saw who stand before God. and to them were given seven [7] trumpets. 3 **Then** another  $[8^{th}]$  angel, having a golden censer, came and stood at the altar. He was given much incense, that he should offer *it* with the prayers of all the saints upon the golden altar that was before the throne. 4

And the smoke of the incense, with the prayers of the saints, ascended

# before God

from the angel's hand. 5 Then the  $[8^{th}]$  angel took the censer, filled it with fire from the altar. and threw *it* to the land [earth]. And there were [there, on land] noises, [Israel <sup>↑</sup>] thunderings, lightnings, and an earthquake. 6

### The First Four Trumpets So the seven [7] angels who had

the seven [7] trumpets [cf. Jo 6:6] prepared themselves to sound. 7¶

The 1<sup>st</sup> Trumpet: Hail, Fire, Blood on Land The first *[1<sup>st</sup>]* angel sounded: And hail and fire followed, thrown to the land [earth] [Israel]. And a third  $[1/3^{rd}]$  of the trees were burned up, and all green grass was burned up. 8

# The 2<sup>nd</sup> Trumpet:

Fire, Blood, Death in the Sea Then the second  $[2^{nd}]$  angel sounded: And *something* like a great mountain [Mt Zion: Mt 21:21 || Mk 11:23] burning with fire was thrown into the sea [Galilee], and a third  $\left[\frac{1}{3}^{rd}\right]$  of the sea became blood. 9 And  $[AD \sim 68^{\uparrow} see Josephus^{i}]$ a third  $[1/3^{rd}]$  of the living creatures in the sea died, and a third  $\frac{1}{3}^{rd}$  of the ships were destroyed [by Romans]. 10

The 3<sup>rd</sup> Trumpet: Star from Heaven in the Waters Then the third  $(3^{rd})$  angel sounded: And a great star fell from heaven. burning like a torch, and it fell on a third  $[1/3^{rd}]$  of the rivers and on the springs of water. 11 The name of the star is Wormwood ["bitter"]. mingled with blood, and they were A third  $\left[\frac{1}{3^{rd}}\right]$  of the waters became wormwood, and many men died from the water, because it was made bitter. 12

> The 4<sup>th</sup> Trumpet: Sun, Moon, Stars Darkened Then the fourth  $[4^{th}]$  angel sounded: And a third  $[1/3^{rd}]$  of the sun was struck, a third  $[1/3^{rd}]$  of the moon, and a third  $1/3^{rd}$  of the stars, so that a third  $[1/3^{rd}]$  of them were darkened; a third  $[1/3^{rd}]$  of the day did not shine. and likewise the night. 13

# Three Woes Coming:

**Trumpets 5, 6, 7** 

Then I looked, and I heard an angel flying through the midst of heaven, saying with a loud voice,

"Woe, woe, woe [ + Israel] to the inhabitants of the land [earth], because of the remaining [3] blasts of the trumpet of the three [3] angels who are about to sound!"

### [Steve Gregg: Rev 9-10]

# **Revelation 9** The 5<sup>th</sup> Trumpet, the 1<sup>st</sup> Woe: A Star Opens the Bottomless Pit

9:1¶

Then the fifth [5<sup>th</sup>] angel sounded:The shape of the locusts wasAnd I saw a star fallen from heaven<br/>[the angel of 9:11] to the land [earth]Ike horses prepared for battle. Or<br/>heads were crowns of somet[Israel]. To him was given the key to<br/>the bottomless pit. 2 And he opened<br/>the bottomless pit, and smoke arose<br/>out of the pit like the smoke of a great<br/>furnace. So the sun and the air were<br/>darkened because of the smoke of the<br/>pit. 3 Then out of the smoke locusts<br/>[demons?] came upon the land [earth]The shape of the locusts was<br/>like horses prepared for battle. Or<br/>heads were crowns of somet<br/>like gold, and their faces were<br/>like the faces of men. 8 They had<br/>like women's hair, and their teeth<br/>like lions' teeth. 9 And they had<br/>breastplatesIsrael]. And to them was given power,<br/>as the scorpions of the land [earth]<br/>have power. 4Ike sound of chariots with m<br/>horses running into battle. 1<br/>They had tails

They were commanded not to harm the grass of the land [earth], or any green thing, or

any tree, [as locusts normally do] but only those men who do not have the seal of God on their foreheads. 5 And they were not given authority to kill them, but [4 early AD 70] to torment them for five [5] months. [in Jerusalem; see Josephus <sup>i</sup>] Their torment was like the torment of a scorpion when it strikes a man. 6

In those days

men will seek death and will not find it; they will desire to die, and death will flee from them. 7

The shape of the locusts was like horses prepared for battle. On their heads were crowns of something like gold, and their faces were like the faces of men. 8 They had hair like women's hair, and their teeth were breastplates like breastplates of iron *[invincible]*, and the sound of their wings was like the sound of chariots with many horses running into battle. 10 They had tails like scorpions, and there were stings in their tails. Their power *was* to hurt men five [5] months. 11 And they had as king over them the angel of the bottomless pit, [the "star" of v1 with the key] whose name in Hebrew is [Job 28:22] Abaddon ["Destruction"], but in Greek he has the name Apollyon ["Destroyer"]. 12 One woe [the  $5^{th}$  trumpet] is past.

Behold, still two more woes [the  $6^{th} \& 7^{th}$  trumpets] are coming after these things. 13 ¶

# The 6<sup>th</sup> Trumpet, the 2<sup>nd</sup> Woe:

the hour and day and month and year, for their tails *are* like serpents, were released to kill [*cf*. Ze 13:8-9] having heads; a third  $[1/3^{rd}]$  of mankind [*in the* land].16 and with them they do harm But the rest of mankind [*last 2*].

the army of the horsemen was<br/>two hundred million [200,000,000];who were not<br/>did not repent ofI heard the number of them [7:4a]. 17<br/>And thus I saw the horses in the vision:the works of<br/>that they should not<br/>that they should not

had breastplates of

fiery red, hyacinth blue, and sulfur yellow; and the heads of the horses *were* like the heads of lions; and out of their mouths came fire, [Jerusalem = Sodom]

smoke, and *[hence, divine jdgmt]* brimstone. 18 [The  $1/3^{rd}$  of Jews killed:] By these three [3] plagues [cf. Ze 13:8-9] a third [1/3<sup>rd</sup>] of mankind was killed — by the fire and the smoke and the brimston that came out of their mouths. 19 [ the  $\uparrow$  horses of v17] in their mouth and in their tails: having heads; and with them they do harm. 20 But the rest of mankind *[last 2/3^{rd}]*, who were not killed by these plagues, the works of their hands, that they should not worship demons and idols of gold, silver. brass, stone, and wood — which can neither see nor hear nor walk. 21 And they did not repent of their murders or their sorceries or their sexual immorality or their thefts.

[Now an interruption about the whole world, not just Israel. Then the seventh trumpet: the second coming (10:7, 11:15). Then back to the fall of Jerusalem.]

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# **December 29**

*Review for Perspective:* **Outline of the Vision So Far:** 

- $+ \leftarrow chapter of Revelation$
- $\checkmark$  <u>Summary</u> Things to happen soon, to Jerusalem

4 Setting in heaven

- 5 The Lamb takes the sealed scroll
- 6 Seals (7) broken. Vision on land:
  - 1. Conquering warrior [^ Israel]
  - 2. Peace gone; killing each other
  - 3. A day's wage buys little food
  - 4. Death sends  $\frac{1}{4}$ <sup>th</sup> to the Grave
  - 5. Status in heaven: martyrs there must wait a little while longer for more martyrs to be slain, then judgment & vengeance
  - 6. Disasters on land: the Great Day = the wrath of the Lamb, now
- 7 God preserves 144K Jews on land [hence, "land" means Israel] Many praise God in heaven
- 8 7. Silence in heaven ~<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> an hour Seven angels, seven trumpets
  - 8<sup>th</sup> angel offers incense, prayers then throws fire to land: earthquakes, etc., on land Trumpets blown:
  - 1. Hail, fire, blood on land
  - 2. Fire, blood, death at sea
  - 3. A "star" turns waters bitter
  - 4. Sun, moon, stars darkened
- Three woes coming: 3 trumpets 9 5. A "star" opens the bottomless pit: tormenting locusts: 5 mos 6. Four angels, 200M horsemen: fire, smoke, brimstone on Jews

[See This Outline in Parallel.]

# The Little Book, **Re 10-13**

[See the Layout of the Book of Revelation, below, by Steve Gregg]

# Introduction to The Little Book

Overview from the birth of Christ to His second coming

**Revelation 10** The Angel and the Little Book 10:1 ¶ I saw still another mighty angel coming down from heaven, clothed with a cloud; and a rainbow *was* on his head, his face *was* like the sun, and his feet like pillars of fire. 2 [*Cp*.1:13b-16] He had a little book open in his hand. And he set  $[ \downarrow the Gentiles ]$ his right foot on the sea and *his* left *foot* on the land, 3 [<sup>™</sup> of Israel] [Hence, international relevance] and cried with a loud voice. as when a lion roars. When he cried out, seven [7] thunders uttered their voices. Now when the 4 seven [7] thunders uttered their voices, I was about to write: but I heard a voice from heaven saving to me. "Seal up the things that the seven [7] thunders uttered, and do not write them." 5 [Possibly the content of The Little Book: sealed up because it was not immedi- as He [had] declared to ately relevant, and distinct from the

prophecy about the fall of Jerusalem.]

The angel whom I saw standing on the sea [the Gentiles] and on the land [of Israel] raised up his hand to heaven 6 and swore by

### Him who lives forever and ever, who created [*Ge* 1:1-2:1] heaven

and the things that are in it, the lands [earth] [not just Israel] and the things that are in it, and said to me, the sea

and the things that are in it, that there should be delay no longer, 7 but in the days of the sounding of the seventh  $(7^{th})$  angel, when he is about to sound, the mystery of God would be finished, /telew teleo: concluded,

accomplished, *completed*, fulfilled, realized1 [Eph 3:3-6: that mystery is Jews and Gentiles together in the Body of Christ, the Church. Hence, The Little Book is about the Church Age, following the complete fulfillment of Daniel's Seventy Sevens prophecy: Da 9:24-27. End: at the last day, the last trumpet (#7), rapture & resurrection: 1Co 15:51-52] His servants the prophets.

[Ze 14:8-21?, Joel 3:17-21?]

8 **Then** the voice **that** I heard from heaven [v4] spoke to me again and said, "Go, take the little book that is open in the hand of the angel who stands on the sea and on the land [earth]." 9 So I went to the angel and said to him, "Give me the little book." And he said to me, [Job 23:12b, Je 15:16, Eze 3:1] "Take and eat it; and it will make your stomach bitter, but it will be as sweet as honey in your mouth." 10 Then I took the little book *[possibly*] *Re 10-13* out of the angel's hand and ate it, and it was as sweet as honey in my mouth. But when I had eaten it, my stomach became bitter. 11 And he "You must prophesy again about many [not just Israel, but all people:] peoples. [cp. 7:9] nations. [note: no "races"] tongues, and kings." [note: no "tribes"] Not unlike: **Ezekiel 3:1-3** 3:1¶ Moreover He said to me. "Son of man. eat what you find; eat this scroll, and go, speak to the house of Israel." 2 So I opened my mouth, and He caused me to eat that scroll. 3 And He said to me. "Son of man, feed your belly, and fill your stomach with this scroll that I give you." So I ate, and it was in my mouth like honey in sweetness.

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### Body of The Little Book

[Steve Gregg: Rev 10-11]

**Revelation 11** The Temple is Measured 11:1¶ Then I was given a reed like [for use as] a measuring rod. And the angel stood, saying, "Rise and measure [cf. Eze 40-46] the temple [holy of holies] of God. the altar, and [hence, the Church] those who worship there. 2 [Measured for preservation: true worship, true Israel, the Church.]

City Trampled by Gentiles 42 months But leave out the court **that** is outside the temple, and do not measure it [false Israel: unbelievers], for it has been given to the Gentiles. And they will tread the holy city underfoot for forty-two [42] months [3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> years].

**Luke 21:24** [in AD 70:] And they will fall by the edge of the sword, and be led away captive into all nations. And Jerusalem will be trampled by Gentiles until the times of the Gentiles are fulfilled. [>2018]

The Two Witnesses for 1260 days And I will give power to [the Body of Christ:] My two [2] witnesses [De 17:6], and they will prophesy one thousand two hundred and sixty [1,260] days, clothed in sackcloth." 4  $[42 \times 30 \text{ days/month} = 1,260 \text{ days, as}]$ Jesus' own ministry was 3 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> years.] These are [<u>Ze 4</u>] the two [2] olive trees and [Jews and Gentiles: Ro 11:17] the two [2] lampstands [two churches: 1:20d] Home; TitlePage; Hebrews-Revelation ToC: page 57

standing before the God of the land [earth]. 5 And if anyone wants to harm them. fire proceeds from their mouth and devours their enemies.

And if anyone wants to harm them,

he must be killed in this manner. 6 These have power to shut heaven, so that no rain falls in the days of their prophecy [as Elijah (prophet) did for  $3\frac{1}{2}$  years: 1Ki 17:1]; and they have power over waters to turn them to blood [*Ex* 7:14-25], and to strike the lands [earth] with all plagues, as often as they desire [as Moses (law) did: Ex 8-11]. 7

When they finish their testimony, [Rome] that ascends out of the bottomless pit [1<sup>st</sup> ref.; 17:8] will make war against them. *[not just 2]* overcome them, and kill them. 8 And their dead body [bodies] will lie in the

street of the great city [Jerusalem: end of verse | that spiritually is called

Sodom and [Lot saved from it] Egypt, [Israel saved from it] where also our Lord was crucified. 9

Then <i>those</i> from the
peoples, [cp. <u>10:11</u> ]
tribes,
tongues, and
nations [note: no "races"]
will see their dead bodies three-and-a-
half [3 <sup>1</sup> /2] days, and not allow their dead
bodies to be put into graves. 10 And
those who dwell on the land [earth] will
rejoice over <mark>them</mark> ,
make merry, and
send gifts to one another,

because these two prophets  $v_4$  tor- And the twenty-four (24) elders mented those who dwell on the lands [earth]. 11

Now after the three-and-a-half [3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>] days the breath of life from God entered them, and they stood on their feet, and great fear fell on those who saw them. 12 And they heard a loud voice from heaven saying to them,

"Come up here." [rapture:] And they ascended to heaven in a cloud, and their enemies saw them. 13 In the same hour there was a great earthquake, and a tenth  $(1/10^{th})$  of the city fell. In the earthquake seven thousand [7,000] people were killed, and the rest

were afraid and gave glory to the God of heaven.

14 The second  $[2^{nd}]$  we is past. Behold, the third  $[3^{rd}]$  woe is coming quickly [tacu tachu without delay]. 15

The 7<sup>th</sup> Trumpet, the 3<sup>rd</sup> Woe: Loud Worship in Heaven: Wrath on Land: LNT, Quake, Hail Then the seventh  $(7^{th})$  angel sounded [10:7]: And there were loud voices in heaven, saying, "The kingdoms of this world have be**come** [at Resurrection] the kingdoms of our Lord and of His Christ, [the great day of...] and He shall reign forever and ever!"16 [Da 2:44; 4:3,32,34; 6:26; 7:14,18,27]

who sat before God on their thrones fell on their faces and worshiped God. 17 saving: "We give You thanks.

O Lord God Almighty, The One who is and  $[3^{rd} of 4]$ who was and who is to come, Because You have taken Your great power and reigned [NAS: begun to reign]. 18 The nations were angry, and Your wrath has come, and the time of the dead [has come], *[for the final judgment:]* that they should be judged, and that You should reward Your servants [even ↓] the prophets and the saints, and those who fear Your name, small and great, and [that You] should destroy those who destroy [Your people:] the lands [earth]." 19

Then the temple of God was opened in heaven, *[∠ Jesus*] and the ark of His covenant was seen in His temple [the Church]. And there were  $[\uparrow raptured]$ [on land] lightnings, noises. thunderings, an earthquake, and great hail. [Cp. 8:7, 16:17-21]

#### **Revelation 12** The Woman with Child & the Dragon

[Steve Gregg: Rev 12]

12:1¶ Now a great sign appeared in heaven: a woman [representing (true) Israel] clothed with the sun, [Ge 37:9] with the moon under her feet, and on her head a garland of twelve [12] stars. 2

Then being with Child, she cried out in labor and in pain [Jer 4:31]

And another sign appeared in heaven: behold, a great, fiery red dragon having

seven [7] heads  $\left[\frac{1^{st} of 5}{2}\right]$  and ten [10] horns, and seven [7] crowns [diadems] on his heads. 4 His tail drew [Da 8:10 Anti. Epiph.] a third  $\left[\frac{1}{3^{rd}}\right]$  of the stars of heaven [hence, the righteous] [not angels falling] and threw them to the ground [earth]. And the dragon stood before the woman who was ready to give birth, to devour her Child as soon as it was born *[via* Herod: Mt 2:16]. 5 She bore a male Child [4 BC] who was to rule all nations "with a rod of iron" [Ps 2:8-9]. And her Child [Jesus Christ, in AD 26-30] [taught, was crucified, during which war 7, *was resurrected, then ascended:*] was caught up to God and His throne. [*Mk* 16:19 || Lu 24:51 || Ac 1:9;

Da 7:13-14; Re @] 6

Then  $\left[\sim_{AD} 67\right]$  the woman fled into the wilderness [Mt 24:16 || Mk 13:14b || Lu 21:21], where she has a place prepared by God, that they [who?] should feed her there one thousand two hundred and sixty [1,260] days." 7  $[= 42 \times 30 \text{ days/month} \sim = 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ years}]$ [1290, 1335 cf. Da 12:11-12]

(War of Heaven: Dragon Cast Out And war broke out in heaven: Michael and his angels fought with the dragon; and the dragon and his angels to give birth [to the Christ Child]. 3 fought, 8 but they did not prevail, nor was a place found for them in heaven any longer. 9

[At the Resurrection:] So was cast out, [Ge 3; Jn 12:31] called the **Devil** and **S** who deceives the whole world: he was cast to the ground [earth], and his angels were cast out with him. 10

### ←-----→ [Like Israel fleeing from Egypt.] [Je 4:31]

### $[\leftarrow AD 30]$ Then I heard a loud voice

saying in heaven [cf. 11:15], "Now salvation, and strength, and the kingdom of our God and the power of His Christ have come [at the Resurrection, AD 30], [Job; Ze 3; Ro 8:33-34  $\rightarrow$ ] for the accuser [Satan] of our brethren, the land [earth] who accused them before our God day and night,  $[ \nu^{\uparrow} no \ longer ]$ has been cast down [Jn 12:31]. 11 And they [the brethren] overcame him by the blood of the Lamb and by the word of their testimony, and they did not love their lives to the death *[their own]*. 12¶ Therefore rejoice.

O heavens, and you who dwell in them! Woe to the inhabitants of the land [earth] and the sea For the devil has come down to you,

### having great wrath, $\int 4D 30-70?$ because he knows $[ \downarrow 40 \text{ years} ? ]$ that he has *[but]* a short time." 13 Now when the dragon saw that he had been cast to the ground [earth], he persecuted the woman [the remnant] who gave birth to the male Child. 14

The Woman Saved for T. Ts. & <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>T But the woman was given [~repeat v6] two [2] wings of a great eagle, [as in the exodus  $\uparrow \underline{Ex 19:4}$ ] that she might fly into the wilderness to her place, where she is nourished for a time and times and half a time. [cf. v6; only other uses: Da 7:25, 12:7] from the presence of the serpent . 15 So the serpen spewed water out of his mouth [lies  $\uparrow$  deception Jn 8:44] like a flood after the woman. that he might cause her to be carried away by the flood. 16 But the land [earth] helped the woman, and opened its mouth and swallowed up the flood that the dragon had spewed out of his mouth. 17 And the dragon was enraged with the woman, and he went to make war [to AD 2018...] with the rest of her offspring, who  $[\uparrow subsequent believers]$ keep the commandments of God and have the testimony of Jesus Christ. [War by the dragon:]

)

# [S. Gregg: <u>Rev 1</u>3]

**Revelation 13** 

The Beast out of the Sea: 42 months 13:1 ¶ Then I [Alexandrian text: he] stood on the sand of the sea [Gentiles]. And I saw [human empires, Rome 1<sup>st</sup>:] a beast rising up out of the sea, having seven [7] heads  $\left[2^{nd} \text{ of } 5\right]$  and ten [10] horns, and on his horns ten [10] crowns, and on his heads a [1] blasphemous name ["Lord"?]. 2 **Now** the beast that I saw was like a leopard, his feet were like the feet of a bear, and his mouth It was granted to him to make war like the mouth of a lion. [*Cf.* <u>*Da* 7:4-7</u> for the same three, plus a fourth with 10 horns] The dragon gave him his power, his throne, and great authority. 3 [ $\checkmark$  Rome] And I saw one of his heads as if it had been mortally wounded, and his deadly wound was healed. And all the world marveled and followed the beast. 4 So they [the people] worshiped who gave authority to the beast; and they worshiped the beast, saying, "Who is like the beas Who is able to make war with him?" 5 he who kills with the sword

of her offspring: 12:17, to AD 2018... And he was given a mouth speaking great things and blasphemies, and he was given authority to continue for forty-two [42] months [to 2018...]. 6 Then he opened his mouth in blasphemy against God, to blaspheme His name,  $[\downarrow the Church]$ His tabernacle, and those who dwell in heaven. 7 with the saints and to overcome them. And authority was given him over every tribe. [*cp*. 11:9] tongue, and [no "people" here] nation. 8 [nor "race" ever] All who dwell on the lands [earth] will worship him [big government] whose names have not been written in the Book of Life [2<sup>nd</sup>] of the Lamb slain from the foundation of the world. 9 If anyone has an ear, let him hear: 10 He who leads into captivity shall go into captivity; must be killed with the sword. Here is the patience and the faith of the saints.

Two systems to make war on the rest

### The Beast out of the Land: 42 months

[This is the false prophet of 16:13] & 19:20, the worldly religious systems, then false Judaism, wedded to the State. Hence, a State religion, e.g., atheism:] <sup>11</sup>¶ Then I saw another beast coming up out of the land [earth], and he had two [2] horns [pretending] like a lamb and [to be Christ] spoke [De 13:1-3] [but actually] like a dragon. 12 And he exercises all the authority of ne first beast in his presence, [hence, for the 42 months: v5b] and causes the land [earth] and [that is,] those who dwell in it to worship the first beas whose deadly wound was healed. 13 He performs great signs, so that he even makes fire come down from heaven on the land [earth] in the sight of men. 14 [mimicking the 2 witnesses: 11:5] And he deceives those who dwell on the land [earth] by those signs **that** he was granted to do in the sight of the beast, telling those who dwell on the land [earth] to make an image to the beast who was wounded by the sword and lived. 15 [to make an idol of the State, to be worshiped, as the provider and solution to all problems, as modern socialism, progressivism.]

He was granted *power* to give breath to the image of the beast, that the image of he beast should both speak and cause as many as would not worship the image he beast to be killed. 16 He causes of all — both small and great, rich and poor, free and slave to receive a mark [cp. *Eze* 9:4] on their right hand [doing] or on their foreheads [thinking], 17 [<u>Ro 6:16</u>: slaves of sin/the beas or slaves of righteousness/God? Each person a slave of one/other. "We have no king but Caesar."] and that no one may buy or sell except one who has the mark or [cp. De 6:4-9] the name of the or the number of his name. 18

### Here is wisdom:

Let him who has understanding calculate the number of the beast, for it is the number of a man: His number is 666.

["Caesar Nero" in Hebrew: 666, head of Rome at that time. Textual variation: one "n" missing, 616. Nero committed suicide mid AD 68. His main persecution of Christians was his last  $3^{1/2}$  years: AD 64-68. He was the then-current manifestation of human kingdoms.]

End of The Little Book [Back to the fall of Jerusalem:]

43

### **Revelation 14**

The Lamb and the 144.000 [Back to the 144.000 means we are back to the fall of Jerusalem:] 14:1 ¶ Then I looked, and behold, a Lamb standing on Mount Zion, and with Him [the remnant: He 12:22] one hundred and forty-four thousand [144,000], having His Father's name written on their foreheads [thinking, *i.e.*, *believers*]. 2 And I heard a voice from heaven, like the voice of many waters, and like the voice of loud thunder. And I heard the sound of harpists playing their harps. 3 They sang, as it were, a new song before the throne. before the four [4] living creatures and the elders [24]; and no one could learn that song except the hundred and forty-four thousand [144,000] who were redeemed from the land [earth] [i.e., the people]. 4 These are the ones who were not defiled with women, for they are virgins. *[Pure.]* These are the ones [Christians:] who follow the Lamb wherever He goes. These were redeemed from *among* men, being firstfruits [the first believers] [AD 70 escapees; Ja 1:18] to God and [hence. Jews] to the Lamb. 5 And in their mouth was found no deceit, for they are without fault before the throne of God.

[S. G.: Rev 14-16] Three Angels with Three Messages 6¶ Then I saw another angel [#1] flying in the midst of heaven, having the Eternal [everlasting] gospel to preach to those who dwell on the lands [earth] — to every [cp. 13:7]nation, [note: no "races"] tribe. tongue, and people — 7

> Message 1: The Hour Has Come saving with a loud voice, "Fear God and give glory to Him, for the hour of His judgment has come; and worship Him who made  $[^{\uparrow}AD 70]$ heaven and land [earth]. the sea and springs of water." 8

### Msg 2: Babylon (Jerusalem) Is Fallen

And another  $[2^{nd}]$  angel followed, saying, [cp. 18:2; Isa 21:9b; Jer 51:37] "Babylon [1<sup>st</sup> reference in Rev'n] [2<sup>nd</sup>: 16:19; definition: 17:1-7] is fallen, is fallen, [in AD 70] that great city, [<sup>r</sup> details: Ch 18] [the great city: 11:8; Sodom, Egypt, now Babylon] because she has made all nations drink of the wine of the wrath of her fornication." 9 [cf. Is 23:17]

# Message 3: Marked Men Perish

Then a third  $[3^{rd}]$  angel followed them, saving with a loud voice.

"If anyone worships the beast and his image, and a white cloud, and on the cloud sat receives his mark [Eze 9:4] on his forehead [thinking] or on his hand [doing], 10 he himself shall also drink of the wine of the wrath of God that is poured out full strength into the cup of His indignation. He shall be tormented with fire and brimstone in the presence of the holy angels and [<u>2Th 1:9]</u> in the presence of the Lamb. 11 And the smoke of their torment ascends forever and ever: *[imagerv from Sodom, then Edom: Ge* 19:24,27; *Is* 34:10; *not* literal] and they have no rest day or night, who worship the beast and his image, and whoever receives *[his signature:]* the mark of his name." 12 Here is the patience of the saints: here *are* those who keep the commandments of God and the faith of Jesus

#### 13¶

### Blessed are the Dead in the Lord Then I heard a voice from heaven saying to me. "Write: 'Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord from now on."" [from their death onward $\uparrow$ ] "Yes," says the Spirit, "that they may rest from their labors, and their works follow them." 14

### The Dual Harvest of the Land

[1<sup>st</sup> by the Son of Man: the good; then by an angel: the unrighteous] Then I looked, and behold. *One* like the Son of Man, having on His head a golden crown, and in His hand a sharp sickle. 15 And another angel [#4] came out of the temple, crying with a loud voice to Him who sat on the cloud. "Thrust in Your sickle and reap, for the time has come for You to reap, for the harvest of the land [earth] [*i.e.*, of the people] is ripe." 16 So He who sat on the cloud thrust in His sickle on the land [earth], and the land [earth] was reaped. 17 [Sounds like the saving of the good, for protection from the coming judgment – "in the wilderness": 12:6,14. Wheat harvest at Pentecost.]

Then another angel [#5] came out of the temple

that is in heaven. he also having a sharp sickle. 18 And another angel [#6] came out from the altar.

who had power over fire, and he cried with a loud cry to him [#5] who had the sharp sickle,

# saving.

"Thrust in your sharp sickle and gather the clusters of the vine of the land [earth]. for her grapes are fully ripe." 19

### So the angel [#5]

thrust his sickle into the land [earth] and gathered the vine of the land [earth] and threw *it* into  $[^{\uparrow} Israel: Is 5:7]$  the great winepress

of the wrath of God. 20 And the winepress [*i.e.*, what was in it] was trampled outside the city, and blood came out of the winepress, [Lam 1:15: as in a winepress] up to the horses' bridles, for one thousand six hundred [1,600] furlongs [Wikipedia: 200 miles; the whole length of Israel (184?)]. [Sounds like judgment of the bad. Harvest of the grapes, end of summer.] [Justification: <u>Mt 3:12,10//Lu 3:17,9</u>]

[Do the next seven angels of Ch. 15 constitute angel #7 of this set, as the seven trumpets constituted the seventh seal? Maybe; not important.]

# December 30

		-
Re	eview for Perspective:	
0	utline of the Vision So Far:	
+	← chapter of Revelation	
$\checkmark$	<u>Summary</u>	1
4	Setting in <mark>heaven</mark>	1
5	The Lamb takes the sealed scroll	
6	Seals (7) broken, Vision on land:	
	1. Conquering warrior [ <sup>↑</sup> Israel]	
	2. Peace gone; killing each other	
	3. A day's wage buys little food	1
	4. Death sends $\frac{1}{4^{\text{th}}}$ to the Grave	
	5. Status in heaven: martyrs there	
	must wait a little while longer	
	for more martyrs to be slain,	
	then judgment & vengeance	1
	6. Disasters on land: the Great Day	
	= the wrath of the Lamb, now	
7	God preserves 144K Jews on land	
	[hence, "land" means Israel]	
	Many praise God in heaven	1
8	7. Silence in <mark>heaven</mark> ~½ an hour	
	Seven angels, seven trumpets	
	8 <sup>th</sup> angel offers incense, prayers	
	<mark>then</mark> throws <mark>fire</mark> to land:	
	earthquakes, etc., on land	
	Trumpets blown:	
	1. Hail, fire, blood on land	
	2. Fire, blood, death at sea	
	3. A "star" turns waters bitter	
	4. <mark>Sun</mark> , moon, stars darkened	
	Three woes coming: 3 trumpets	
9	5. A "star" opens the bottomless	
	pit: tormenting locusts: <mark>5 mos</mark>	
	6. Four angels, 200M horsemen:	

fire, smoke, brimstone on Jews

The Little Book, *Rev 10-13?* Overview from the birth of Christ to His second coming <sup>10</sup> The Angel and the Little Book 11 The Temple Measured Jerusalem 2b tread under foot (v2)Two witnesses (v3) 42 mos. (v2) = 1260 days (v3)7. Worship in Hvn, Wrath on Land 12 Woman with Child & the Drago War in Heaven: Dragon Cast Out (Dragon has only a short time) Woman nourished, cared for: 1260 days (v6) =  $T, T, \& \frac{1}{2}T$  (v14) <sup>13</sup> The Beast Out of the Sea: 42 mos The Beast Out of the Land: " The Little Book, end Back to the fall of Jerusalem

The Lamb and 144,000: Mt Zion Three Angels w/ Three Messages
1. The Hour Has Come: Judgment
2. Babylon (Jerusalem) Is Fallen
3. Marked Men Perish
Blessed are the Dead in the Lord The Dual Harvest of the Land

[See This Outline in Parallel.]

### **Revelation 15** The Song of Moses and of the Lamb 15:1¶ Then I saw another sign in heaven, great and marvelous: seven [7] angels having the seven [7] last plagues, for in them the wrath of God is complete. 2 And I saw *something* like a sea of glass mingled with fire, and those who have the victory [dying faithful is victory] over the beast, over his image and over his mark and over the number of his name. standing on the sea of glass, having harps of God. 3 They sing [songs of two exoduses:] the song of Moses [Ex 15:1-18], the servant of God, and the song of the Lamb, saving: "Great and marvelous *are* Your works. Lord God Almighty! Your ways, Just and true *are* O King of the saints! 4 Who shall not fear You. O Lord. and glorify Your name? For <u>*You*</u> alone *are* holy. For all nations shall come and worship before You, For Your judgments [against Jeru.]

have been manifested."

Seven Bowls of Seven Plagues 5¶ After these things [the song] I looked, and behold. the temple of the tabernacle of the testimony

### in heaven

was opened. 6 And out of the temple came the seven [7] angels having the seven [7] plagues, clothed in pure bright linen, and having their chests girded with golden bands. 7 Then one of the four [4] living creatures gave to the seven [7] angels seven [7] golden bowls full of the wrath of God who lives forever and ever. 8 The temple was filled with smoke [Ex 40:34-35: Moses; 1Ki 8:10-11 Solomon] from the glory of God and from His power, and no one was able to enter the temple till the seven [7] plagues of the seven [7] angels were completed.

### **Revelation 16**

16:1 ¶ Then I heard a loud voice from the temple saying to the seven [7] angels, "Go and pour out [cf. Lu 21:22] the bowls of the wrath of God on the land [earth] [Israel]." 2

**Plague 1: Sores on Marked Men** So the first  $[1^{st}]$  went and poured out his bowl upon the land [earth], and a foul and loathsome sore came upon the men who had the mark of the bea and those who worshiped his image. 3 ["We have no king but Caesar"]

**Plague 2: Death of All Sea Creatures** Then the second  $(2^{nd})$  angel poured out his bowl on the sea, and [similar to the 2<sup>nd</sup> trumpet] it became blood as of a dead *man*; and every living creature in the sea died. 4

Plague 3: Rivers & Springs of Blood Then the third  $[3^{rd}]$  angel poured out his bowl <mark>on the</mark> rivers and springs of water, and they became blood [cf. Ex 7:14-25]. 5 And I heard the angel of the waters saying: "You are righteous, O Lord, The One who is and  $[4^{th} of 4]$ who was and who is to be, Because You have judged these things. 6 For they have shed the blood of [<sup>↑</sup> Jeru.: Lu 13:33-35, Mt 23:35-36] saints and prophets, And You have given them blood to drink. For it is their just due." 7 And I heard another from the altar saving. "Even so, Lord God Almighty, true and righteous are

Your judgments." 8¶

**Plague 4: Men Sun-Scorched Then** the fourth  $[4^{th}]$  angel poured out his bowl on the sun. [Re 7:16b; Is 49:10; Ps 121:5-6] and power was given to him to scorch men with fire. 9 And men were scorched with great heat, and For they are spirits of demonst they blasphemed the name of God who has power over these plagues; and they did not

repent and give Him glory. 10

#### **Plague 5: Darkness in Rome**

Then the fifth  $(5^{th})$  angel poured out his bowl on the throne of and his kingdom *[Rome at that time]* became full of darkness; and [AD 68: Nero committed suicide. resulting in civil war until Vespasian became Caesar in AD 691 they gnawed their tongues because of the pain. 11 They blasphemed the God of heaven because of their pains and their sores, and did not repent of their deeds. 12¶

Plague 6: Euphrates Dried Up **Then** the sixth  $(6^{th})$  angel poured out his bowl on the great river Euphrates, and its water was dried up, [recalls how Babylon past was conquered by Cyrus of Persia, the East; symbolic: obstacles] so that [the new conquerors, the Romans:] the way of the kings from the east might be prepared. 13

And I saw three [3] unclean spirits like frogs *coming* [one each] out of the mouth of the dragon [ch. 12], out of the mouth of the beast, and out of the mouth of the false prophet. 14 [13:11ff: first mention  $\uparrow$  in Revelation] performing signs. which [spirits] go out to the kings of the lands [earth] and of the whole world. to gather them to the battle [Roman<sup>+</sup>troops from many nations] of that great day of God Almighty. 15 [Who says:] [cf. Lu12:35ff, Mt24:43ff] "Behold, I am coming as a thief. Blessed *is* he who watches, and keeps his garments, lest he walk naked and they see his shame." 16 And they [the spirits] gathered them [the kings] together to the place called in Hebrew, Armageddon<sup>16</sup>

["the hill or city of Megiddo"]. 17

<sup>16</sup> The scene of a the struggle of good and evil is suggested by that battle plain of Esdraelon, which was famous for two great victories. of Barak over the Canaanites, and of Gideon over the Midianites: and for two great disasters, the deaths of Saul and Josiah. Hence in Revelation it is a place of great slaughter, the scene of a terrible retribution

upon the wicked. The RSV translates the name as Har-Magedon, i.e. the hill (as Ar is the city) of Megiddo. Highlighting Legend & Latest Notes 46

#### Plague 7: Heavy Hail

Then the seventh  $[7^{th}]$  angel poured out his bowl into the air,

### and <mark>a loud voice</mark> came out of the temple of heaven, from the throne,

#### saying,

"It is done!" 18

And there were [on the land] noises and thunderings and lightnings; and there was a great earthquake, such a mighty and great earthquake as had not occurred since men were on the land [earth]. 19

Now the great city [Jerusalem, but characterized here as Babylon] was divided

into three [3] parts [Eze 5:1-5], wind and the city [cities] of the nations fell. And great Babylon was remembered before God, to give her the cup of the wine of the fierceness of His wrath. 20 into the wilde

Then every islandfled away, and the<br/>mountainsAnd I saw a woman<br/>( $f^{th}$  Seal].21And great hailfrom heavenfell up-<br/>("We have no ki<br/>sitting on a sear

about the weight of a talent.

[Wikipedia: ~58.9kg = ~130 lbs] [Josephus: Romans used catapults to lob (white) stones on Jerusalem, the weight of a talent. "The son comes." Wars of Jews, Book V, ¶3.] Men blasphemed God

because of the plague of the hail, since that plague was exceedingly great.

# **Identities** confirmed

[Ch. 18 starts @51:48↓] [Steve Gregg: <mark>Rev 17-18</mark>]

Revelation 17 The Great Harlot (Jerusalem)

17:1¶ Then one of the seven [7] angels who had the seven [7] bowls came and talked with me, saying to me,

"Come, I will show you the judgment of the great harlot [unfaithful] [Jerusalem: <u>6:19</u>, <u>14:8</u>] who sits on many waters, <u>2</u> with whom [^ peoples: v15] the kings of the land [earth] committed fornication, and the inhabitants of the land [earth] were made drunk with the wine of her fornication." <u>3</u> [cf. Is 23:17]

away in the Spirit into the wilderness [away from Israel to...]. and I saw a woman [the harlot, the city Jerusalem] ["We have no king but Caesar":] sitting on a searlet beast [the Roman Empire] that was full of names of blasphemy [Caesars = Lords], having [ $\varkappa 3^{rd} of 5$ ] seven [7] heads and  $\rightarrow$ ten [10] horns. 4 [Deliberate contrast in Revelation: Unfaithful Jerusalem: <u>Is 1:21</u> versus Faithful Jerusalem, the bride: <u>Re 21</u>.]

The woman was arrayed in

purple and

scarlet

and adorned with gold and

ne judgment of<br/>ful]precious stones and pearls,<br/>having in her hand a golden cup full of<br/>abominations and<br/>the filthiness of her fornication. 5futers, 2the filthiness of her fornication. 5es: v15]<br/>nd [earth]<br/>nication, and<br/>te land [earth]<br/>nk with the<br/>fornication." 3And on her forehead a name was written:<br/>Mystery,<br/>BABYLON THE GREAT,<br/>THE MOTHER OF HARLOTS AND<br/>[*Lze 16, 23]* OF THE LAND [EARTH]. 6[cf. Is 23:17]I saw the woman, drunk<br/>with the blood of the saints and

with the blood of the martyrs of Jesus.

And when I saw her, I marveled with great amazement. 7¶ But the angel said to me, "Why did you marvel? I will tell you the mystery

# of the woman and of the *[scarlet]* beast

that carries her,  $[\nu 3^{rd} of 5]$  which h $[\underline{Re 13:1}]$   $[\nu 4^{th} of 5]$ s and  $\rightarrow$  the seven [7] heads and 4 the ten [10] horns. 8 [Jerusalem was supported and protected by Rome, which is on 7 hills, so indirectly she sits on the 7.]

 $\rightarrow$ 

 $\rightarrow$ 

[Next, the scarlet beast represents,

first, the Roman Empire, which, in turn, represents all human empires:]

The Scarlet Beast (Roman Empire)
The [scarlet] beast that you saw
was, and [^ the Ronan Empire]
is not, and
will ascend [cf. <u>11:7</u> ]
out of the bottomless pit and
[will] go to perdition. And
those who dwell on the lands [earth]
will marvel, [cf. <u>13:8</u> :]
whose names are not written in the
Book of Life [of the Lamb slain]
from the foundation of the world,
when they see the <i>[scarlet]</i> beast that
was, and [^ the Ronan Empire]
is not, and
yet is. 9

[← Jerusalem's blood guilt] [← Jerusalem's blood guilt]

[+ <u>5<sup>th</sup> of 5]</u> **The Seven Heads (Hills of Rome)** Here *is* the mind that has wisdom: The seven [7] heads are [*represent*] seven [7] mountains on which the woman sits [*the* 7 "*hills*" of Rome]. 10 [*He doesn't tell us what the ten horns represent, usually power, until v12.*]

The 7 (no, 8) Heads (Kings=Caesars) The Ten Horns (Then-Future Kings) There are also seven [7] kings. The ten [10] horns that you saw are [represent] AD Roman Caesars ("Kings" 1-9) ten [10] kings -49  $0^{\text{th}}$  Julius: 1<sup>st</sup> king by Jew's count who have received no kingdom assassinated March 15, 44 BC -27 1<sup>st</sup> Augustus: natural death as yet [i.e., they will arise later], but they receive authority 1<sup>st</sup> emperor by Roman count  $2^{nd}$  Tiberias: natural death for one hour 17 as kings with the [scarlet] beas  $3^{rd}$ Gaius (Caligula): assassinated 37 [successors of the Roman Empire]. 13 For God has put it into their hearts Claudius: poisoned by wife  $4^{\text{th}}$ 41 These are of one mind, and  $5^{\text{th}}$ Nero: committed suicide 54 **-6**<sup>th</sup> they will give Galba: deposed quickly 68 -6<sup>th</sup> their power and authority Otho: deposed quickly 68 Vitellius: deposed quickly to the *[scarlet]* beas -6<sup>th</sup> 68 6<sup>th</sup> Vespasian: natural death [human empires]. 14¶ 69 7<sup>th</sup> Titus: natural death (fever) 79 These [the 10] will make war with 8<sup>th</sup> Domitian: 81 the Lamb, and 96 ... (Nerva, Trajan, Hadrian, ...) the Lamb Five [5] have fallen [Julius-Claudius]. will overcome them, for He is one [1, the  $6^{th}$ , Nero] is, and [the  $7^{th}$ :] Lord of lords and the other has not yet come [Vespasian]. King of kings; And when he comes, he must continue and those *who are* with Him *are* called, a short time [~6 mos. x 3, if Galba, Otho, chosen, and Vitellius: three false starts, usurpers]. 11 faithful." 15 [Then Vespasian was the true  $7^{th}$  king.] And the *[scarlet]* beast that The Waters (Peoples under Rome) was, and [  $\checkmark$  as with the heads] Then he said to me. is not, [ + dual representation] "The waters [cf. v1b] that you saw, is himself also the eighth  $(8^{th} king)$ , and where the harlot sits, is of the seven [7], and  $[\uparrow Titus]$ are [under Roman rule:] is going to perdition. 12 peoples, [*cp*. <u>14:6b</u>] [Titus was 8<sup>th</sup>, by Jewish count, and multitudes. Inot "tribes" was son of #7, Vespasian; but first, nations, and *[note: no "races"]* Titus completed the siege of Jerutongues. 16 salem when his father Vespasian became Caesar.] [Or the 7 "kings" could be kingdoms: Egypt, Assyria, Babylon, Medo-Persia, Greece (5 fallen), and now Rome "is"? 7: Holy Roman Empire (HRE)? 8: ?]

The Ten Horns Fulfill God's Purpose Notes: And the ten [10] horns [4 the HRE?] that you saw on the [scarlet] beast these [10 then-future kings, popes] will hate the harlot [the city Jerusalem], [can't be Rome, as some think:] make her desolate and naked. eat her flesh and burn her with fire [done: AD 70]. 17 to fulfill His purpose, to be of one mind, and to give their kingdom to the [scarlet]\beast until the words of God are fulfilled. 18 The Woman Identified: Jerusalem And the woman whom you saw is [represents] that great city [11:8, 14:8, 16:19] [Jerusalem ("Babylon").

*i.e.*, *false Judaism?*] that reigns over the kings of the land [earth]." [rulers/leaders of Israel: Ac 4:25-27: Pilate, Herod, Jewish leasers/high priests, Sanhedrin.]

**Revelation 18** The Fall of Babylon (Jerusalem) 18:1 **After these things** I saw another angel coming down from heaven, having great authority, and the land [earth] [Israel] was illuminated with his glory. 2 And he cried mightily with a loud voice, saying, [cf. 14:8; Isa 21:9b; Jer 51:37] "Babylon the great is fallen, is fallen, "Come out of her, My people, and has become  $\int \uparrow in \frac{1}{AD} \frac{70}{70}$ a dwelling place of a prison for every foul spirit, and a cage for every unclean and hated bird! 3 IMt 12:43-451 For all the nations have drunk of the wine of the wrath of her fornication. [Jews in the diaspora influenced their Gentile neighbors ] the kings of the lands [earth] have committed fornication with her. [Eze 16:26-30; 23:12-19] and the merchants of the lands [earth] have become rich through the abundance of her luxury." 4 [Another opinion: Paul Humber: Babylon=Rome: Fulfilled: <u>Da 2:44-45;</u> <u>7:12-14, 18, 21-22, 27; but Rome did</u>

not fall in one day (v8) or one hour for she says in her heart, (vv10b,17, 19d) — it fell gradually over a long period. Nor was it done by elements of the Roman Empire (the ten horns of 17:16), but by Barbarians whom Rome was never able to conquer.]

[The language here is archaic and rep- Therefore etitious. It is borrowed from lament passages of Isaiah and Jeremiah and other OT prophets, e.g., re Sodom, Tyre (Eze), Edom (Isaiah), Babylon (Isaiah & Jeremiah), cities to which she will be utterly burned with fire, for Jerusalem has been likened in Revelation.] And I heard another voice from heaven

saying,  $[\downarrow the remnant]$ [Is 48:20; Jer 50:8, 51:6; Lu 21:20; Christians did not flee from Rome when it fell, but they did from Jerusalem to avoid the disaster.] lest you share in her sins, and lest you receive of her plagues. 5 For her sins have reached to heaven, and God has remembered her iniquities. 6 Render to her just as she rendered to you, and repay her double according to her works; in the cup **that** she has mixed, mix double for her. 7 In the measure that she glorified herself and lived luxuriously, in the same measure give her torment and sorrow:

'I sit as queen, and am no widow. and will not see sorrow.' 8

 $\lim_{AD} \frac{70}{70} \downarrow l$ her plagues will come in one day death and mourning and famine. And

strong is the Lord God who judges her. **9**¶

The kings of the land [earth] who  $[\uparrow$  rulers of **Israel**] committed fornication and lived luxuriously with her will weep and lament for her, when they see the smoke of her burning, 10 standing at a distance for fear of her torment. saying. 'Alas, alas, [ Jerusalem/Judaism] that great city Babylon, that mighty city! For in one hour [in AD 70] your judgment has come.' 11 And the merchants of the land [earth] [<sup>↑</sup> Israel] will weep and mourn over her, for no one buys their merchandise anymore: 12 merchandise of gold and silver, precious stones and pearls, fine linen and silk and scarlet. every kind of citron<sup>17</sup> wood, every kind of object of ivory, every kind of object of

<sup>17</sup> The citrus, an odoriferous North African tree used as incense, prized by the ancient Greeks & Romans on account of the beauty of its wood for various ornamental purposes. Last modified: 1/1/2019 5:13 PM

### most precious wood. bronze. iron, and marble: 13 and cinnamon and incense, fragrant oil and frankincense, wine and oil. fine flour and wheat, cattle and sheep, horses and chariots, and bodies and souls of men. 14 [slavery, corruption] The fruit that your soul longed for has gone from you, and all the things that are rich and splendid have gone from you, and you shall find them no more at all. 15 The [Jewish] merchants of these things, who became rich by her. will stand at a distance for fear of her torment, weeping and wailing, 16 and saying, 'Alas, alas, [+ Jerusalem/Judaism]

that great city that

was clothed in

fine linen,

purple, and

scarlet.

and adorned with gold and precious stones and pearls! 17 [Such imply priests.] For in one hour [in AD 70] such great riches came to nothing."

49

Then a mighty angel all who travel by ship, sailors, and as many as trade on the sea [Gentiles]. stood at a distance 18 and cried out " when they saw the smoke of her burning, saving. 'What *is* like this great city?' 19 They threw dust on their heads and cried out. weeping and wailing, and saving. 'Alas, alas, [ Jerusalem/Judaism] that great city, in which all who had ships on the sea became rich by her wealth! For in one hour [in AD 70] she is made desolate.' 20 [In contrast:] Rejoice over her, O heaven, [cf. 19:1]

Every shipmaster,

and *vou* holy apostles and prophets, for God has avenged you on her!" 21 [Jerusalem's blood guilt: they encouraged Rome to kill James & Peter & many prophets, not to mention Jesus. Mt 23:29-36]

took up a stone like a great millstone and threw *it* into the sea. saying, Thus with violence the great city Babylon [Jerusalem] shall be thrown down, and shall not be found anymore. 22 [Jer 52:near end: fall & rise no more?] The sound of harpists, musicians, flutists, and trumpeters shall not be heard in you anymore. No craftsman of any craft shall be found in you anymore, and the sound of a millstone shall not be heard in you anymore. 23 The light of a lamp shall not shine in you anymore, and the voice of bridegroom and bride [Je 25:10, 7:34, 16:9] shall not be heard in you anymore. For your merchants were the great men of the lands [earth], for by your sorcery [false religion] [e.g., Kabala] all the nations were deceived. 24 And in her [Jeru.] was found the blood [← Jerusalem's blood guilt] of prophets and saints, and of all who were slain on the land [earth] [of Israel]."

Notes:

Notes:

[Steve Gregg: Rev 19]

**Revelation 19** 

Things in our present

### **Review for Perspective: Outline of the Vision So Far:** $+ \leftarrow chapter of Revelation$ ↓ <u>Summary</u> Things to happen soon<mark>, to Jerusalem</mark> Setting in heaven 4 5 The Lamb takes the sealed scroll 6 Seals (7) broken. Vision on land: 1. Conquering warrior [^ Israel] 2. Peace gone; killing each other 3. A day's wage buys little food 4. Death sends $\frac{1}{4}^{\text{th}}$ to the Grave 5. Status in heaven: martyrs there must wait a little while longer for more martyrs to be slain, then judgment & vengeance 6. Disasters on land: the Great Day = the warth of the Lamb, now God preserves 144K Jews on land [hence, "land" means Israel] Many praise God in heaven 8 7. Silence in heaven $\sim \frac{1}{2}$ an hour Seven angels, seven trumpets 8<sup>th</sup> a. offers incense, prayers then throws fire to land: earthquakes, etc., on land Trumpets blown: 1. Hail, fire, blood on land 2. Fire, blood, death at sea 3. A "star" turns waters bitter

**December 31** 

4. Sun, moon, stars darkened

Three woes coming: 3 trumpets 9 5. A "star" opens the bottomless

pit: tormenting locusts: 5 mos 6. Four angels, 200M horsemen:

fire, smoke, brimstone on men

The Little Book, Rev 10-13? *Preview to Complete the Outline:* Overview from the birth of Christ to His second coming 10 The Angel and the Little Book 11 The Temple Measured Jerusalem 2b tread under foot (v2)Two witnesses (v3) 42 mos. (v2) = 1260 days (v3)7. Worship in Hvn, Wrath on Land 12 Woman with Child & the Dray War in Heaven: Dragon Cast Out (Dragon has only a short time) Woman nourished, cared for: 1260 days (v6) =  $T, T, \& \frac{1}{2}T$  (v14) 13 The Beast Out of the Sea: 42 mos The Beast Out of the Land: The Little Book, end Back to the fall of Jerusalem 14 The Lamb and 144,000: Mt Zion Three Angels w/ Three Messages 1. The Hour Has Come: Judgment 2. Babylon (Jerusalem) Is Fallen 3. Marked Men Perish Blessed are the Dead in the Lord The Dual Harvest of the Land 15 The Song of Moses and the Lamb Seven Bowls of Seven Plagues: 16 1. Sores on Marked Men 2. Death of All Sea Creatures 3. Rivers & Springs of Blood 4. Men Sun-Scorched 5. Darkness 6. Euphrates Dried Up 7. Heavy Hail (Wrath done) **Identities of the participants** 

17 The Great Prostitute (Jerusalem)

18 The Fall of Babylon (Jerusalem)

T	hings in our present:
A	"1,000" years of conquest:
	[AD 30-2018]
19	Songs of Victory in Heaven
	The Rider on the White Horse
20	During The "1000-Year" Reigr
	1. Satan Bound [AD 30, by Jesu
	2. Saints Reign Too:
	1 <sup>st</sup> Resurrection:
	Spiritual: Death to Life
	[Each saint's 1 <sup>st</sup> death: physical
T	hings in our future:
T	he Future for Modern Readers
	After The "1000-Year" Reign:
	1. Satan's Destiny:
	The Lake of Fire
	2. The Final Judgment:
	2. The Final Judgment: 2 <sup>nd</sup> Death: spiritual
	2 <sup>nd</sup> Death: spiritual
21	2 <sup>nd</sup> Death: spiritual Also in the Lake of Fire
21	2 <sup>nd</sup> Death: spiritual

22. (vv1-6 still part of the latter)

# **Epilogue:**

**Repeat: Vision 2b fulfilled SOON:** Jesus is Coming Without Delay Spirit and Bride Say, "Come"

[See This Outline in Parallel.]

[AD 30-2018...] Songs of Victory in Heaven 19:1 **After these things** I heard a loud voice of a great multitude in heaven, saying, "Alleluia! Salvation and glory and honor and power belong to the Lord our God! 2 For true and righteous are His judgments. because He has judged the great harlot [Jerusalem] who corrupted the land [earth] with her fornication: and He has avenged on her the blood of His servants shed by her." 3 [Jerusalem's blood guilt again] Again they said,

"Alleluia!

Her smoke rises up forever and ever!" 4 [Judgment with eternal consequences.] And the twenty-four [24] elders and the four [4] living creatures fell down and worshiped God who sat on the throne,

saving. "Amen! Alleluia!" 5¶ Then a voice came from the throne [v10 tells who the speaker is], saying, "Praise our God. all you His servants and those who fear Him, both small and great!" 6 And I heard, as it were, the voice of a great multitude, as the sound of many waters and as the sound of mighty thunderings, saying, "Alleluia! For the Lord God Omnipotent reigns! 7 Let us be glad and rejoice and give Him glory, for the marriage of the Lamb has come, and His wife [the Church] has made herself ready." 8 [The present age is the time of the wedding feast: Mt 22:1-14. Announced before the destruction of Jerusalem, *continuing afterward.*] And to her it was granted [grace] to be arrayed in

fine linen, clean and bright, for the fine linen is *[represents]* the righteous acts of the saints. 9 [Those acts get us ready: <u>1Jn 3:7</u>.] [Mixed metaphors: the invited guests are also the bride.

Then he said to me. "Write: 'Blessed *are* those who are called to the marriage supper of the Lamb!"" And he said to me. "These are the true sayings of God." 10 And I fell at his feet to worship him. But he said to me. [cf. 22:9] "See that you do not do that! I am your fellow servant, and of your brethren who have the testimony of Jesus. Worship God! For the testimony of Jesus is the spirit of prophecy." *[NLT: For the essence of prophecy]* is to give a clear witness for Jesus.]

#### The Rider on the White Horse [@36:15 in audio]

11¶ Now I saw heaven opened, [cf. Zec 10:3b: the house of Judah: the New Jerusalem, the Church, is the white horse; began at Pentecost in AD 30.] He who sat on him was called

Faithful and True, [21:5b] and in righteousness  $[ \downarrow to restore ]$ He judges and makes war. 12 His eyes were like a flame of fire, and on His head were many crowns. He had a name written that no one knew except Himself. 13 He was clothed [Is 61:10] with a robe dipped in blood, and His name is called [John 1:1]

The Word of God. 14

And the armies in heaven, clothed in fine linen, white and clean. followed Him on white horses. 15 Now out of His mouth goes a sharp sword, [the word of God: He 4:12] that with it He should strike the nations. And He Himself will rule [shepherd] them with a rod of iron. [Ps 2:7-9] He Himself treads the winepress of the fierceness and wrath of Almighty God. 16 And He has on *His* robe and on His thigh

#### a name written: KING OF KINGS AND LORD OF LORDS. 17

Then I saw an angel standing in the sun; and he cried with a loud voice, [Je 7:33] and behold, a white horse. And saying to all the birds [Eze 39:17-20 & ] that fly in the midst of heaven. "Come and gather together for the supper of the great God, 18 that you may eat the flesh of kings, the flesh of captains, the flesh of mighty men, the flesh of horses and of those who sit on them. and the flesh of all *people*, free and slave. both small and great." 19 And I saw  $[\downarrow human empires]$ ne [*scarlet]* be the kings of the lands [earth], and their armies, [began in AD 30] gathered together to make war against Him who sat on the horse and

against His army. 20

[Paul Humber: Mt 28:18-19, Col 1:13, Eph 1:20-22, Ro 8: 33-34, ...] Then [at or just after the last day] [ $\sim$  human empires] the beast was captured, and with him the false prophet [13:15d] [ $\uparrow$  false religious system] who worked signs in his presence, by which [signs] he deceived those who received [16:2b] the mark of the beast and those who worshiped his image.

These two were cast alive into the lake of fire [ $1^{st}$  of 5 mentions] burning with brimstone. 21 And the rest were "killed" with the sword [1:16b: the word of God (<u>He 4:12</u>)] that proceeded from the mouth of Him who sat on the horse. And all the birds were filled with their flesh. [S. Gregg: <u>Rev 20</u>] 2. Saints Reign, Too: 1<sup>st</sup> Resurrection

**Revelation 20** During the "Thousand-Year" *Reign of Christ* [AD 30-2018...]: 20:1 ¶ 1. Satan is Bound Then I saw an angel [Jesus: v2, bound] coming down from heaven, having the key to the bottomless pit and a great chain in his hand. 2 He laid hold of the dragon [ch. 12-13], who is *the* **Devil** and **Satan**, and bound him for [strong man bound] [a long time:] a thousand [1,000] years; 3 and he cast him into the bottomless pit, and shut him up, and set a seal on him, so that he should deceive the nations no more till the thousand [1,000] years were finished *[our future]*. (But after these things [cf. v7] he must be released for a little while.) 4

And I saw thrones. and they sat on them,  $[saints \downarrow]$ and judgment was committed to them. Then *I saw* the souls of those who had been beheaded for their witness to Jesus and for the word of God. who had not worshiped or [ + Eze 9:4 ] and had not received *his* mark on their foreheads [thinking] or on their hands [doing]. And they [saints who had died] lived [ESV, RSV: came to life] and reigned with Christ for [*a long time*:] a thousand [1,000] years. 5 (But the rest of the dead did not live again *[for a long time:]* until the thousand [1,000] years were finished.) This [v4b: coming to life to reign with Christ for "1,000 years"] is the first resurrection. 6 Blessed and holy *is* he who has part in the first resurrection. Over such [ cf. v14] the second death has no power, but they shall be priests of God and of Christ, and shall reign with Him [*a long time*:] a thousand [1,000] years. 7

# Things in our future [>2018] After the "Thousand-Year" Reign: Now when [the long time:] the thousand [1,000] years

have expired, <u>1. Satan's Destiny</u>

will be released [*a little while*: v3b] from his prison 8 and will go out to deceive the nations that are in the four corners of the lands [earth], [even] Gog ["mountain"] and Magog ["overtopping: covering"], to gather them together to battle. whose number is as the sand of the sea. 9 They went up on the breadth of the lands [earth] and surrounded the camp of the saints and the beloved city [New Jeru'm]. And fire [judgment] [2Th 2:8-10??] came down from God out of heaven and devoured them. 10 The devil *[the dragon, Satan* who deceived them, was cast into  $[ \downarrow 2^{nd} of 5 mentions ]$ the lake of fire and brimstone where the beast and [already] the false prophet  $\uparrow$  are. And they will be tormented day and night forever and ever. 11 ¶

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2. The Final Judgment: 2<sup>nd</sup> Death Then I saw a great white throne and Him who sat on it, from whose face the land [earth] and the heaven fled away — and there was found no place for them. 12 And I saw the dead. small and great, standing before God, and books were opened. And another book was opened, which is *the Book* of Life  $[4^{th} of 7]$ . And the dead were iudged according to their works, by the things that were written in the books. 13 [The resurrection on the last day:] The sea gave up the dead who were in it. and Death and Hades [Heb. Sheol, Grave] delivered up the dead who were in them. And they were judged, each one according to his works. 14 Then Death and Hades [the Grave] were cast into the lake of fire  $[3^{rd}]$ . This [having a part in the lake of fire] is the second death [cf. 21:8b]. 15 And anyone not found written in the Book of Life [5<sup>th</sup> of 7 mentions] was cast into the lake of fire  $[4^{th} of 5 mentions]$ .

### [Steve Gregg: Rev 21-22] **Revelation 21** 3. The New Heavens & Land 21:1 ¶ [cf. Is 65:17, 66:22] Now I saw a new heaven and [Ps 102:26] a new land [earth], [2Pe 3:13] [cf. Ge 1:1-2:4] for the first heaven and the first land [earth] had passed away [20:11]; also there was no more sea. 2 4. The New Jerusalem, His Bride Then I. John. saw the holy city, New Jerusalem, coming down out of heaven [to the new land] from God. prepared as a bride adorned for her husband [hence this "city" is the church, the body of Christ, the believers]. 3 And I heard a loud voice from heaven saving. [cf. Is 30:19:] "Behold, the tabernacle of God is with men, and He will dwell with them, and they shall be His people. God Himself will be with them and be their God. 4 And God will wipe away every tear from their eyes; there shall be no more death,

nor sorrow.

nor crying.

no more pain,

for the former things have passed away." 5

There shall be

Then He who sat on the throne said, "Behold, I make all things new." And He said to me. "Write, for these words are true and faithful." 6 [cf. 19:11b] And He said to me, "It is done! I am the Alpha and the Omega, the Beginning and the End. I will give of the fountain of the water of life freely to him who thirsts. 7 He who overcomes shall inherit all things, and I will be his God and he shall be My son. 8 But the cowardly. unbelieving. abominable. murderers. sexually immoral, sorcerers. idolaters, and all liars shall have their part in [5<sup>th</sup> of 5:] the lake that burns with fire and brimstone. which [part in the lake of fire: 20:14] is the second  $\lfloor 2^{nd} \rfloor$  death." 9¶

### Then one of the seven (7) angels who had the seven [7] bowls filled with the seven [7] last plagues came to me and talked with me. saving. "Come, I will show you the bride. the Lamb's wife." 10 And he carried me away in the Spirit to a great and high mountain, and showed me the great city. the holy Jerusalem, descending out of heaven [to the new land] from God. 11 having the glory of God. Her light was like a most precious stone, like a jasper stone, clear as crystal. 12 Also she had a great and high wall with twelve [12] gates, and twelve [12] angels at the gates, and names written on them [the gates]. which are *the names* of the twelve [12] tribes of the children of Israel: 13 three [3] gates on the east, three [3] gates on the north, three [3] gates on the south, and three [3] gates on the west. 14

Now the wall of the city had twelve [12] foundations, and on them were the names of the twelve [12] apostles of the Lamb. 15 And he who talked with me had a gold reed to measure the city. its gates, and its wall. 16 The city is laid out as a square; its length is as great as its breadth. And he measured the city with the reed: twelve thousand [12,000] furlongs. [Wikipedia: 1500 miles] Its length, breadth, and height are equal [cf. 1Ki 6:20 // 2Ch 3:8]. 17

Exodus 28:17b-19 the first row shall be a sardius, a topaz, and an emerald; [Reuben, Simeon, Judah?] this shall be the first row: 18 the second row *shall be* a turquoise, a sapphire, and a diamond: 19 [Dan. Naphtali. Gad?] the third row. a jacinth, an agate, and an amethyst; 20 [Asher, Issachar, Zebulun?] and the fourth row, a beryl, an onyx, and a jasper. [Manasseh, Ephraim, Benjamin?] <sup>18</sup> NKJ: was

Then he measured its wall: one hundred and forty-four [144] cubits, *according* to the measure of a man, that is, of an angel. 18 The construction of its wall was of jasper; and the city was pure gold, like clear glass. 19 The foundations of the wall of the city [representing the apostles: v14] *were* adorned with [Is 54:12] all kinds of precious stones: *[living stones: the remnant?]* the first  $[1^{st}]$  foundation with<sup>18</sup> jasper, the second  $[2^{nd}]$ sapphire, the third  $[3^{rd}]$ chalcedony. the fourth  $[4^{th}]$ emerald. 20 the fifth  $15^{th}$ sardonvx. the sixth  $[6^{th}]$ sardius, the seventh  $[7^{th}]$ chrysolite, the eighth  $[8^{th}]$ beryl, the ninth [9<sup>th</sup>] topaz, the tenth  $[10^{th}]$ chrysoprase, the eleventh  $(11^{th})$  jacinth, and the twelfth  $(12^{th})^{-1}$  amethyst. 21  $[\leftarrow Compare list with the ephod]$ stones.]

The twelve [12] gates were twelve [12] pearls: each individual gate was of one pearl. And the street of the city was pure gold, like transparent glass. 22 But I saw no temple in it, for the Lord God Almighty and the Lamb are its temple. 23 The city had no need of the sun or of the moon to shine in it. for the glory of God illuminated it; [cf. Isa 60:19] the Lamb is its light. 24 And the nations of those who are saved shall walk in its light, and the kings of the lands [earth] bring their glory and honor into it. 25 [Is 60:11:] Its gates shall not be shut at all by day (there shall be no night there). 26 And they shall bring the glory and the honor of the nations into it. 27 But there shall by no means enter it anything that defiles. or causes an abomination or a lie. but only those who are written in the Lamb's Book of Life. [6<sup>th</sup> of 7 mentions]

**Revelation 22** 22:1¶ And he showed me a pure river of water of life, clear as crystal, proceeding from the throne of God and of the Lamb. 2 In the middle of its street, and on either side of the river, was the tree of life [one on each side], [Ge 2:9b] which bore twelve [12] fruits. each tree yielding its fruit every month. The leaves of the tree *were* for the healing of the nations. 3 [So they still need healing.] And there shall be no more curse. but the throne of God and of the Lamb shall be in it *[the city]*, and His servants shall serve Him. 4 They shall see His face, and His name *shall be* on their foreheads. 5 There shall be **no night** there: They [His servants] need no lamp nor light of the sun, for the Lord God gives them light. [Cf. Isa 60:19] And they shall reign forever and ever. 6¶



#### **Epilogue:**

Jesus is Coming Without Delay Then he [cf. v9, 21:5b] said to me, "These words are faithful and true." And the Lord God of the holy prophets sent His angel to show His servants the things that must shortly [tacov tachos: quickly, soon] take place. 7

"Behold, I am coming quickly! [tacu tachu without delay] Blessed is he who keeps the words of the prophecy of this book." 8

Now I, John, saw and heard these things. And when I heard and saw, I fell down to worship [+ messenger] before the feet of the angel who showed me these things. 9 Then he said to me. [cf. 19:10] "See that you do not do that. For I am your fellow servant, and of your brethren the prophets, and of those who keep the words of this book. Worship God!" 10 And he said to me, "Do not seal the words" of the prophecy of this book, for the time is at hand. 11 [Cf. Da 8:26, 9:24, 12:4] He who is unjust, let him be unjust still; he who is filthy, let him be filthy still; he who is righteous, let him be righteous still; he who is holy. let him be holy still." 12

[Apparently Jesus (v16) says,] "Behold, I am coming quickly! [tacu tachu without delay] and My reward is with Me. to give to every one according to his work. 13 [cf. 1:8,11,17] I am the Alpha and the Omega, the Beginning and the End, the First and the Last." 14 Blessed *are* those *[in the Church now]* who do His commandments. that they may have the right to the tree of life, and may enter through the gates into the city. 15 But outside *are* dogs and sorcerers and sexually immoral and murderers and idolaters, and whoever loves and practices a lie. 16 "I, Jesus, have sent My angel to testify to you these things in the churches. I am the Root and the Offspring of David. the Bright and Morning Star." 17

Spirit and Bride Say, "Come!" And the Spirit and the bride say, [Spirit:] "Come!" [Bride: "Come!"] And let him who hears say. "Come! And let him who thirsts come whoever desires. let him take the water of life freely. 18 For I testify to everyone who hears the words of the prophecy of this book: if anyone adds to these things, God will add to him the plagues that are written in this book; 19 and [cf. De 12:32] if anyone takes away from the words of the book of this prophecy, God shall take away his part from the Book of Life.  $[7^{th} of 7 mentions]$ from the holy city, and from the things **that** are written in this book. 20¶ He who testifies to these things says, "Surely I am coming quickly." [tacu tachu without delay] Amen. Even so, come, Lord Jesus! 21 The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you all.

Notes:

Amen.

# **January** 1

[Congratulations! You have read the entire Bible in chronological order. Now it is time to start over for the next year. Forward to: Genesis ]

# **Schedule of Readings**

Date H	lebrews-	Revelatio	on Link or
Nov.	<u>Start</u>	End	<b>Exceptional</b>
17	1:1	4:13	← Hebrews
18	4:14	7:28	
19	8:1	10:39	
20	11:1	12:29	
21	13:1	13:25	
	1:1	1:25	←1 Peter
22	2:1	5:14	
23	1:1	3:18	←2 Peter
24	1:1	1:25	← Jude
	1:1	2:29	←1 John
25	3:1	5:21	
26	1:1	1:13	←2 John
	1:1	1:15	←3 John
	1:1	2:29	← Revelation
27	3:1	6:17	
28	7:1	9:21	
29	10:1	14:20	
30	15:1	18:24	
31	19:1	22:21	

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Forward to: Genesis TOC

### **Relevant to Creation:**

Hebrews 1:2b whom He has appointed heir of all things, through whom also He made the worlds;

### Hebrews 1:10 = Psalm 102:25 Of old You laid the foundation of the land [earth], And the heavens are the work of Your hands.

## Hebrews 3:4

For every house is built by someone, but He who built all things is God.

### Hebrews 9:11

But Christ came *as* High Priest of the good things to come, with the greater and more perfect tabernacle not made with hands, that is, not of this creation.

# Hebrews 11:3

By faith we understand that the worlds were framed by the word of God, so that the things **that** are seen were not made of things **that** are visible.

# Hebrews 11:7

By faith Noah, being divinely warned of things not yet seen<sup>19</sup>, moved with godly fear, prepared an ark for the saving of his household, by which he condemned the world and became heir of the righteousness that is according to faith. 8

# 2 Peter 2:5

[For if God] [from v4] and did not spare the ancient world, but saved Noah, one of eight people, a preacher of righteousness, bringing in the flood on the world of the ungodly; 6 [^ Gr. kosmos] [The whole world, not a locale.]

# Jude 5-7

For this they willfully forget: that by the word of God, [from Genesis 1: days 1-4] the heavens were *[existed]* of old, [as well as] and the land [earth] [*dav 3*] standing out of water and by means of [in] the water. 6 [from Genesis 6-9] by which *[in Noah's time]* the world *that* then existed perished. being flooded with water. 7 But the heavens and the land [earth] *that* are **now** preserved by the same word, are reserved for fire until the day of judgment and perdition of ungodly men.

# Revelation 4:11

"You are worthy, O Lord, To receive glory and honor and power; For You created all things, And by Your will they exist and were created." Notes

# Revelation 10:6 ...

Him who lives forever and ever, who created heaven and the things that are in it, the land [earth] and the things that are in it, and the sea and the things that are in it, ...

# Revelation 14:7b

and worship Him who made heaven and land [earth], the sea and springs of water."

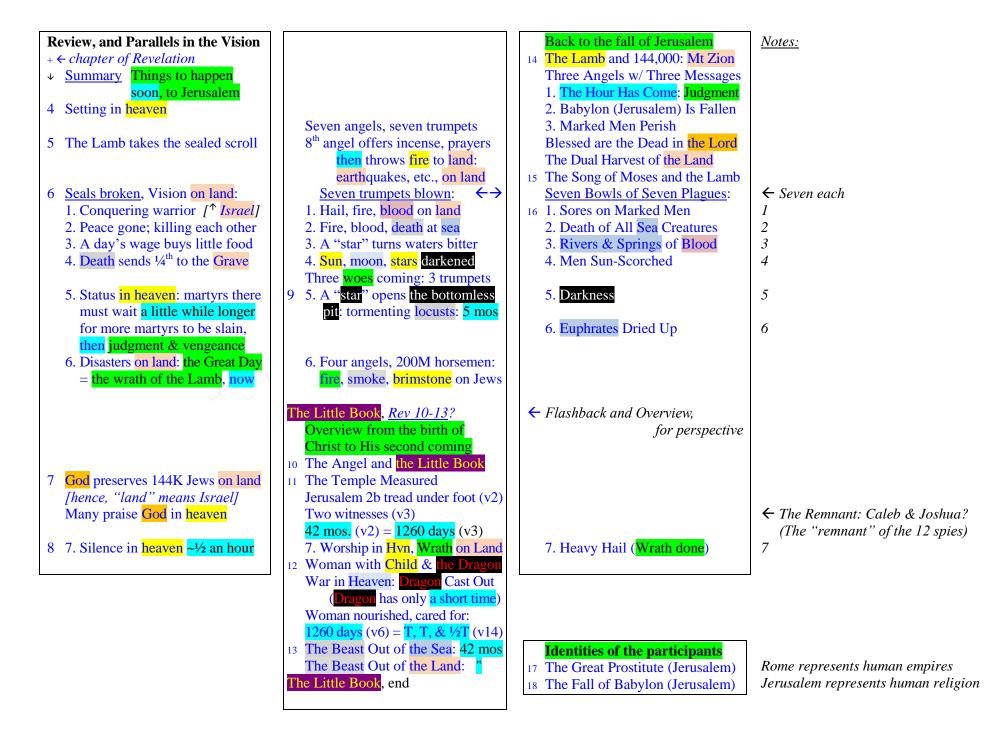
# Notes from Steve Gregg lectures:

<u>He 9:1-5</u> incense altar, not the censer: poor KJV, NKJ translation.

# <u>1Pe 3:18-20</u>, <u>2Pe 1:21</u>, <u>1Pe 1:10-12</u>

OT prophets with spirit of Christ in them. Hence, if Peter thought of Noah as a prophet, then it could be through Noah that the Spirit of Christ was preaching to those before the Flood during the time that the ark was being prepared.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Local floods had, no doubt, been seen, but not a global flood, as Noah saw.
<u>Home</u>; <u>TitlePage</u>; Hebrews-Revelation <u>ToC</u>: page 57



Another Overview and parallel, with focus on our future:	15 The Song of Moses and the Lamb	Things in our present:A "1,000" years of conquest:[AD 30-2018]19 Songs of Victory in HeavenThe Rider on the White Horse20 During The "1000-Year" Reign:1. Satar Bound [AD 30, by Jesus]2. Saints Reign Too:1 <sup>st</sup> Resurrection:Spiritual: Death to Life[Each saint's 1 <sup>st</sup> death: physical]	Notes: Jesus directing the Church to victory The millennial Kingdom begun AD 30 Jesus bound the strong man Rebirth is the 1 <sup>st</sup> Resurrection "1,000" always symbolic in Scripture
		<ul> <li>Things in our future:</li> <li>The Future for Modern Readers:</li> <li>After The "1000-Year" Reign:</li> <li>1. Satan's Destiny: The Lake of Fire</li> <li>2. The Final Judgment: 2<sup>nd</sup> Death: spiritual Also in the Lake of Fire</li> <li>21 3. The New Heavens and Land 4. The New Jerusalem, His Bride</li> <li>22 (vv1-6 still part of the latter.)</li> </ul>	For those whose 1 <sup>st</sup> death was without Christ For believers (they escape 2 <sup>nd</sup> death), who are the Body/Bride of Christ He did so in AD 70,
<ul> <li>Parallel/same periods?:</li> <li>Revelation 12</li> <li>The Woman and the Dragon</li> <li>6 Then [~aD 67] the woman fled into the wilderness [Mt 24:16 // Mk 13:14b</li> <li>// Lu 21:21], where she has a place prepared by God, that they [who?] should feed her there one thousand two hundred and sixty [1,260] days."</li> </ul>	Now when the dragon saw that he had been cast to the land [earth], he persecuted the woman [the remnant] who gave birth to the male Child. 14 But the woman was given two [2] wings of a great eagle, that she might fly into the wilderness to her place, where she is nourished for a time and times and half a time,	Jesus is Coming Without Delay Spirit and Bride Say, "Come" Revelation 13 <i>The Beast out of the Sea</i> And he was given a mouth speaking great things and blasphemies, and he was given authority to continue for forty-two [42] months. 6	according to the vision OT Judaism was terminated: no Temple, no more animal sacrifices NT Church was released to flourish, starting with the remnant of Israel, continuing with Gentiles grafted in along with Jewish believers: the New Israel, the New Jerusalem.
7 [= 42 x 30 days/month ~= 3½ years] [1290, 1335 cf. <u>Da 12:11-12</u> ]	[only other uses: Da <u>7:25</u> , <u>12:7</u> ] from the presence of the serpent. 15	Then he opened his mouth in blasphemy against God, to blaspheme His name, His tabernacle, and those who dwell in heaven. 7	Epilogue: Repeat: Vision 2b fulfilled SOON: Jesus is Coming Without Delay Spirit and Bride Say, "Come"

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# Layout of the Book of Revelation

Prepared by Steve Gregg, 2012

# **Opening Segment: Chapters 1-9**

The Seven Letters		he Seven Letters		The Seven Seals		The Seven	Trumpets	
Chapter 1	Chapter 2	Chapter 3	Chapter 4	Chapter 5	Chapter 6	Chapter 7	Chapter 8	Chapter 9
Opening	First four	Last three	Opening Vision: Scroll with		Six seals	Interlude: ones	7 <sup>th</sup> seal (v.1); C	Opening Vision;
Vision	letters	letters	seven seals given to Lamb		opened	to be saved	First six of seven trumpets	

## Parenthesis: Chapters 10 through 13\*

The "Little Book" Prophecy									
Chapter 10	Chapter 11	Chapter 12	Chapter 13						
Opening Vision:	Holy city trampled;	The woman, the	Two Beasts in						
Another prophecy	Two Witnesses	dragon, warfare	league with dragon						

## Final Segment: Chapters 14-22

Misc. Visions	The Seven Last Plagues		The Judgment of the Great Harlot			Conclusion		
Chapter 14	Chapter 15	Chapter 16	Chapter 17	Chapter 18	Chapter 19	Chapter 20	Chapter 21	Chapter 22
Several	Opening	Seven Bowls	Opening	Lament for	Lamb's Wife	Millennium	New Heavens & New Earth	
Visions	Vision	of Wrath	Vision	the Harlot	& Warfare			

\* Chapters 10-13 fall in the exact middle of the book. They are set apart from the remainder of the book by the following:

1. They introduce a "little book" — unlike the earlier scroll, in Chapter 5. When John eats it, he is told he is to "prophesy again" (10:11)

2. This prophecy is international in scope (10:11), and some parts (unlike the generality of the book) are "sealed" (contrast 10:4 with 22:10)

3. It speaks of a specific period of time referred to as 42 months (or 1,260 days), which are not mentioned elsewhere in Revelation

4. This is distinguished from the subject matter of most of the book, which is the destruction of Jerusalem in AD 70

5. I believe the little book speaks of the period from AD 70 to the end of the world, symbolically likened to the 3 ½ years of Jesus' ministry

### INTRODUCTION TO THE BOOK OF REVELATION

by Steve Gregg, July 30, 2012

# <u>I. Paradoxical</u>

- A. The most difficult book of the Bible. Presents difficulties regarding authorship, date, historical setting, relation to other books attributed to John, acceptance into the canon of scripture, and of course interpretation of its symbols.
- B. The only book promising a blessing to those who read it and keep its words (1:3). A genuine prophecy in the sense of I Corinthians 14:3 "He who prophesies speaks edification and exhortation and comfort to men." A valuable model of heavenly (and, therefore, perfect) worship.

# <u>II. Unique</u>

The only book that is at once a prophecy (1:3), an epistle (1:4), & an apocalypse (1:1)

- A. An Epistle to the Seven Churches of Asia
  - 1. The form of an epistle (1:4, 11; 22:21)
  - 2. The only epistle dictated directly by Jesus
  - 3. Primarily relevant to original readers in their life setting
  - 4. Abiding relevance, secondarily, to all readers in like circumstances
- B. A Prophecy.
  - 1. It foretells future events (1:1).
  - 2. It "forthtells" Christ's message to the churches (chs.2-3).
- C. An Apocalypse. The "unveiling" of Jesus Christ (1:1)

Between 200 BC and 100 AD, the Jews produced a large number of uninspired books which, because of their similar style to this book, have been called apocalyptic (e.g. The Book of Enoch, The Apocalypse of Baruch, The Book of Jubilees, The Assumption of Moses, The Psalms of Solomon, Testaments of the Twelve Patriarchs, The Sibylline Oracles, etc. ). The book of Revelation has both similarities and dissimilarities to other books of that genre:

- 1. In the following respects, Revelation is like other apocalyptic books:
  - a. It arose during a time of great persecution.
  - b. It portrays the conflict between good and evil using vivid images and symbols (monsters and dragons, symbolic numbers and names, etc.).
  - c. The writer is guided by and receives interpretations from angels.
  - d. An example of apocalyptic style:

In the Apocrypha, there is a book of additions to the book of Esther, written and appended at a much later date than that of the original book. These additions, written in the apocalyptic style of the period, are particularly instructive to us since we know the story of Esther and can see how the symbols correspond to actual events.

"Mordecai's" dream: "Behold, noise and confusion, thunders and earthquake, tumult upon the earth! And behold, two great dragons came forward, both ready to fight, and they roared terribly. And at their roaring every nation prepared for war, to fight against the nation of the righteous. And behold, a day of darkness and gloom, tribulation and distress, affliction and great tumult upon the earth! And the whole righteous nation was troubled, they feared the evils that threatened them, and were ready to perish. Then they cried to God and from their cry, as though from a tiny spring, there came a great river, with abundant water, light came, and the sun rose, and the lowly were exalted and consumed those held in honor (A:3-10)."

[Then follows the book of Esther, after which "Mordecai" sums up as follows:]

"I remember the dream that I had concerning these matters, and none of them has failed to be fulfilled. The tiny stream which became a river, and there was light and the sun and abundant water — the river is Esther, whom the king married and made queen. The two dragons are Haman and myself. The nations are those gathered to destroy the name of the Jews. And my nation, this is Israel, who cried out to God and were saved (F:2-6)."

- e. Apocalyptic language is also used in some canonical books of the Old Testament (e.g. Isaiah, Daniel, Ezekiel, Zechariah) and in Jesus' Olivet Discourse (Matthew 24/Mark 13/Luke 21).
- 2. In the following respects, Revelation is unlike other apocalyptic books:
  - a. It claims inspiration as a prophecy.
  - b. It identifies by name its true author, rather than adopting a pseudonym.
  - c. It makes a moral appeal and calls for repentance.

## III. Authorship

- A. The author identifies himself simply as "John" (1:1, 4, 9, 21:2; 22:8)
- B. Church fathers (e.g. Justin, Irenaeus, Clement of Alexandria, Tertullian) unanimously attribute the book to the apostle John, son of Zebedee, the "beloved disciple" of Christ, and author of the Fourth Gospel and three epistles.
- C. Some dispute the apostolic authorship and would attribute the book to another John, a presbyter (church elder) thought to have been mentioned in a vague statement of Papias:

"For I have never, like many, delighted to hear those that tell many things, but those that teach the truth...But if I met with anyone who had been a follower of the elders anywhere, I made it a point to inquire what were the declarations of the elders. What was said by Andrew, Peter or Philip. What by Thomas, James, John, Matthew, or any other of the disciples of our Lord. What was said by Aristion, and the presbyter John, disciples of the Lord..." (quoted in Eusebius' Ecclesiastical History, 3:39:4)

D. Against the apostolic authorship, it is argued that the Greek style and grammar of Revelation is very inferior to that of the Fourth Gospel. *"Its grammar is perpetually stumbling, its idiom is that of a foreign language, its whole style that of a writer who neither knows nor cares for literary form."* —J.H.Moulton. *"The most uncultured literary production that has come down to us from antiquity."* —Radermacher

- E. In favor of the apostolic authorship:
  - 1. The grammar presents no insoluble difficulties. John is elsewhere described as "unschooled" (Acts 4:13). The other writings of John may owe their polished style to the use of an amanuensis (a secretary/editor, not available on Patmos, where Revelation was written), or to the editorial involvement of the elders of the Ephesian church, where John spent his final years. Alternately, Revelation's poor style may be accounted for by John's haste to write down visions as they occurred or by his excited mental state.
  - 2. No other person in the early church was so well-known as to be able to identify himself simply as "John" without requiring further identifying information.
  - 3. There are many concepts and expressions that are common to Revelation and to John's other writings:
    - a. the "Logos" as a term for Christ (John 1:1/ Rev.19:13)
    - b. "the Lamb" as a term for Christ (John 1:29, 36/ Rev.5:6, etc.)
    - c. "water of life" promised to "him that thirsts" (John 7:37f/ Rev.22:17)
    - d. "he that overcomes" (John 16:33/ I John 2:14; 5:4-5/ Rev.2:7, etc.)
    - e. "true" Gr. *alethinos* (appears 9X in John; 4X in I John; 10X in Revelation; only 5X elsewhere)
    - f. "first resurrection" (John 5:24-29/ Rev. 20:5)
    - g. "keep...from" [Gr. ek tereo ] (John 17:15/ Rev.3:10)
    - h. Satan "cast out" (John 12:31/ Rev.12: 9, 13) (similar concept in Lu 10: "fall")
    - i. modified quotation of Zechariah 12:10 (John 19:37/ Rev. 1:7)

# **IV. Stylistic Features**

- A. Symbolism:
  - 1. People, nations, spiritual personages are depicted as animals (e.g. a Lamb, a dragon, beasts, locusts, etc.)

- 2. Two women (harlot and bride) and two cities (Babylon and New Jerusalem)
- 3. Symbolic names [e.g. Jezebel (2:20), Egypt and Sodom (11:8), and Babylon (17:5)]
- 4. Frequent cosmic disruptions: sun darkened, stars falling, 100-pound hailstones [political upheavals]
- 5. Numbers that convey concepts, rather than statistical units:
  - a. "Seven" the number of completeness or perfection (Deut.28:7,25/ Psalm 12:6; 119:164/ Prov.9:1; 24:16). There are seven of the following: seals, trumpets, bowls, thunders, beatitudes, etc. There may be an echo of the sevenfold judgments of Psalm 79:12 and Leviticus 26: 18, 21, 24 & 28.
  - b. "One-third" may simply mean "a significant minority."
  - c. "Twelve" (and multiples thereof: 24, 144,000) generally associated with God's people.
  - d. "1000 years" means "a long time" (as in Psalm 90:4 and II Peter 3:8). Contrast this with "10 days" (2:10), "one hour" (17:12), and the indefinite "a little while" (20:3).
- B. Parallelism
  - 1. One view sees the book as a symbolical drama in seven Acts (chapters 1-3/ 4-7/ 8-11/12-14/ 15-16/ 17-19/ 20-22). Some Acts are parallel to others, retelling the same story, but employing a different set of symbols.
  - 2. Evidence of parallelism:
    - a. In Daniel (a book similar to Revelation), there are parallel sections (e.g. Daniel, chapters 2 & 7)
    - b. Some features are repeatedly mentioned:
      - 1) The phenomena (4:5/ 8:5/ 11:19/ 16:18)
      - 2) The battle (16:14/ 19:19/ 20:8)
      - 3) The three-and-a-half years (11:3-4/12:6, 14/13:5)

- 4) The 7 trumpets and 7 bowls parallel each other as follows:
  - A. The first of each affect the earth (8:7/16:2)
  - B. The second of each affect the sea (8:8/16:3)
  - C. The third of each affect the rivers (8:10/16:4)
  - D. The fourth of each affect heavenly bodies (8:12/16:8)
  - E. The fifth of each affect men (9:1/16:10)
  - F. The sixth of each affect the Euphrates (9:13/16:12)
  - G. The seventh of each spells the end (11:15/16:17)
- C. Interplay with the rest of the scriptures:
  - 1. Not so much as one actual quotation from the rest of scripture, but a multitude of allusions to Old Testament images and phrases, especially from Isaiah (79 allusions), Daniel (53), Ezekiel (48 [conservative-ly; one says 84 and a rework of Ezekiel]), Psalms (43), Exodus (27), Jeremiah (22), Zechariah (15), Amos (9), and Joel (8).
  - 2. Echoes of the Exodus:
    - a. "Freed" by the blood (1:5 [early manuscripts])
    - b. Egypt the persecutor of God's people (11:8)
    - c. Dragon persecutes the woman (12:3ff) [like Egypt Ezekiel 29:3 & Psalm 74:13]
    - d. Plagues of darkness, hail, locusts, boils, frogs, water turned to blood, etc.
    - e. "The song of Moses and the Lamb" (15:3)
    - f. Woman [like Israel], having escaped the dragon, is nourished in the wilderness (12: 6, 14)
    - g. Earth opens to vindicate the righteous (12:16)
    - h. Counterparts in the heavens to Moses' tabernacle:
      - 1) Golden lampstands (1:12)
      - 2) Hidden manna (2:17)
      - 3) Altar of incense (8:3-5)
      - 4) Altar of sacrifice (6:9)
      - 5) Holy of holies (11:1, 15:8)
      - 6) Ark of the covenant (11:19)

- 3. Echoes of the Babylonian exile:
  - a. Euphrates dries up (16:12)
  - b. Babylon is fallen (14:8/ chapter 18)
- 4. Ministry of "two witnesses" mirrors ministry of Christ:
  - a. Duration of ministry: 3.5 years (11:3)
  - b. Slain in the city "where our Lord was crucified"(11:8)
  - c. Resurrected after 3 days [actually 3.5] (11:11)
  - d. Ascend to heaven (11:12)
  - e. Shortly thereafter, the city is smitten (11:13)

### V. Date and Historical Setting

- A. A Time of Persecution (1:9 / 2:10,13 / 3:10 / 6:9 / 17:6)
- B. Two Theories:
  - 1. Early Date: The reign of Nero (AD 54-68)
    - a. Adherents to this date include: Jay Adams, Adam Clarke, Alfred Edersheim, J.B. Lightfoot, John A.T. Robinson, Philip Schaff, and many others.
    - b. The current "king" (17:9-10) [king = emperor; Nero was the 6<sup>th</sup>; but if king = kingdom, Rome was 6<sup>th</sup>.]
    - c. The existing temple (11:1-2) [sounds like temple still stands, hence AD 70]
    - d. The church/Jewish situation [two of the churches (Smyrna, Philadelphia) are persecuted by Jews (synagogue of Satan]
    - e. Identification of "666" (13:18) with Caesar Nero (Hebrew: Kaisar Neron )
  - 2. Late Date: The reign of Domitian (AD 81-96)

- a. Adherents to this date include: Robert Mounce, Albert Barnes, B.B. Warfield, Donald Guthrie, John Walvoord, Merrill Tenney, and perhaps most other commentators since 1900.
- b. Emperor worship (chapter 13)
- c. Extent of persecution
- d. "Nero redidivus" myth [idea that Nero would come back to life]
- e. Condition of the churches
  - 1) Wealth of Laodicea (3:17)
  - 2) Existence of church in Smyrna [claim: not by AD 70] Polycarp wrote in a letter to the church at Philippi: "...among [you] the blessed Paul labored, who are praised in the beginning of his epistle. For concerning you he boasts in all the churches who then alone had known the Lord, for we had not yet known him." (Letter to the Philippians, 11:3). [Hence, that church did not exist when Paul wrote Philippians in ~ AD 60.]
  - Spiritual decline of Ephesus, Sardis & Laodicea [But churches can decline very quickly, e.g. Galatians.]
- f. Testimony of Irenaeus:

"Now since this is so, and since this number [666] is found in all the good and ancient copies, and since those who have seen John face to face testify, and reason teaches us that the number of the name of the beast appears according to the numeration of the Greeks by the letters in it... We will not, however, incur the risk of pronouncing positively as to the name of Antichrist; for if it were necessary that his name should be distinctly revealed in this present time, it would have been announced by him who beheld the apocalyptic vision. For that [ambiguity: the vision or who, John] was seen no very long time since, but almost in our day, towards the end of Domitian's reign." (Against Heresies, 5:30:1, 3)

[The quote is ambiguous, and may indicate that it was John (not his vision) that had been seen in the reign of Domitian. Also, Irenaeus' historical accuracy may be questioned in view of his assertion that Jesus lived to be over fifty years of age (Against Heresies, 2:22:5)]

[Also, the copies of the book of Revelation were already ancient in the reign of Domitian.]

### VI. Interpretive Approaches

- A. *Historicist*: A running account of the whole of church history written in advance
  - 1. According to this view, the breaking of the seven seals is the breaking-up of the Roman Empire, [seven trumpits, breaking up of the eastern Roman Empire:] locust plague is Mohammeddan invasion, the Beast is the papacy, etc. Follows the day-for-a-year interpretation of the prophecies. [Seven bowls: the French Revolution.] [But the 1260 years of the papacy should have ended in about 1860, and did not.] [Catholics responded with futurism and preterism.]
  - 2. Advantages to this view: It was the view of all the Reformers and some leading evangelicals. Can point to striking historical parallels to the prophecies in Revelation.
  - 3. Disadvantages to this view: Those who hold it do not agree on the interpretation of many details.
- B. *Preterist:* Fulfillment in the past: fall of Jerusalem and, possibly, of Rome [Latter: Jay Adams saw the first half of Revelation to be about the fall of Jerusalem and the second half to be about the fall of Rome.]
  - 1. One school sees the entire prophecy as being fulfilled in AD 70 with the fall of Jerusalem [the view of J.S. Russell and David Chilton, et al.]. Another sees the second half (chapters 13 through 19) as being fulfilled in the fall of the Roman Empire [Jay Adams' view]. The message of the book is the vindication of Christ and the martyrs upon their persecutors.
  - 2. Advantages of this view:

- a. Makes the most sense if passages like 1:1, 3, 19 (Gr.) and 22:10 [in contrast to Daniel, which was sealed because the time was NOT at hand (but later found to be ~600 years later)] are taken literally
- b. Makes the book relevant to the original readers (like most epistles)
- c. Agrees with the Olivet discourse [Luke 21], and the biblical stress on the importance of AD 70
- d. Agrees impressively with the history of the Jewish War recorded by Josephus<sup>i</sup>
- e. Renders the emperor passages like 13:18 and 17:10 intelligible.
- 3. Disadvantages of the position:
  - a. Requires a date of writing prior to AD 70, which is defensible but debated (see discussion of date and historical setting, <u>above</u>).
  - b. Claimed (by critics) to have originated with the Jesuit, Luis de Alcazar (1554-1613) to refute the reformers. However, the preterist approach to both Revelation and the Olivet Discourse were held by some much earlier than this time. Eusebius, early in the fourth century, after reviewing Josephus' description of the destruction of Jerusalem in AD 70<sup> i</sup>, writes:

It is fitting to add to these accounts the true prediction of our Savior in which he foretold these very events. His words are as follows: 'Woe unto them that are with child, and to them that give suck in those days! But pray ye that your flight be not in the winter, neither on the Sabbath day. For there shall be great tribulation, such was not since the beginning of the world to this time, no, nor ever shall be.' [Matthew 24:19-21]

Ecclesiastical History, Book III, Chapter VII.

In a commentary on Revelation written in the sixth century by Arethas says of Revelation 6:12: "Some refer this to the siege of Jerusalem by Vespasian." On Revelation 7:1, Arethas writes: "Here then, were manifestly shown to the Evangelist what things were to befall the Jews in their war against the Romans, in the way of avenging the sufferings inflicted upon Christ." At 7:4: "When the Evangelist received these oracles, the destruction in which the Jews were involved was not yet inflicted by the Romans."

- C. Futurist: Everything after chapter three awaits fulfillment in the future
  - 1. Revelation divides into three sections, defined in 1:19. Rapture of the church is seen at 4:1, followed by seven-year tribulation. It is assumed that events are recorded in proper chronological order, though some would see two parallel sections (chapters 4-11 and 12-19). [Ch 20 is the future millennium. Then Chs 21-22 after that.] Of the alternative approaches, the futurist takes the most literal interpretation to the visions, since it alone can do so.
  - 2. Advantages to this view:
    - a. Widely held and taught. The most "popular" view among Christians;
    - b. Appeals to our tendency to take things literally (minimizes duty of interpretation);
    - c. Harmonization with current events (some have been doing this for the past 150 years).
  - 3. Disadvantages to this view:
    - a. All of the above (see points a, b and c above)
    - b. Renders the book 90% irrelevant to Christians (since we leave at 4:1)
    - c. Fails to recognize the symbolic character of apocalyptic literature
    - d. Struggles to explain the book's own expectation of near fulfillment (1:1, 3; 22:10)
    - e. Lack of chronological sequence is frequently evident:
      - 1) End of the world (11:18) precedes other events [e.g. the birth of Christ (12:1-5)]
      - 2) Beast persecutes witnesses (11:7) before he rises to power (13:1)
      - 3) Babylon is fallen (14:8), but later not fallen (17:1-5; 18:21)
    - f. Origin of futurist view: First created by Spanish Jesuit priest, Francisco Ribera, in 1585, for the purpose of refuting the histori-

cist view and the Reformers' insistence that the "beast" was the papacy.

- D. *Spiritual/Idealist:* No single historical fulfillment is intended only grand spiritual principles
  - 1. According to this view, the great themes of the triumph of good over evil, of Christ over Satan, of the vindication of the martyrs and the sovereignty of God are played out throughout Revelation without specific reference to historical events.
  - 2. The advantage of this view is that it avoids the difficulty of harmonizing specific passages with specific fulfillments which has plagued the historicist, futurist, and preterist views.
  - 3. The disadvantage of the idealist position is that the book of Revelation itself claims to be predicting events that must shortly come to pass (1:1).
- E. *Eclecticism:* Various methods of combining the presuppositions of two or more of the above approaches.
  - Alternative #1: If the basic premise of the Idealist approach were to be accepted, it would be possible still to identify the fall of Jerusalem and Rome, the rise and fall of the papacy, and certain future political developments as all being notable examples of the pertinent themes, thus accommodating the evidence for the preterist, the historicist and the futurist approaches.
  - Alternative #2: Accepting the preterist interpretation of chapters 4-9 (the seven seals and the first six trumpets) and, possibly, chapters 14-19 (the seven bowls and the fall of Babylon) would satisfy the explicit predictions of a near fulfillment (1:1, 3, 19 [Gr.]; 22:10). The Idealist approach, however, may justly be applied to chapters 10-13 (as well as chapters 20-22). Reasons for applying chapters 10-13 in this way would include:
    - a. A new prophecy in the form of a "little book" is introduced in chapter 10.

- b. This second prophecy is international in scope (implied in 10:2; stated in 10:11). This would imply, by contrast, that the previous prophecy had concerned a limited area (i.e. Israel).
- c. In contrast to the book of Revelation in general, some aspects of this second prophecy are to be sealed up (contr.10:4/22:10), suggesting that their contents will not reach complete fulfillment in the near future (cf. Daniel 12:4, 9).
- d. Since the book of the second prophecy is "little" one might expect it to occupy only a few chapters.
- e. Chapters 11-13 comprise a discreet section, concerning a period referred to as 31/2 years. Perhaps this section is identified with the "little book."
- f. There are reasons to believe that the "3 1/2 years" may be a symbolic designation for the "times of the Gentiles" (i.e. the age of the Church since the fall of Jerusalem til the end of the world-compare 11:2 with Luke 21:24).
- g. Further evidence that the second prophecy applies to the whole age of the Church is found in the reference to the "mystery of God" in Rev.10:7 (cf.Eph.3:4-6/Col.1:27/Rom.11:25).
- h. If this thesis is true, then the careers of the two witnesses (11:3), the woman in the wilderness(12:6), and the Beast (13:5) must continue throughout the age of the Church, a conclusion that fits other evidence in the related passages.

### VII. Outline of the Book

### **Prologue**: (1:1-8)

- **Section One**: Christ Among the Seven Churches (1:9 3:22)
- A. Opening Vision: Christ among the Seven Lampstands (1:9-20)
- B. Seven letters to the seven churches (chapters 2 and 3)
  - 1. To Ephesus (2:1-7)
  - 2. To Smyrna (2:8-11)
  - 3. To Pergamum (2:12-17)
  - 4. To Thyatira (2:18-29)

5. To Sardis (3:1-6)6. To Philadelphia (3:7-13)7. To Laodicea (3:14-22)

Section Two: The Lamb and the Seven-Sealed Scroll (4:1 - 8:1)

- A. Opening vision: The heavenly court and the scroll given to the Lamb (ch. 4 5)
- B. The breaking of the seven seals (6:1 8:1)
  - 1. White horse (6:1-2)
- 2. Red horse (6:3-4)
- 3. Black horse (6:5-6)
- 4. Pale (Green) horse (6:7-8)
- 5. Souls of martyrs cry for vindication (6:9-11)
- 6. The wrath of the Lamb (6:12-17)
  - [interlude: the safety of the redeemed (chapter 7)]
- 7. Silence in heaven for half an hour (8:1)

Section Three: The First Six Trumpets (chapters 8-9)

- A. Opening vision: Fire from the altar in heaven cast upon earth (8:2-6)
- B. The sounding of the seven trumpets (8:7 11:18)
- 1. One-third of plants destroyed (8:7)
- 2. One-third of sea turns to blood (8:8-9)
- 3. One-third of rivers made bitter (8:10-11)
- 4. One-third of sun, moon, etc. smitten (8:12) [announcement of three "woes" to come (8:13)]
- 5. First woe: locusts from the pit (9:1-12)
- 6. Second woe: 200 million "horsemen" (9:13-21)

**Section Four:** The Forty-Two Months (chapters 10-13)

- A. Opening vision: The Messenger with the "little book" (chapter 10)
- B. The Contents
  - 1. The measuring of the temple (11:1-2)
  - 2. The two witnesses (11:3-13)
  - 3. The Last Trumpet (11:14-19)
- 4. The woman with child, and the dragon (chapter 12:1-6)
- 5. War in Heaven: the dragon cast out (chapter 12:7-17)
- 6. The beast out of the sea (chapter 13:1-10)
- 7. The beast out of the land (chapter 13:11-18)

Section Five: The Last Plagues (chapters 14-16) A. Opening visions (chapters 14-15) 1. The 144,000 (14:1-5) 2. The preaching of the Gospel (14:6-7) 3. The announcement of Babylon's fall (14:8) 4. The doom of the beast's worshippers (14:9-11) 5. Beatitude for the dead (14:12-13) 6. The harvest (14:14-20) 7. Heavenly vision of triumph and impending judgment (chapter 15) B. The seven bowls of wrath (chapter 16) 1. Land [Earth] smitten (16:1-2) 2. Sea smitten (16:3)3. Rivers smitten (16:4-7) 4. Sun smitten (16:8-9) 5. Throne of the beast smitten (16:10-11) 6. Armageddon (16:12-14, 16) [ interlude: beatitude for the prepared (16:15) ] 7. "It is done" (16:17-21)

Section Six: Seven Proclamations of Triumph (chapters 17-19)

A. Opening vision: The death of the harlot city (chapter 17)

B. Seven voices (chapters 18 - 19)

1. "Babylon is fallen" (18:1-3)

2. "Reward her double for her sins" (18:4-20)

3. "Thus with violence she is thrown down" (18:21-24)

4. "Alleluia! God is just!" (19:1-4)

5. "Praise God, all his servants" (19:5)

6. "The marriage of the Lamb has come!" (19:6-10)

[ interlude: the conquering Word of God (19:11-16) ]

7. Invitation to the feast of the fowls (19:17-21)

Section Seven: The New Creation (chapters 20 - 22)

A. Opening vision: The judgment of the dragon (chapter 20)

B. The New Creation (21:9 - 22:19) [outlined in 21:1-8]

1. The heavenly Jerusalem (21:9-21)

2. The habitation of God (21:22-27)

3. Renewal of the world (22:1-5)

4. Affirmation of God's word (22:6-10)

5. God's work completed (22:11-15)
 6. Final blessing (22:16-17)
 7. Final curse (22:18-19)

**Epilogue**: (22:20-21)

#### Verse-byVerse notes from Lectures by Steve Gregg

1:1 The revelation: God  $\rightarrow$  Jesus  $\rightarrow$  Angel  $\rightarrow$  John

1:7 Mt 16:23(?) "some standing here" – coming Mt 24:34 this gen will not pass away before... ref? YHWH on clouds to Egypt: Assyrian attack; Zech 12:10 "will morn"

1:8 Is 41, 44 "Alpha, Omega; first, last"

1:12-18 cf. Dan 10:5ff

1:13b priest: garment down to feet

1:19 Greek: "will take place" → "are about to take place" Chaps 1, 2-3, 4-22: the three "things"

- 1:20 What are the angels/messengers of the churches? The seven "pastors" of the seven churches? An anachronism, not stated in the Bible that churches had "pastors". Maybe seven readers at the seven churches (v3a).
- 2: Eight features of each letter: (1) "To the angel of the church of...", (2) "these things says, ... {identifying Jesus as in Ch 1, by a particular, relevant feature/facet), (3) "I know your works." (good and/or bad), (4) Commendation of the good, where applicable, (5) Criticism of the bad, where applicable, (6) call to repent, where needed, (7/8) "He who has an ear...", and finally (8/7) "To him who overcomes..." (7-8 reversed in the last four letters).
- Letter to Ephesus: (Like NYC cultural center.) Ac 20:29 Paul predicts wolves, even among leaders; they took him seriously so were intolerant of such. Good, but can lead to unloving attitude (NOT 1Co 13): they lost their first love. Love defines Christians. E.g., today: obsession with "sounds doctrine". Nicolaitans (1<sup>st</sup> mention, re "deeds" (2<sup>nd</sup> in letter to Sardis, re "doctrines" Jesus hated both their doctrines and deeds the latter soon follow the former)): probably followers of Nicolas of Ac 6:5 (Church fathers (several): he later turned and gathered followers; he taught antinominism).

**Overcome**: faithful unto death – refs in Rev.

- Letter to Smyrna: I died and came to life (v8b). You can do the same Letter to Laodicea: Great aqueducts bring both cold and hot water into the (v10b-11). Shortest letter due to no criticism. v10d "crown of life" Ja "when he has been proved, he will receive the crown of life" (that promhave read Rev'n).
- Letter to Pergamos: (Like Wash, DC political center. First to build a temple to Caesar Augustus, etc. = "the throne of Satan") Jewish rabbis of the time: Jeremiah saved the ark .... White stone, three theories, none definite: (1) acquittal in court, (2) olympic race, give to the first until his brothers finish the race, (3) access to idolatrous feasts.
- in town at meetings sacrifices to their idols; hence Christians couldn't work there. Justified by grace through faith, but judged "according to vour works" (Rev 22, 1Pe, Paul: "faith that works") Rev 3:21 overcome => get Me. He 11:6.
- Letter to Sardis: Rose when the Hittites fell, as a city of Lydia. Not much good to say, except that it has a lively name (reputation), but now is dead. They are not terrible, but not perfect Even the remnant is on the verge of death. Thief: 1Th 5:xx; 1Pe xx:yy. He knows the remnant by name. Re 7:14 washed to white in blood of the Lamb. What are these white garments? Church clothed in (white) clean & bright. Blot name out of Book of Life. Re 13:8 beast, expunged. 2Tim 2:11 psalm: ...deny us (us being Paul, Timothy, etc.)
- Letter to Philadelphia: No reference back to Ch. 1 as to who he is. Rather, by reference to Isaiah, indicates that He holds the key of (the house of) David, hence authority to grant or block access to the king. v10 taken to be a promise of rapture before the tribulation (along with 2Th 2), but Jn 17:15 "not out of the world, but keep them from the evil one" (same verb and preposition (appearing nowhere else in the Bible)): Israel was still in Egypt when the plagues happened, but God kept them from them. Ps 91 (might be written by Moses) alludes to the Exodus: not afraid of... Mt 24:36 (second coming) "taken" by the Flood were the unbelievers (doing normal daily activities before); believers were the ones left behind. Lu 21:xx explains: where the corpses are. "Whole world": Lu 2: Caesar require a tax on "the whole world", i.e. the Roman world. Paul: Gospel has come to "all the world". Hence, here an empire wide crisis on the Roman Empire, not a future global tribulation. Rome: Nero committed suicide, three false caesars, then stability only when Vespasian came to power.

- city: lukewarm tasted bad, caused vomiting. Produced clothing and eye salve. Much banking. Jesus picks up on these.
- ise is not made anywhere other than here in Rev; hence, James might **Turning Point**: Done with the letters, on to the vision (chs 4-22). There were 19 occurrences of "church" prior to this point, but none through ch 19, hence, dispensationalists take 4:1 to mean the rapture. But all 19 are local church references, not global. But there are several to saints (i.e., the church). D's claim these are "trib saints", never defined or stated. And later the Lamb marries the saints clothed in the righteous acts of the saints, hence the global Church.
- Letter to Thyatira: Famous for making purple die/cloth. Many trade guilds 4:1 sounds like 1Co 15:xx rapture when sound of trumpet; and 1Th 4:15 trumpet of God, caught up in the air. 1:10 John also heard a voice like a trumpet, but that was not the rapture. In ch 11 he comes down to measure the temple. Does the church come with him? Likewise, he goes back up, and down, several times. That doesn't mean the church does so, so why does the second time (4:1) mean so?
  - 4:2-end(11): v3 is not revealing about the appearance of God so people will not want to make an image to represent God. Who are the 24 elders? 12 patriarchs and 12 apostles? But John is one of the apostles, They are arrayed like kings, and priests. David divided the priests into 24 groups, so maybe that is it. However, 24 could represent the 12 tribes (OT) and the 12 apostles (NT) without BEING them. 15:3 people singing the song of Moses and the song of the Lamb: again representing both OT and NT saints. Yes, these are saints in heaven, but there are already plenty there even now. v5b second occurrence of the seven spirits: unknown, but possibly representing the Holy Spirit. Here represented by the seven lamps. (In 5:6b, by seven eyes.) vv6-8 The creatures represent all living creatures, continually singing. But we should not get hung up in details, but get the intended impression: all creation praising God.
  - 5:8-end(14) Great celebration because there is a qualified person to break the seals. What is the scroll? D's think the title deed to the Earth, delivered to Satan by Adam (so this is the end of the world because He is taking it back; opening the scroll is punishing Satan and his hoards). Steve: John arriving in the Judgment Hall at the end of the trial, just in time for the sentencing; 18:21 The Great Babylon must be the culprit; 19: true and right are His judgment. Who is worthy to execute the harlot? Only He is worthy. She is guilty of the blood of the saints. Apparently, John arrived after the evidence had been presented. Jn 5:22 The Father has committed all judgment to the Son, v27 given him authority to exercise

all judgment...because He was the son of man: He has experienced it all, without succumbing.

- 5:1-7 Ge 49:xx Judah ~ lion (fierce to the occupants of heaven, who see the significance of the spiritual battle), but John actually sees a slain lamb (harmless – to humans, who saw only what Jesus did on the land).
- One theory: Mt presents Jesus as a victor (lion), Mk as a servant (ox), Lu as a human (man), Jn as deity (lofty eagle).
- Jerusalem the first persecutor of the saints (the Church). Mt x:y: prophet Interlude before Seal 7: Typical: six, interlude, then seventh. should perish outside Jerusalem. Mt 23:29ff ...blood of the prophets... Abel to Zechariah. Re 19:2 blood of prophets shed by her.

**The Seven Seals**: (on the document containing the sentence on Jerusalem)

- 1. 6:1,3,5,7 Alex. text has only "Come", not "Come and see". v8: green, not pale. D: white horse = anti-Christ (with no justification). But could be Christ or Vespasian with Roman armies. Rest of the horses suggest the latter.
- 2. Red horse represents civil war in Israel (Josephus<sup>i</sup> confirms), as God so often did to Israel's enemies, as for Gideon: enemies kill each other. Lu 19:41-44 Jesus weeping over J: peace taken from you...not one stone upon another.
- 3. Black horse affects commerce: expense food; Le  $26:26f \Rightarrow$  scales to weigh out the grain (v18: punish you seven times, and seven times again, yet seven more; 4x7: seals, trumpets, bowls, thunders in Rev.) ate drought: kills grains but not the olive trees, or the rich can afford in any case; Josephus<sup>i</sup>: John Gushirah in temple, drank the sacred oil & wine for burnt offerings.
- 4. Obviously Death is personified. Even in Henry Morris saw these horses and riders as symbolic. LXX uses the same word here "death" to be "pestilence" fifty times. Eze 5:17 famine, pestilence, wild beasts and the sword; Eze 14:21 four severe judgments on Jerusalem: sword, famine, wild beasts, pestilence.
- 5. The slain (sacrificed): the plaintiffs in this trial.
- 6. Seven kinds of men given: all. Joel 2:31 both outpouring of the Spirit and judgment. The wrath has come, the great day. Is 34:4 (destruction of Edom) heavens rolled up and stars fall like figs (Edom might represent Jerusalem, or J. is being derisively called His Messiah – quoted In Ac 2:24 "the kings of the land" refers to the leaders who told the disciples not to preach, the rulers of the land of

Israel. Josephus <sup>i</sup>: John Gushalah et al were in caves, thinking the were safe for the wrath of God through the Romans. Lu 23:28-31 Jesus with cross, to daughters of Jerusalem, weep for yourselves and your children (that generation). They will say to the mountains, "fall on us". If the Romans do this to the true vine, which is fruitful, what will they do to you who are fruitless. Mal 3:1 "Who can stand?" = Re 6:17b Not Jesus cleansing the temple, but the destruction of it.

- 7:1-9 Doesn't say get the saints out before a tribulation, but seal them. Eze 9 may be an outline of Rev??? Ja 1:1 A serv. of God to the 12 tribes; 2:1 holding the faith of Christ; 1:18 we might be a kind of first fruits (1<sup>st</sup> century Jewish Christians, the remnant). Re 14:5 No guile, as Jesus said about Nathaniel. Eusebius: the Christians escaped Jerusalem by divine edict to Pela, avoiding the judgment on Jerusalem.
- 7:10-17 "come out" in Greek is "are coming out". These are enumerable vs 144K of the first group. John labors to say that the first group are Jews (tribes), but the second group are from "nations" (v9). Compare Mt 24:21 || Lu 21:23-24 "great distress in the land...until the times of the Gentiles be fulfilled (many commentators: the Church Age, while the Gentiles are being evangelized)", hence, not  $3\frac{1}{2}$  or 7 years, but much longer. That is one opinion. Hence, this Great Multitude could be the Christians of the entire Church Age.
- (Josephus<sup>i</sup> confirms) Re 6:6b "do not harm the oil & wine": moder- 8:1 Silence: saints not clamoring because redress is under way? Does the seventh seal also contain the seven trumpets? Not clear. Seven trumpets remind us of Jericho: finally priests blew 7 trumpets; if so, Jerusalem is likened to Jericho, as Babylon, Sodom, Egypt, Edom, ... v5 the prayers of the saints again: here they are the bowls (cf, ch 5). Coals carried in the same censer: it is used for the prayers and then to deliver the results of the prayers. 1Tim x:y no one stood w/Paul (he forgives them) but Alex. the coppersmith to be judged: why? because he is trying to snuff out the gospel, so he will stop resisting it. Hence, in Re 8 the saints are praying against those opposing the gospel. They, like Jesus, Paul, David, etc., were praying that God would avenge, not trying to do so themselves. Ps (David) hate them that hate you. Lu 18:1ff unjust judge: Shall God not avenge God's elect? Ro 12:19-20 Vengeance is mine, I will repay. So be good to your enemy.
- Edom). Kings of the land: Ps 2:1 Kings of the land, rulers against 8:6-12 Eze 5: thirds of hair: burn, cut, into wind. Not likely an exact third. but a significant minority. Jer: a third (the remnant) preserved in Jerusalem.

**First & second trumpet**: Josephus <sup>i</sup> relates that the Romans cut down all the trees around Jerusalem, and killed many Jews trying to flee in boats on the Sea of Galilee (bodies rotting, polluting the sea). Mk 11:20-24 fig tree dried up...who ever says to this mountain (Mt, Zion) be thrown into the sea (Jews dispersed into Gentiles), it shall happen. Symbolic: Jerusalem destroyed and Jews dispersed into Gentiles.

**Third trumpet:** Ex 15:22ff bitter water – bitterness symbolizes bondage in Egypt (as Passover meal indicates) – if obedient, none of the plagues of Egypt would come on them; but they weren't obedient, so those plagues are coming on them in Revelation.

**Fourth trumpet**: partial destruction of a nation, typical of OT prophecies. But they did not repent: 9:xx. (Bowls coming, and they are not 1/3 but totally destructive.)

Fifth trumpet: Bottomless pit or abyss is where the demons are kept, and Satan later (ch 20, for a while). (Jesus could have sent the demons into the bottomless pit rather than the pigs, as they feared/requested.) Steve suggests that these locusts are demons unleashed on the land (Israel), causing the occupants of Jerusalem, as recorded by Josephus<sup>i</sup>, to act irrationally/crazily/insanely/like wild animals. The final siege of Jerusalem began in April and ended in September, 5 months. Mt 12:43 Jesus explains this: seven other spirits comes to replace the first, and "so it will be with this generation", like a man with demons, finally totally possessed. (Rev 12 Devil poised for Woman's Child: possibly he sent out demons, hence more observed in Jesus' time than in OT, and even more in Rev 9.) Pr 30 locusts have no king, unlike the ones here. Their king here is "fallen from heaven" (as Jesus previously saw? "like lightening") and could be Satan. His name given in both languages to tip off the reader to consider the Hebrew form when the name is converted to the number 666. Here we have scorpion tails; Jesus said, "I give you authority over scorpions and serpents."; ch, 10 has serpents; hence, authority over evil/demons.

**Sixth trumpet**: After the invasion by demons, we have a military invasion, represented by horses (the Roman army).

Again, an interlude before the seventh trumpet: 11:15 Steve thinks the seventh trumpet is the second coming of Christ.

**10**: Little book, short prophecy, eaten so the is what John begins to give. John's not writing what the seven thunders said suggests that they talked of something in the distant future. So Ch 10 is a transition to a separate, shorter prophecy about the future, beyond AD 70. It is called

42 months, 1260 days (same), time-times-and-half a time (same): five times but designated in three distinct ways; only in chaps 11-13 and not before or after; hence, they seem to be a unit.

**11**:1-2 First use: Lu 21:6-7,20 The sign: J. surrounded by armies; these are the days of vengeance; woe; (v24) slain, captured, and J will be trampled by the Gentiles, from then until the times of the Gentiles be fulfilled: perhaps from AD 70 until Jesus returns, during which the gospel continues to go out to the Gentiles. Hence, the 42 mos,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  years, 1260 days, is simply symbolic if that period, with no statistical or mathematical significance. It is the holy of holies (Greek word for temple) that is measured, and preserved; and the outer part is left to the Gentiles. [So why  $3\frac{1}{2}$ ? No compelling reason. Maybe the time Nero persecuted the Church, or that Jesus ministered (hence the second half, ministering through His Body, the Church, or ...]

**11**:3-x Ze 4:1-10 anointed one (perhaps His Body here) De x:y In the mouth of two witnesses. NOT Jews and Gentiles. v8(& 9): "body in Greek, is singular" their (plural) body (singular), hence His Body, the Church. Elijah also called down fire...v5. "...the Lord working with them..." Not Moses and Elijah: God said, "This is my son; hear him."

**11**:7 This is the beast out of the sea in Ch 13? v8: Looks to the world that the Church is dead because Jesus was dead. vv9-10: dead for  $3\frac{1}{2}$  days (NOT years). v11: The rapture, after a short time of apparent defeat. See ch 20 for a parallel view using different imagery.

**11**:14-19 Seventh Trumpet: Return of Christ and the result. Temple (the church) now in heaven.

**12**:7-13 Another parenthesis. vv6 & 14 have much in common.

**12**:5 Ac 13:33 Paul quotes this as referring to the resurrection (begotten from the dead; Col 1:18; Re 2:26-27)

12:9 Paul: no one to condemn us, bring accusation against us (Ro x:y).12:10 1Jn 3:20 ... if our heart condemns us...

12:14 eagle Ex 19:4 ... on eagles' wings... Same imagery used here.

13 – Two beasts, (Governmental) Force and (Religious) Deception.

False prophet: a religious figure/empire; the beast from the land.

**D**: 2Th 2: man of lawlessness =  $1^{st}$  beast sits as God in the Temple of God (no image is mentioned; no stmt that the Temple is a rebuilt Jewish temple; indeed, Paul never refers to the Jewish temple as the temple of God, rather Eph 2 "you are the Temple of God" 2Co 6:16 what agreement – 3 times, 2 of which refer to the Church, hence more likely that Paul means the man is sitting in the Church)

Lu 21:23 Gentiles treading until their time is done: times of the Gentiles.

out of the sea. The two beasts (political and religious) and the dragon all go into the lake of fire.

**Da** 7:1-5 Four beasts out of the sea: lion, bear, leopard, ten-horn beast. 14:6 Angel = Messenger, perhaps the Church preaching the gospel. Gentiles.

**Re 17**:3 The beast is scarlet (red), with same heads, etc.

Human kingdoms have always persecuted believers, as have human religious systems.

That beast in the Rev readers time was headed by Nero, whose number was 666. The beast is mostly a concept, that of political powers persecuting the Church. Seven = the complete number of heads => plenty to come after one goes down.

the forehead or back of the hand. That is the imagery used here. Laws against doing business with Christians fit the bill.

De 6:6-9 Teach to children (this law) on your hand and between your eyes (forehead). Wooden literalism: phylacteries. Meaning: thoughts and actions, governed by God's law. Our thoughts and actions should give us away as belonging to God. nCo x:y Paul: "obeying ... to righteousness": servants of God or servants of the system/the state ("we 14:13 "from now on" = from the point of their death onward? have no king but Caesar").

 $2^{nd}$  beast: False prophet. OT: kings always had prophets on their staff. False religion wedded to the state. Yes, God ordains states, but without a conscience, it can become a tool of Satan. 14:4 they follow the Lamb wherever he goes. FP has sheep's horns, pretending to be a lamb, but the voice of the dragon. De 13: gives signs/wonders that comes to pass, but says "let us go after other gods" (voice of the dragon). Fire coming down: mimicking the Church (two witnesses). Deification/idol of the 14: then, is all about AD 70. state: extreme patriotism (as the Nazis). Satan uses political power and religious deception to persecute the Church. Christians become the scapegoat for everything that goes wrong.

14:1 He 12:xx We have come to Mt Zion, the Church

14:4-5 Virgin: not literal, in contrast to Babylon the Harlot (Jerusalem), thus: 16:2 Worshipping the beast: "We have no king but Caesar" choosing the pure. They follow the Lamb (i.e., Jesus), hence Christians (and Jews: ch 7). Firstfruits: the remnant, the first people saved at Pentecost. Ja

their mouth no guile (deceit, hypocrisy), as Jesus said of Nathaniel. They are never mentioned again in Rev. They are the true Mt Zion.

1<sup>st</sup> Beast: He (not I, John, but the dragon) beckoned the beast to come 14:6.9,15,17,18,19 (but "the" refers to the former) Seven(?) Angels? Oops, no, only six. But maybe the seven angels in ch 15 are the seventh angel here.

So the 1<sup>st</sup> Rev beast is a composite of those four: kingdoms of man, 14:8 the great city: see 11:8 Sodom, Egypt, Edom, where our Lord was crucified, also called Babylon - drunk with the blood of the prophets. 17:xx Ten horns will hate the harlot...So Rome turned on the harlot and burned her, i.e., Jerusalem, the great city, reigning in John's day. Everything fits except her reigning over the kiings of the land – Ac 4:25, Ps 2, the kings of the land, against the Lord and His Christ, and they identify Pontius Pilate, Harod, the Sanhedron - the rulers of Israel (the land).

14:9-12 Men marked with their owner, the Devil's system, tormented.

**Rome**: run-away slaves when caught, branded with the owners brand on 14:11 Sounds like Eternal torment, i.e., "hell", but this is in the presence of the Lamb. 2Th 1:9 Not away from Him, as some translation insert. Is 34 is the source: about Edom and the people of My curse (Harrod and his family were the last of the Edomites) - destroyed by God's judgment, smoke ascending Forever - comes from Sodom (but its smoke is not still literally ascending). Thus, Jerusalem would be destroyed. This is not in hell, but in Jerusalem in AD 70.

- 14:14-20 First reap the grain in the early summer, then the grapes in the early fall, but the latter involves blood, i.e., judgment. 1260 stadia == length of Israel. AD 70 first the remnant saved out of Jerusalem, the judgment on the city kill most of those remaining. Jesus came with a winnowing fan in his hand, to separate the wheat and the chaff, the former put safe in the barn, the latter to be burned. Lam 1:15 Jerusalem speaking, trampled in a winepress.
- 15:8 Smoke filled the tabernacle for Moses, and later for Solomon. God is about to be glorified in His New Temple, the Church. "Your house is left to you desolate." No one able to enter = no further prayers for Jerusalem – too late.
- beast (human kingdom) rather than Jesus.  $1^{st}$  plague =  $6^{th}$  plague of Egypt.
- 1:1 to the tribes, as are these, v18: we might be a kind of firstfruits. In 16:3 Josephus<sup>1</sup>: Romans cut of hands etc. of sailors fleeing in Sea of Galilee.

- 16:4? Lu 13:33-35 Jesus: Jerusalem kills the prophets. Your house is being 18:3 Eze 16:26 harlot w/Egyptians, Assyrians, Chaldeans. Eze 23:12 Two abandoned by God. Mt 23:35-36 On you (Jerusalem) all the r blood from A to Z; all these shall come on this generation: the just due for all **18**:4 Is 48:20, Jer 50:8, 51:6, Lu 21: surrounded. the blood of the prophets.
- **16**:8-9 Sun scorching is symbolic: blessing = the sun shall not scorch them. Ps 121:5-6 YHWH is your keeper...the sun shall not strike you, nor the moon by night (no such thing as moon burn – it is poetry).
- **16**:10-11 The throne of the beast = Rome, torn by civil war for 18 months 70, when Vespatian took over.
- 16:12 Modern armies are not impeded by rivers, nor would they march through the desert; they would send missiles. This is imagery from how the Persians attacked Babylon. This is spiritual Babylon.
- **16**:13 Beast = kingdoms, not individuals.
- 16:16 Valley of Migiddo is where Josiah died, and is used as a symbol here. - another defeat for Israel. Malichi and Joel describe it as in the first century: before the Great and Awesome Day of YHWH.
- 16:17 The Last Plague. Divided into three parts: Eze 5:1 divide all you hair into three parts: sword kills 1/3, burn 1/3, scatter 1/3.
- thrust white stones weighing a talent. "The son cometh." (Incoming.) The Jews may have been mocking the Christian prophecy.
- 17: All about "that great city".
- 17:18 Which is this city? 1Pe 5:13 Seems to use Babylon to represent Rome. [But maybe not, as he is not commenting on the book of Rev.] 17:9 Seven hills sounds like Rome. [But 17:9 says she sits on Rome, which in turn sits on the 7 hills.]
- 17etc: Juxtaposition of two cities, faithful (New Jerusalem) and unfaithful (old Jerusalem). Is x:y ... has become a harlot, referring to Jeru. Jer 2:20 ...playing the harlot (Jerusalem). 11:8 Great City, where our Lord died –Egypt, Sodom. 16:19 GC. 18:10,16,18,19,21 GC, Babylon. Fell **19**:17-22 **Second Coming**: those who refused to be won are destroyed. rapidly: one hour (ch 18?), but Rome crumbled over centuries. Fre- 19:19 Only evil systems (though personified) are thrown into the Lake of quent ref. to blood guilt: killer of saints, prophets, apostles (James, Peter-but he escaped): 18:24 (prophets) ,19:2 (saints), etc. Mt 23:29ff ...our fathers killed the prophets...A to Z...on this generation. Ac x:24 Ps 2 Kings = rulers of Israel.
- 18:2 "a dwelling place of demons" ~ "Man" repossessed by demons: worse than original state.

- sisters v17 then Babylonians v19 multiplied harlotry.
- 19: Contrast: the faithful wife (not a second wife!).
- 19:4 Rev 14:10-11 Smoke ascending forever and ever not eternal torment but apocalyptic language, as the smoke of Sodom. Jude 7: ...suffering the vengeance of Eternal fire: our God is a consuming fire - they have been judged forever.
- after Nero committed suicide; near miracle that Rome survived, until AD 19:5-7 Rev 21:5 The Lamb's wife 21:10 The Great City, the New Jerusalem 21:2 adorned as a bride (mixed metaphors). Not necessarily the Second Coming Mt 9:14 – Jn 3:26 JtB is the matchmaker Jesus the Bridegroom, the Church is the Bride, Mt 22:1ff Parable of the Wedding Feast: Jews invited, but refused, killing the messengers; burned their cities (via the Roman army); invited Gentiles (now, the Church Age: the Wedding Feast); kicked out those not clothed properly (19:8 at the end of time, the Second Coming, when the Bridegroom will depart with the Bride).
  - 19:8-9 Clothing is righteous acts 1Jn 3:7 he who practices righteousness is righteous - your works show that you are saved, they don't save you: it is granted to the Bride, not due to her works.
- 16:21 Hailstones weighing a talent (60 lbs). Josephus<sup>i</sup>: Roman tenth legend, 19:11-16 2Th 1:8 destruction of the wicked? Language of ancient warfare. The rider is not stated to be ... Alternative view: this is the warfare involved in winning the world (spiritual warfare, preaching the gospel) – sword of the Spirit is the Word of God; it strikes the conscience of man like a sword. He 4:12 Zec 10:3 Talking about the Macabean War: .. He will make them his horse in battle. Here not coming down from heaven, but going horizontally from nation to nation. Each of us has been conquered, we surrendered, and now we are friends of the Conquerer. The nations are here under attack by Jesus and the Church. 2Th 2 1Co 15 Christ is defeating one by one, by winning them (us). Those who resist to the end will be consumed by the brightness of His coming.

  - Fire. Later (ch 20) also death and hades, but they are also not persons. Finally, the evil people, but for what purpose? Purgiing? Eternal punishment? Everlasting punishment? Not stated.
  - 20: The most controversial chapter, only place to mention the 1,000-year reign of Christ, mentioned 6 times. Is it a literal time after the return of Christ (pre-mil), or after His return (post mil), or a non-literal time between the two comings, i.e. co-extensive with the Age of the Church.

- 20: Is this after the Second Coming described in ch 19, or a replay from another view, as has happened before (e.g., ch 11 then 12 goes back). Look at hints in the chap. itself. First, not controversial:
- 20:1-3 Satan bound for 1,000.

20:4-6

20:7-9

Begin analysis at the end and work forward:

- Is the pre-mil view viable? No ref to Jesus on land in this chap. We see the souls, not the bodies, of the saints: not separate except between their death and the resurrection: so this is in heaven, not on land. Two resurrections? Of right. at the Second Coming, and the unright, after the mil. v11 Christ on throne so great that the heavens and land flee away. (So, why didn't that happen at His Second Coming?) But fire from heaven, resurrection, ... are at the Second Coming: (Fire) 2Th 1:6-8 when He is revealed in flaming fire, taking vengeance on the wicked (so they would have been at the beginning of the mil, if pre-mil) 2Pe 3:10 Second Coming: day of Lord as thief in the night, heaven and land burned up, dissolved (as in 20:11), then New H&E, i.e., when Jesus returns, we have a New H&E. (Resurrection) Jn 5:28 ... all will hear his voice, good and evil (all at this one time, hour, some to life, some to condemnation. Ac 24:15 Paul before Agrippa: A resurrection of the dead (not two). Jn 6:39 raise it up at the last day, good at the last day, (vv44,54) no days following Jn x:48 the last day, judging the wicked. Mt 25:31 into (not the mil) but their eternal state. Ro 8:18 Glory in us, revealed, redemption of our bodies (i.e. resurrection) (no mil afterward.) Hence, first analyzing non-apocalyptic, symbolic passages, tells us the mil is NOT after the last day (Second Coming. Resurrection). Hence, the premil view is not viable, based on passages outside Rev.
- hills; to a 1,000 generations all mean a large number, nor a literal 1,000 (as we say "not in a million years"). So the dragon is bound for a long time – from deceiving the nations. Mt 12:29 enter a strong man's house (all commentators agree this is Satan): first bind him || Lu stronger than he takes away his armor - two ways to say to disable him; he was bound: Satan cannot resist Him, he is overwhelmed -- interfering with Satan's program of deception (only Israel had any light) re **But**: is it the church now or in the future?

false gods. Satan cannot stop the church from bring the gospel to the nations...-- he is as good as bound in a pit Col 2:15 Christ disarmed them... He 2:14 he might destroy (Gr catergeo: reduced to inactivity) the devil – not all activity, but he no longer has a monopoly. Hence, a remarkable change due to the First Coming.

- 20:4-6 v4b Greek: either "lived on" or "came to life" (later translations by pre-mil'ists uses the latter). Beast had a mortal head wound but lived on - same word and tense. 3rd case translated "came to life". But John is seeing the souls of saints, so they "lived on", not "came to life" there before John. Hence, it is describing a continuous living and reigning. In contrast to the wicked, who do not live again until the resurrection.
- Two resurrections? :First resurrection implies more than one. But Jn 5:24-28 the hour is coming and now is, when ... will hear and live... passed from death into life (spiritually, of course; bodies later): born again. BUT only one physical resurrection. (Also, two deaths: physical, then the lake of fire.)
- 20:7-10 Little while: perhaps the Church driven underground? My own idea: Gog means "mountain", Magog means "covering, or overtopping. Mountain symbolizes human kingdoms; Covering could mean false religion covering for human kingdoms, giving them legitimacc to help with deception. So this could be an obscure ref to the beast and false prophet again. (Eze 38-39 Magog is a prince that rules over the land of Gog, but that fits too.
- Sheep & Goats: judged at the same time: separate first. (v46) righteous 21: New H&E + New Jerusalem. Is the latter the Church now, or in the future, resurrected and glorified?
- creation will be delivered from the curse at the Fall, i.e., the New H&E, 21: Is 65:18 New H&E old not come to mind. But there, that may be a reference to the New Covenant rather the physical new E&H. 2Co 5:17 a new creation, all things new. So John could be talking about that here. Gal 4: the Church, the mother of us all. He 12:22 you have already come to the heavenly Jerusalem. v23 Church of those written in heaven.
- 20:1-3 2Pe 3:8 1,000 years ~ a day, or watch in the night; cattle on 1,000 21:14 12 foundations, the apostles. Eph 2:20-22 Church built on foundation of ... 21:3 God dwells in His people. Also likened to the Holy of Holies, the Church 1Pe 2:5 living stones 1Tim 3:15 in the House of God, which is the Church. Here in 21 it is a cube, as the HoH was a cube – no source of light except the glory of God, no need of sun or moon (Re r1, r2 – for the Lord gives them light). Imagery, not really cube shaped.
  - hence, Jesus took away Satan's power at His first coming Jesus said Symbol: 12 several times in Rev. 144 cubit 21L17 22:2 fruit, each month. 12 speaks of the Church, God's people.

**Isaiah** (65-66) is talking about the Church. He x:12 tasted of the Word of God, and of the ... to come. Spiritual resurrection gets us into the spiritual blessings NOW. Physical resurrection later into New H&E. 2Pe 3:10-13 ..look forward to a (physical) New H&E (but he had already experienced the spiritual New H&E). Compared to flood: natural judgment, but the current H&E are reserved for future fire (could not be AD 70, as that was not on the whole world, but one city).

- **21**:11 Ro 8:17 ... be glorified together v18 ... glory that will be revealed in us Col 3:4 ... will appear in glory (when He appears).
- 21:4 No more death, sorrow, crying, pain" but Paul weeps while he writes, pain still is, physical death still is. We see His face.
- **21**:5 Reign forever, not just 1,000 years.
- **21**:8 Wicked in lake of fire: so after Second Coming. 1Pe 1:6-7 more precious than gold...at the revelation of JC, i.e., Second Coming: gold so purified that it is transparent (symbolically). 1Jn 3:1 we shall see Him as he is already but not yet fully.
- 21: goes on through 22:5
- 22:6ff Epilogue
- 22:10-1 Not permission, but too late to change.
- **22**:19 This book of Revelation, not the Bible. Likely Gospel of John was written after this book. Pr 30: don't add to His words, i.e., don't alter what He has said. OK for more prophecy. OK to comment on it, interpret it.

### Introduction to 1 John

by Steve Gregg, 14 July 2014

- I. Relation to the Gospel of John
  - A. The epistle may have been a sermon using the Gospel as a text
  - B. Gospel is addressed to unbelievers; the epistle is addressed to believers
  - C. Common vocabulary: Word, Light, Life, Spirit of Truth, witness, commandment

[John learned of Jesus as "the Word" in the vision of Revelation. He probably wrote the gospel after that, and then the epistle/letter.]

- II. Occasion of writing
  - A. False teaching had been introduced (2:26/3:7/4:1)
  - B. Some who embraced the error had left the Christian assembly (2:19/4:1)
  - C. Those who held fast to the truth needed encouragement and assurance (5:13)
- III. The nature of the error addressed
  - A. Denial that Jesus
    - 1) was the Son of God (2:23/4:15)
    - 2) was the Christ [Messiah, Anointed One] (2:22)
    - 3) had come in the flesh (4:2ff)
  - B. Denial of sin (1:8-10)
  - C. Resembles "Gnosticism"
    - 1. Two leading principles:
    - a. The impurity of matter
    - b. The supremacy of "knowledge"
    - 2. Two branches:
      - a. Docetism: Christ only seemed to be tangible
      - b. Cerinthianism: Distinguished between the man Jesus and the "Christ *aeon*"
      - c. Asceticism and antinomianism were alternate ethical responses to Gnostic beliefs

- IV. John's approach to addressing the problem
  - A. Appeals to the authority of his first-hand experience with Jesus (1:1-4)
  - B. Urges loyalty to that which had been taught "from the beginning" (1:1/2:7, 24/3:11)
  - C. Emphasizes the certainty of the believers' "knowledge" probably as a contrast to the Gnostics' "knowledge" (2:3, etc., etc.)
- V. Four Tests of true Christian life
  - A. Beliefs about Christ (2:22-23/ 4:2-3, 15/ 5:1)
  - B. Righteousness (2:3-5, 29/ 3:6-10/ 5:3, 18) [behavior, obedience]
  - C. Love (2:10-11/ 3:10, 14-16, 18-19/ 4:7-8, 12, 16-21/ 5:1) [John 13:34-35]
  - D. The Spirit (2:20, 27/ 3:24/ 4:13/ 5:6, 10)

### Notes on 1 John, Lectures by Steve Gregg, July 15-24, 2014

- 1:5-11 <u>2Co 6:14</u> "What fellowship has light with darkness?"
- 2:18-19 "last days" <u>He 1:1</u>, Acts 2-Joel, Ja 5:3, Paul: 1Co 10:11 "ends of the ages have come". The old order fell in the last days, and the new order began. <u>He 8:13</u> "old is obsolete"
- 2:18 "antichrist" same in <u>2Jo 7</u>. Not the lawless one, who "sits in the temple" which Paul always uses to mean the Church. Rev beast (mix of beasts in Daniel): likely a kingdom (nation/political system) as in Daniel, a combination of those of Daniel. <u>1Jo 4:1</u> <u>Mt 24:5</u> false christs. <u>1Jo 4:3b</u> is now already in the world: the Antichrist the spirit of rejecting Christ is manifested in the many antichrists (people). I.e., Christ's Olivet-Discourse predictions have been fulfilled: false prophets and false christs.
- **Eph 4**:1-13 Christian unity... to a mature man (the church)
- **3**:1-3 Ro x:y predestined to become like Him He 2:10 many sons to glory <u>Eph 4:14</u> to a mature man Eph 2:14-15 both one, broken down the wall, ... one new man (the body of Christ) Philippians 3:xx maturity 2Co 3:18 ... 2Co 7:1(?) (promises in 2Co 6)

- :4-9 "commit" in 2:29 = "practices" 1Co 9:20 to those under the law...Ja 2:8 fulfill the royal law, "Love your neighbor as yourself." (as Jesus loves us) Ja 1:23-25 hearer, not doer. Continue in the law of liberty.
- :10-15, 16-24 loving: giving up my rights, plans, for the good of another. :14-15 Qualifications elsewhere: Ja x:y you must have faith when you ask. Ro 8:33 God justifies. Who can separate from God's love?

### 1Jo 4

1-6 "in the flesh" against Decetous who taught jesus was a phantom. Jo of keeping His commandments. (Test #2) Love your brother. (Test #3) 12:10 list of gifts of the Spirit. "Prophetic utterance" = "spirit" in 1Jo. 1Co 14 "spirit of prophets are subject to the prophets" subject to the judgment of the other prophets. Companion gifts: tongues / interpretation, prophecy/discernment of prophecy. De 18:21-22 How to discern 2Jn false prophecy: #1 if it doesn't come to pass, #2 ?. Je 28:9 same De :1 13:xx If it comes to pass (#1), but (#2) he says let us go after other gods. 2Pe 2:1-14ff Description of their lives, behaviors.

#### :7-11 Love.

:18 NKJ: fear involves torment. Better: fear involves punishment.

### 1Jo 5

- :1-5 1Pe 2:11 fleshly lusts that war against your soul overcome them. Re x:y to him that overcomes ... Re 12:11 Satan is cast down — they overcame him. Jo 16:33 I have overcome the world (tribulation therein) Ja x:y joy in tribulation Overcoming: dyiing faithful to God.
- :6-8 Rough patch. Erasmus in 16<sup>th</sup> century made an eclectic text of the NT. 8,000 mss of NT have now been found. Erasmus had only a few, and took the best readings of all the texts he had. He left out v7, but the church wanted it to be consistent with Jerome's Latin vulgate from the 4<sup>th</sup> century, so they produced a new mss that contained it in Greek, so he added it with a footnote that it was doubtful. (v6) Jo 19:34-35 "blood and water came out" but that doesn't well fit "not by water only but by water and blood" (emphasizing a distinction that Jo 19:34-35 does not). #2: Son of God through water baptism and through the blood of crucifixion. #3: (v8) stages of becoming a Christian: receive the Spirit, get baptized, receive the "blood" in communion. None of these three make good sense, but John and his audience were sane and certainly knew what it meant. We don't.
- :9-12 (v9) Authorities: We trust testimonies of men (e.g., maps, history, etc.); much more we should trust God. (vv11-12) EL is in His Son. If

you believe, you have the Son, hence EL. If you stop believing in Him, you no longer have EL, because it is in Him and you no longer have Him, hence EL. Jo 3:16 whoever believes, not whoever used to believe.

- You must ask in Jesus' name as His authorized agent, asking what He wants in His place. Prayer: asking God to interfere in the affairs of men, what He wants, not what we desire apart from him.
- 1:14 "the word was made flesh and dwelt among us". (+Test #1) Life :16-17 If one sins unto his own death, then it is too late to pray for him. If he is sinning, but not yet dead, then pray for him.
- Do you possess the Spirit. (Test #4) How do I know the latter? 1Co :18-21 (v18) "He [Jesus] who has been born of God keeps him" is a better translation than the NKJ: "he who has been born of God keeps himself" (v20) Seems clearly to say "Jesus Christ is the true God and Eternal life."

## Introduction to 2 John

by Steve Gregg, 14 July 2014

## I. Authorship

Same as the author of 1 John and 3 John, and, probably, of the fourth Gospel

II. Recipient

"The elect lady" — A woman, or a church?

# III. Occasion of writing

Having encountered some "children" of this "lady," John wrote to encourage her and to warn of false teachers.

# IV. Content

Teachers who deny that Jesus has "come in the flesh" were troubling the churches. The "lady" should not entertain them or encourage them in any way.

### Notes on 2 John, Lectures by Steve Gregg, July 25, 2014

- :1-3 elder: old man, presbuteros; appoint elders Titus, etc. Early tradition: the elect/chosen lady was Mary (but John was perhaps in his 90s, so Mary would be even older). Some have thought she might be Martha (the name means "lady"). Or another lady. Or not a lady, but a church (bride of Christ): 1Pe 5:13 "she who is in Babylon (Rome), elect together with you" "your elect sister and her children" (v13).
- :4-5
- :7-9 1Tim 6:3 "the things Jesus taught" as opposed to antinomianism (no law, sin is OK) Titus 2:1 How to teach: "sound teaching", how to conduct yourselves, not theological issues. Thus, "the eaching of Christ" probably means the commandments He taught and commissioned his apostles to teach others.
- :10-11 OK to have them in for a conversation, but don't house them. Don't greet them by blessing them or encouraging them. ITim 5:22 "Do not lay hands hastily on someone…" you may be sharing in their sins.

# Introduction to 3 John

by Steve Gregg, 14 July 2014

## I. Authorship

Same as the author of 1 John and 2 John, and, probably, of the fourth Gospel

## II. Recipient

John's friend "Gaius" (otherwise unknown)

# III. Occasion of writing

John received a good report about Gaius and wrote to congratulate him for his faithful hospitality, to warn him about Diotrophes (an ambitious man trying to control the church) and to commend Demetrius (who might have been a local member of the church, or else the bearer of the epistle).

# IV. Content

Gaius is commended for showing hospitality to John's messengers, whom Diotrophes refuses to receive. Gaius should imitate people like Demetrius, and not imitate people like Diotrophes.

# Notes on 3 John, Lectures by Steve Gregg, July 25, 2014

**:1-** Church governance: Diotrephes had inappropriate power, political power. Jesus taught against "lording it over" the flock. Rather, elders were servants. Imitate the good (e.g. Demetrius), not the bad. The Church is a family, not a corporation or cult. Influence through example, not by command.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>i</sup> See Flavius Josephus, **The Wars of the Jews**, Book V, Ch. X through Book VII, Ch. I. An eyewitness, Josephus estimated 1.1 million people were killed in connection with the AD 70 destruction of Jerusalem.